

Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 4.

SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1867.

NO. 94.

Bankers and Brokers.

REMOVAL.

WE HAVE REMOVED TO THE MORE COMMODIOUS OFFICE,

NO. 12 WALL STREET,
Directly opposite our former Office.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO.,
BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c.

P. D. RODDEY, R. P. SAWYERS.
J. N. PETTY, N. P. BOULETT.

P. D. RODDEY & CO.,

No. 2½ Wall Street, N.Y.,
(PETTY, SAWYERS & CO., MOBILE, ALA.)

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Commission.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of all Southern and Miscellaneous Securities. Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Balances.

BANKING HOUSE OF

WHITE, MORRIS & CO.,
29 WALL STREET,
(Established 1854.)

Members of the New York Stock Exchange, Gold Exchange, and Mining Board.

Dealers in Government Securities. Special attention given to Collections. Four per cent interest allowed on Balances, subject to check at sight.

WHITE, MORRIS & CO.

John Bloodgood & Co.,
22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight, and particular attention given to accounts of country banks and bankers.

A. C. GRAHAM,
BANKER AND BROKER,
3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Southern Bills on London and Paris, Bills on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.

Tyler, Wrenn & Co.,

BANKERS,
NO. 18 WALL STREET,
Buy and Sell at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c. Orders for purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed.

TYLER, ULLMANN & CO., Chicago.

BUDGE, SCHIFF, & CO.,

NO. 55 EXCHANGE PLACE.

BROKERS IN UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD STOCKS, AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Are prepared to Buy United States Gold Coupons due May for Gold and Currency at liberal rates.

Bankers and Brokers.

JOSEPH A. JAMESON,
AMOS COTTING,
Of Jameson, Cottting & Co.

JAMES D. SMITH,
of the late firm of James
Low & Co., New York
St. Louis.

Jameson, Smith & Cottting

BANKERS,

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive **Deposits in Currency and Gold**, and allow Interest at the rate of **Four Per Cent** per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

A. M. FOUTE, W. W. LORING.
Late Pres. Gayoso Bank, Memphis, Tenn.

FOUTE & LORING,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

33 BROAD STREET AND 36 NEW STREET.

Government Securities of all kinds, **Gold, Gold, State, Bank, and Railroad Stocks and Bonds** Bought and Sold. Interest allowed on Deposits subject to check at sight. Collections made in all the States and Canadas.

P. HAYDEN,

BANKER,

AND DEALER IN BULLION AND SPECIE,
24 Nassau Street, New York.

The Specie Department will be in charge of J. S. CROMIE, (late of J. S. Cromie & Co.), who has my authority to sign the Firm name by pro-
curation.

GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,

BANKERS,

NO. 18 NEW STREET,

Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry C. Hardy.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Brokers and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and collected.

Deposits received, subject to check, without notice, and Four per cent. Interest allowed thereon.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

84 BROADWAY.

Negotiate **Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.**

Contract for **Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc.,**

and undertake **all business connected with Railways.**

C. POWELL, GREEN & CO.

Bankers & Commission

MERCHANTS,

88 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

Gelston & Bussing,

BANKERS & BROKERS

23 WALL STREET

All orders receive our Personal Attention.

Wm. J. GELSTON, JOHN S. BUSSING.

Bankers and Brokers.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS
OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

Cohen & Hagen,

BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND
UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

No. 1 Wall Street.

Western Bankers.

CITIZENS' UNION BANK,

(Chartered by the State of Tennessee.)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Buy and Sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange United States Securities, State of Tennessee, Shelby County, and Memphis Bonds, and past due Coupons. Particular attention paid to Collections.

L. A. BENOIST & CO.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,
BANKERS,

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS.

Collections made on all accessible points and remitted for on the day of payment, less current rates of exchange.

The Marine Company

OF CHICAGO.

J. YOUNG SCAMMON President.

ROBERT REID Manager.

General Banking and Collections

promptly attended to.

Established 1848.

HASKELL & CO.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Ex-

change collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at current rates of exchange.

Second National Bank.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Capital \$200,000 Surplus \$150,566

Prompt attention given to the business of cor-

respondents.

E. D. JONES, Cashier.

NORTH-WESTERN STATES

BANK OF

GEO. C. SMITH & BRO.,

48 LASALLE ST., CHICAGO,

(Lake Bank of Montreal.)

Special attention given to collections.

Draw on - Drexel, Wintrop & Co., and Winslow,

Lanier & Co., New York; Drexel & Co., Philadel-

phia, and Bank of Montreal, Canada.

THE CENTRAL Pacific Railroad Co.,

Having Completed, Equipped and put in operation nearly One Hundred Miles of their Road, from Sacramento California, to within 12 miles of the summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, continue to offer for sale, through us, their

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

Issued in conformity with the Acts of Congress and the laws of the State of California, upon the division of their Road located in the State of California, and extending one hundred and fifty-six miles from Sacramento City to the California State line.

The Bonds have Thirty Years to run from July 1, 1865, and are secured by a

First Mortgage,

Constituting an absolute prior lien on the portion of Road above named, with all the Rights, Franchises, Equipments, &c., pertaining thereto.

The amount of these First Mortgage Bonds to be issued per mile is limited by law to the amount of United States Bonds allowed and issued to aid the construction of the Road, and the Mortgage by which they are secured is DECLARED BY ACT OF CONGRESS TO CONSTITUTE A LIEN, PRIOR AND SUPERIOR TO THAT OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Interest at the rate of Six Per Cent, per Annum, payable Semi-annually, on the first days of January and July. Principal and Interest payable in

UNITED STATES GOLD COIN, in the City of New York. The price of the Bonds is fixed for the present at 95 per cent, and accrued interest from January 1st in Currency, the Company reserving the right to advance the price whenever it is in their interest to do so.

The Road forms the Western part of the

MAIN TRUNK OF THE

Great National Pacific Railroad,

Authorized, adopted and aided by the United States Governm't.

It runs through the heart of the richest and most populous section of the State of California, connecting the

EXTENSIVE MINING REGIONS OF NEVADA, UTAH AND IDAHO, with Sacramento and the Pacific Coast, from whence their supplies must be drawn; and the earnings of the portion already running are very heavy, and largely in excess of the interest upon the Company's Bonds.

Having been for some time familiar with the operations of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, we are satisfied that they are conducted with rare ability and prudence, and that the energetic and economical management of the Company's affairs entitles them to the confidence of capitalists and of the public. We have carefully investigated the progress, resources, and prospects of the road, and have the fullest confidence in its success, and in the value and stability of the Company's securities. The attention of Trustees of Estates, Institutions, and individuals desiring a long, safe and remunerative investment, is especially invited to these First Mortgage Bonds.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through the principal Banks and Bankers in all parts of the country.

Remittances may be made in drafts on New York, or in Legal Tender Notes, National Bank Notes or other funds current in this city, and the bonds will be forwarded to any address by express, free of charge. Inquiries for further particulars, by mail or otherwise, will receive punctual attention.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, N.Y.

N.B.—All kinds of Government Securities received at the full market price in exchange for the above Bonds. Also,

All descriptions of Government Securities kept constantly on hand, and bought sold or exchanged.

Gold and U. S. Coupons bought, sold, and collected.

Deposits received on liberal terms, subject to check at sight.

Collections made throughout the country.

Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on commission for cash.

Special attention given to the Exchange of SEVEN THIRTY NOTES of all the series for the new FIVE TWENTY BONDS of 1865, on the most favorable terms.

Bankers and Brokers.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,
AGENTS FOR
BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,
56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Rodman, Fisk & Co.,
BANKERS,
AND

Dealers in Government Securities
NO. 7 WALL STREET.

Gold, Stocks, Bonds, &c., Bought and Sold at market rates on Commission, Registered and Coupon Interest collected without charge. Agents for the sale of First Mortgage 6 per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds Central Pacific RR Co.

M. T. RODMAN,
D. C. FISK,
R. H. FISK,
PLINY FISK, Special Partner.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities, and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. Nat. Mech. Banking Ass. N.Y.
C. B. BLAIR, Pres't. Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

Barstow, Edey & Co.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
HAVE REMOVED FROM NO. 30 TO

NO. 36 BROAD STREET, OFFICE NO. 16.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

Pott, Davidson & Jones,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
(Moses Brown Bros. & Co.'s new building,
59 & 61 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.)

Buy and sell Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities. Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Merchants received on favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits, subject to check at sight. Telegraphic quotations furnished to correspondents.

REFERENCES: James Brown, Esq., of Moses Brown Brothers & Co.; John Q. Jones, Esq., President of the Chemical National Bank; James H. Barker, Esq., Vice-President of the Bank of New York N. Y. A.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 32 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

Miscellaneous.

SECOND EDITION.

The Mercantile Agency.

United States Business Directory.

The first edition of the above work having been exhausted within a few days of its issue, the publishers beg to announce a SECOND EDITION, which is now ready for delivery. This work is the largest Directory ever issued in the United States, and forms a complete classified list of nearly all the traders, dealers, and manufacturers, not only in all the large cities of the Union, but in almost every town, village, and hamlet in the Union. It is an invaluable work for all persons having business relations throughout the country. Copies for sale at the office of the publishers,

R. G. DUN & CO., NO. 203 BROADWAY,
OR JOHN F. TROW. NO. 52 GREENE ST.

GEORGE BUTLER,
BANKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Bankers and Brokers.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,

27 & 29 Pine Street, New York.

DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

VERMILY & CO.,
BANKERS.

NO. 44 Wall Street, New York.

Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING

6 Per Cent Bonds of 1861,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
6 " " 1863,
6 " " 1864,
5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
7 3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series,
6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILY & CO.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS

AND
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

THE PARIS UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION.

NORTON & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

14 RUE AUBER, PARIS.

Highest premium allowed for Exchange on London.

Special attention paid to securing apartments for Americans visiting Paris, and letters of enquiry replied to by return mail.

HASLETT MCKIM. ROBT. MCKIM. JNO. A. MCKIM.

McKIM, BROS. & CO.,

BANKERS,

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

J. VAN SCHAICK,

38 BROAD STREET,

BANKER AND STOCK BROKER

WARREN, KIDDER & CO.,

BANKERS,

NO. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits, subject to check at sight.

JOHN COCKLE & SON,

BROKERS

In Foreign Exchange, Bonds, Notes, &c., &c.

82 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

REFERENCES.—Moses Taylor; John Munroe & Co.; C. Savage, U. S. Appraiser; W. Cockle, Peoria, Ill.; Hon. F. E. Spinner, Treasurer U. S., Washington.

Jones & Westervelt,

BANKERS & BROKERS,
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, bought and sold on Commission.

COMMERCIAL PAPER AND LOANS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY NEGOTIATED.

NO. 16 NEW & 14 BROAD STREETS.

Financial.

GEORGE FARNHAM,
(Late of G. S. Robbins & Son.)
COMMERCIAL PAPER,
ALSO,
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c., BOUGHT AND
SOLD ON COMMISSION.
48 Pine Street, New York.

Hedden, Winchester & Co
NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
bought and sold at market rates, on commission
only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances
made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the pur-
chase or sale of the Adams, American United States,
Wells, Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express
Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BABCOCK,
LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBT. M. HEDDEN.

Riker & Co.,
BROKERS IN MINING STOCKS,
0. 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY.

Satterlee & Co.,
70 BROADWAY & 15 NEW STREET.

STOCKS AND BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
ALL VARIETIES.

Drake Brothers,
STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,

NO. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities,
Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds,
Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum
and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to
Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments
made. **Orders Promptly Executed.**

J. B. CHAFFEE, Pres.
H. J. ROGERS, V. Pres. G. T. CLARK, Cashier.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
of Denver,

AUTHORIZED DEPOSITORY OF THE U. S.
Authorized Capital - - - \$500,000
Paid in Capital - - - \$200,000
Transact a General Banking business corner of
Blake and F. Sts. DENVER COLORADO.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES.
EDWIN Q. BELL,
BANKER AND BROKER,
In Southern Securities and Bank Bills.
80 BROADWAY & 5 NEW STREET,
New York.

W. H. WHITTINGHAM,
No. 8 Broad Street,
MINING,
EXPRESS,
TELEGRAPH,
RAILROAD,
AND ALL OTHER STOCKS,
BONDS AND GOLD
Bought and Sold on Commission.
Quotations and sales lists furnished daily on application.
Orders promptly executed.

OFFICE OF THE
Panama Railroad Co.,
Tontine Buildings, 88 Wall Street.
NEW YORK, March 28, 1867.

40th. Dividend.—The Board of Directors
have this day declared a dividend of SIX Per Cent.
out of the earnings of the road for the Three Months
ending 31st instant, payable to the stockholders or
their legal representatives on and after the 5th April
next. Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of
the 25th inst., and reopened on the morning of 7th
proximo. HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

Bankers and Brokers.

L. P. Morton & Co.,

BANKERS,

20 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and
Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use, &c.

L. P. Morton, Burns & Co.,
(88 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

Available in all the principal towns and cities of
Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and
Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON, CHARLES H. MILNE,
WALTER H. BURNS, H. CRUICKS OAKLEY.

Travellers' Credits.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR THE USE OF TRAV-
ELLERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST.

ISSUED FOR
Messrs. J. S. Morgan & Co., London,

BY

Dabney, Morgan & Co.,
53 Exchange Place.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys
in the United States, is prepared to make advances
on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen
London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile
credits upon them for use in China, the East and
West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits
of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,
52 Exchange Place, New York.

JAY COOKE, H. C. FAHNESTOCK,
WM. G. MOOREHEAD, EDWARD DODGE,
H. D. COOKE, PITT COOKE.

Jay Cooke & Co.,
BANKERS.

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,
New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,
Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treas. Department,
Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and
Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1
Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co.,
New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington
House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio,
will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE,
SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of
all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS,
BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National
Banks.

JAY COOKE & CO.

March 1, 1866.

Lockwood & Co.,
BANKERS.

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.

**DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND
OTHER SECURITIES.**

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Cur-
rency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to
Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

Financial.

NATIONAL

Bank of the Republic,

PHILADELPHIA, March 12, 1867.

In accordance with the provisions of the National
Currency Act and the Articles of Association of this
Bank, it has been determined to increase the Capital
Stock of this Bank to one million dollars (\$1,000,000). Subscriptions from Stockholders for the
shares allotted to them in the proposed increase,
will be payable on the second day of May next, and
will be received at any time prior to that date. A
number of shares will remain to be sold, applications
for which will be received from persons desirous of
becoming Stockholders.

By order of the Board of Directors.
JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier.

**Quarterly Report of the
National Bank of the
Republic.**

PHILADELPHIA, April 1, 1867.

Resources.

Loans and Discounts:	
Commercial Paper	\$384,562 14
Demand Loans	77,20 00

	\$461,762 14
Banking house and Fixtures	77,374 85
Current Expenses and Taxes	23,461 58
Premiums	26,877 53
Revenue stamps	1,011 32
Due from National Banks	242,313 26
Due from other Banks	10,068 99
United States Bonds deposited with Treasury of the United States to secure circulation	500,000 00
United States Bonds on hand	600 00
National Bank Notes	24,876 00
Fractional Currency	3,915 13
Legal Tender Notes	\$171,823 00
Compound Interest Notes	120,00 00

Total	\$291,823 00

	\$1,664,602 80

Liabilities.

Capital Stock, paid in	\$500,000 00
Circulating Notes Outstanding	417,500 00
Individual Deposits	\$18,840 94
Due to National Banks	186,166 70
Due to other Banks and Bank- ers	1,917 78

Total	\$701,925 37
Profits	45,177 43

Capital Stock, paid in

Individual Deposits

Due to National Banks

Due to other Banks and Bank-
ers

Total

Profits

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Individual Deposits

Due to National Banks

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ers

Total

Bankers and Brokers.

Jacquelin & De Coppel,

No. 26 NEW STREET, N.Y.

Railroad Stocks,

Bonds,

Gold, and

Government Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

John H. JACQUELIN.

HENRY DE COPPET.

HEATH & HUGHES,
BANKERS & COMMISSION BROKERS
IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
ANDGOLD, RAILROAD AND MINING STOCKS,
13 Broad Street, New York.Deposits received, subject to Check, and Interest
allowed.A. HAWLEY HEATH. T. W. B. HUGHES.
Member of N.Y. Stock Ex

Fourth National Bank.

Capital. \$5,000,000

NASSAU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STREET

All the Government Loans for sale.

Collections made for Dealers on best terms.

Central National Bank,
318 BROADWAY.

Capital. \$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—
City and Country accounts received on terms most
favorable to our Correspondents.Collections made in all parts of the United States
and Canada.WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President.
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.The Tradesmens
NATIONAL BANK.
291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.CAPITAL. \$1,000,000
URPLUS. 400,000RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

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VOL. 4.

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The Chronicle.

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THE RECENT FLURRY IN WALL STREET.

The overstrained and sensitive condition of the money market has just furnished a remarkable illustration of one of the conspicuous mischiefs incident to a redundant currency. A country whose financial system is unduly expanded is perpetually liable to pass from the hot to the cold stage and back again by turns. Just as with a patient in a fever the whole organism is exquisitely sensitive to the smallest exterior disturbance, so in our feverish monetary system a very small cause may produce very considerable and unexpected results. The news of a misunderstanding between Prussia, France, and the King of Holland, relative to the possession of the German Duchy of Luxembourg, has for some time been known, and substantially no change has taken place in the attitude of the parties which ought to cause alarm for the peace of Europe. Yet, no sooner was it announced by the cable that the King of Holland had declared his inability under the circumstances to make over the fortress

to France—an obvious fact which was long ago patent to every body at all acquainted with the relations of Luxembourg to Germany, of which it is a part—than it was at once supposed by the thoughtless multitude that war would be the immediate result. Gold went up from 133 to 137, and the utmost consternation prevailed. Now, it is not impossible that war may eventually break out between Prussia and France; but it is necessary first to have a *casus belli*, and secondly, to have a mutual readiness and desire to fight on the part of the belligerents. Both these pre-requisites in the case before us seem to fail.

But even if there should in a few months be war in Europe, why, it may be asked, should we be so much alarmed for our financial stability? England would be neutral in any event, and if some of the German holders of Five-twenty-seconds are compelled to sell these securities, London would absorb most of those that Frankfort lets go. Moreover, in case of war, the grain countries of Northern Europe would produce less, and the demand for our breadstuffs and provisions would be enormous. The consequent traffic would increase the earnings of our railroads and give an impulse to our internal commerce, so that in all directions industrial enterprises would thrive and prosper. In the excitement of the hour it was forgotten that usually in matters of trade the losses of the belligerents are the profits of the neutrals, and that we have little to lose, and might gain much if Europe were so mad as to kindle the flames of a general war.

This view of the question seems to be gradually assuming control over the public mind. And as our money market is now easing rapidly, while currency flows back from the country banks, and as idle capital becomes more and more eager in quest of employment, it is probable, and facts confirm the belief—that both at the Produce Exchange, at the Stock Board, and in all departments of general business, a recovery may be soon developed from the depressing languor which has prevailed among us but too long.

THE PROPOSED FOREIGN LOAN.

We have deferred the consideration of the foreign loan clause of Mr. Sherman's bill which was offered at the end of the Thirty-ninth Congress, because of the urgent pressure of other topics. Now, however, that the war cloud is rising in Europe the time seems to have arrived when the public attention may rightly be claimed for this bill. As our readers will have observed, it is not designed to enable our government to raise a new loan in Europe. We do not need to borrow. We are diminishing rather than increasing our public debt. A glance at the copy of the bill which we printed a few weeks ago shows that its proposed objects are two, first to save interest by exchanging for 5 per cents the

6 per cent bonds now in the hands of European investors, and secondly, to prevent the disturbance which has often been caused in our markets for gold and foreign exchange by the return of our bonds from abroad. These are important advantages. Can they be secured? Let us briefly examine the bill in its relation to them both.

First the European holders of five-twenty bonds drawing interest at 6 per cent are to be induced to forego 1 per cent of their claims and to accept a 5 per cent bond in exchange. We are to persuade the holders to agree by making out the bonds in foreign money instead of in American money. Thus the English investor may change his five-twenties for bonds expressed in pounds sterling payable in London, the French investor may have his new bonds in francs, payable in Paris, the German in thalers, payable in Frankfort, and so on. The people of each country may draw their interest in money which is familiar to them instead of in a foreign coin with the value of which they are presumed to be imperfectly acquainted. The attractions of such an arrangement, it is said, will be so generally appreciated, that foreign investors will be willing to forego the difference between 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. annual interest in order to secure it. Lest, however, this inducement should not be enough a second is added. The bill provides that 5 per cent. margin may be allowed on the exchange; that is, the holder of a 1,000 dollar 6 per cent. may receive in exchange a 5 per cent. bond for the equivalent of 1,050 dollars.

The second question is, how we are to prevent these new sterling bonds from being sent over here in case of a monetary panic in Europe. To this it is answered that "there would be no market here for the new bonds. Nobody at our Stock Exchange would know anything about them. No brokers would want to deal in them. No American investors would buy them. They would be shut out of this country, and shut into the foreign country where they were made payable."

These, then, are the two great arguments of the advocates for the scheme. They claim that it would save interest though at the cost of increasing the capital of the debt, and that it would diminish the danger that a panic in Europe would derange seriously our money market here.

It is obviously quite irrelevant in the opponents of the bill to argue for or against the propriety of our borrowing money abroad for Government purposes. The bill has frequently been objected to on such grounds, but as we have shown it does not propose to borrow a single dollar of new capital. Its simple object is to transmute one kind of security into another, to exchange a 6 per cent. bond for a 5 per cent. bond, to convert some 300 millions of old Five-twenties into 315 millions of new consolidated Americo European securities.

Next it must be granted that there is nothing unusual or unprecedented in the fact of sterling bonds payable in London being issued by other countries to their British creditors. Perhaps no foreign bonds payable in Germany have ever been issued, but in London sterling bonds have been issued by several of our States' Governments, by Russia, by Spain, by Chili and by many railroads and other corporations in this country and elsewhere. A glance at the share lists in the English papers suffice to show that such securities expressed in English money and payable in the English metropolis fetch a higher price in the market than similar bonds would sell for if not expressed in sterling money.

Granting all this, however, to the advocates of the foreign loan, we fail to see how their plan is to be effective for the purposes they have in view. First we doubt whether the holders of our Five-twenties abroad would be willing to give them up on the terms proposed. It is difficult to prove that

the new bonds which the bill creates are intrinsically better than our present Ten-forties. And who of us would give up \$1,000 of Five-twenties for \$1,050 Ten-forties? The disadvantage to foreigners of their interest being payable in our gold coin is of inferior and imaginary importance. Thanks to our restless, unmatched mercantile enterprise, there is no country on the globe where American money is unnegotiable or unknown, and in London, Paris, Hamburg, Frankfort there is no foreign money, except sterling, which is better known or more easily negotiated.

Secondly, we think the influence has been much over-estimated which the importation of Five-twenties has exerted, or is likely to exert in times of monetary panic in Europe. We had a fair illustration of this last Spring, when, notwithstanding the severe character of the pressure, the aggregate of our Five-twenties which was returned was probably less than 15 millions of dollars. The fact is that the trouble to us in case of panic has so far arisen, not so much by our securities from abroad as by the heavy balances of foreign funds held here on call. It is estimated that an average of over 100 millions of dollars of foreign capital is held here on account of the rate of interest being so much higher than prevails at home. These balances are liable to be drawn down at any moment, and to the heavy remittances from this source, the large exportation of gold last summer is attributed rather than to the influx of Five-twenties from Europe hither.

Waving this objection, however, and admitting that our Five-twenties might be sent over here at an inconvenient moment, how would the situation be improved if these Five-twenties could be called in, and if new sterling bonds could be substituted for them. Is it absolutely certain that the new bonds, for which there was a ready sale in England, would not meet an equally ready sale at our Stock Exchange? The business done between the two continents is so vast and so active, the mercantile and financial relations thence resulting are so close, that it is impossible the sterling bonds should not find their way here through the ordinary channels for the transportation of foreign remittances. Once here they must be sold. They would speedily acquire a special value as being scarce here, and as enjoying higher favor in London than our other securities. When the conditions of the market were favorable it is easy to see how they might sell at a better relative price than securities which were less available for foreign exportation. Instead, therefore, of helping us to bridge over a time of panic by remaining locked up abroad, it would be well if these securities did not complicate matters, and make them worse.

Such are some of the objections to the projected foreign loan. We might also urge against it the argument that English investors are much more slow than ourselves to accept novel securities in place of such as are well known. Even the new Five-twenties, though intrinsically worth more than the old ones, because they have a longer time to run, find little demand in England, because they are less known. Now, in the face of rooted prejudices, should we induce these people to give up their Five-twenties, which they are well acquainted with, and to accept another bond instead, which is quite new and strange, and which is a 5 per cent. bond to boot. We wish it were possible to arrive at a different conclusion on this matter. But we are compelled to admit that, although our five per cent. bonds will, as we believe, be anxiously sought at no distant day at par, both here and in Europe, still to attempt a foreign negotiation of five per cent. bonds at present, is not a promising scheme. When we have got our Seven thirties funded and have paid off all our short-date indebtedness, when our deranged currency is restored to health and our fiscal system is reformed, we shall

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be in a much better position, either to make a foreign loan or to do without one.

LABOR STRIKES AND THE REMEDY.

It is as anomalous as unexpected that at a time of general depression of trade, and after an almost universal decline in the prices of commodities, there should be an extensive demand for an increase in wages.

In this city and Brooklyn several of the mechanical branches of labor, following out the decisions of their respective associations, recently announced their determination to work after the 1st of the current month only at a material advance. The demand comes chiefly from those employed in building operations, and has probably been stimulated by the active efforts to supply the present extraordinary demand for dwellings. A similar movement has taken place at the larger industrial centres of the country. In the mining districts of Pennsylvania, the men have combined in large numbers, preventing a minority who are willing to accept late rates from continuing work, and making riotous demonstrations, which in Luzerne County have induced the Sheriff to call upon the Governor for military aid. At Pittsburg several thousand iron molders have been on strike for some time, and the employers say they cannot yield to their demand without serious loss. At the coal mines of Morris County, New Jersey, several thousand men are now out of employment through an effort to enforce higher wages, and are forming combinations to carry their point. In New England, labor derangements are spreading daily. In some cases an advance of pay is demanded; in others an effort is made to effect a reduction of two to three hours in the term of work, which of course amounts to an important advance in the price of labor; and in other cases the hands have struck in resistance to efforts on the part of employers to reduce wages.

In Illinois, also, there is difficulty in the labor market, growing out of the adoption of a law making eight hours a legal day's work, in the absence of contracts to the contrary. The employers propose to pay by the hour, at the rate heretofore paid for ten hours' work, while the workmen require the same pay for eight hours they have heretofore received for ten; and both sides are organizing to enforce their respective demands.

There is little doubt that these untimely movements are due, to no small extent, to the political countenance which has been given to the eight hours movement, now being vigorously prosecuted throughout the country. The labor associations have refused to give their support to candidates who would not pledge themselves to the advocacy of their purposes, and politicians have not been found wanting who were ready to pander to the demand. When the question has been raised in the Legislatures, members have shown a fear of voting against it. In Illinois and Michigan an eight hour law has been adopted, in direct opposition to the peculiar necessity of agricultural States, that, at certain seasons especially, work should be carried on for longer hours; and, in our own State, the Assembly has adopted a law to that effect by a large majority. In Congress, a bill was introduced into the House making eight hours the limit of daily labor in the Government workshops, which at first was rejected by a considerable majority, but on the yeas and nays being called, was adopted by a majority equally large. In the Senate, however, political fear had less influence, and the bill was rejected. Sufficient, however, has transpired in the Legislatures and at the elections to satisfy the workingmen that they have considerable power over legislation in the regulation of their affairs; and this discovery has doubtless

done much toward inducing them to take the stand they now assume as to wages and the term of labor.

We have not the ear of the laboring class, but if we had we should attempt to exhibit the recklessness and impolicy of this movement in the present condition of production and trade. The process of national reaction from the inflation of prices has set in with considerable severity. Few capitalists engaged in production are making their usual profits, and a very large proportion are conducting operations at a steady loss. The result of this condition of affairs is that for months past many manufacturers in New England, and in this State also, have been compelled to curtail their production or to suspend work altogether. Merchants find the results of trade so unsatisfactory that they are buying the least possible amount of goods—a course which reacts injuriously upon the producing interest. The country, too, is suffering from the effects of heavy taxation, and the population generally are compelled to curtail their consumption; which further depresses the markets, and renders labor less valuable to employers. At the same time, financial affairs show an unusual sensitiveness, and capitalists evince an extreme caution about entering upon new enterprises, until the price of labor has been reduced to a point more nearly corresponding with the purchasing ability of the people.

Now if, under these circumstances, the general demand at present being made could be successful, it would only hasten and make sure the ruin of the employers yielding to it. They cannot produce now at a profit—the course of prices has been and still is continually downward—so that if employers would consent to make the advance their loss would be greater and their failure inevitable. Such a result is not in the interest of the laborer. The return to a healthy state of trade must be either through mutual sacrifices on the part of capital and labor, or through general bankruptcy. Lower prices necessitate lower wages, and lower wages will again be followed by a further decline in prices.

But if the laborer cannot be brought to see this, capitalists owe it to the whole country, as well as to themselves, to resist these unreasonable demands, even if their resistance results in a total suspension of production. And they should organize for the purpose. They have long known that labor is organized with great unanimity in opposition to their interests; but, until now they have not been aware to what extent of recklessness and injustice their resistance to the course of the markets and of production could be carried. Their union is their strength; and there can be no really effective opposition to their movements without an equally close combination among employers. In some instances the employers have formed associations for the regulation of labor; but, as a rule, they are without organization, and consequently very much at the mercy of their men. Trade jealousies may interpose a difficulty in the way of organization; but the weight of the interests threatened, demands that all such petty considerations be set aside. The power of endurance is on the side of the capitalists, and the moment the workmen see employers presenting a united front the spirit of their resistance will be broken, the power of their union, upon which they so rashly presume, will fade away, and the labor market will be left to the healthy regulation of individual interest.

What is really needed, at present, in almost every branch of production, is a reduction in the price of labor. Employers have for some time felt this and appreciated the necessity; but they have been powerless against the resistance of the unions; they have, therefore, but two alternatives, either to combine for protecting the interests of production, or squander their means in paying for labor more than they can get for products. In resisting this the work-

men must ultimately be the greater sufferers. Success in their present rash efforts must force a large amount of the labor of the country to be kept idle, with the result of poverty among the working classes, a scarcity of products, a protraction of high prices, a curtailment of trade, a limitation of the progress of wealth and diminished ability to compete with the producers of other countries.

BUSINESS UNDER THE BANKRUPTCY BILL.

A movement looking to the modification, if not to the absolute repeal, of the Bankruptcy Bill passed by the Thirty-ninth Congress was begun in the first days of the session of its successor, but as the Fortieth Congress has adjourned without taking action upon the matter, it becomes the commercial community to prepare themselves for the effect upon their financial relations and general policy of this most serious and important law.

By the terms of the act it was provided, that as to the appointment of officers created by the act, it should go into effect immediately upon its approval by the President; but the first day of June, 1867, was fixed as the earliest day at which proceedings under the act should be commenced. This last proviso seems to have generated an impression that the act has as yet no operative force of consequence to the commercial community. But this is a very serious mistake, and one which it behoves all persons engaged in business, and especially all persons engaged in the large and necessarily confidential operations of an extensive traffic of any kind in such a community as this metropolis, must carefully avoid making.

The bankrupt system is directly aimed at the right of an insolvent creditor making any preference, which under the common law and under our State statutes is permitted. There is of course a difficulty in some cases in enforcing this principle. The trader only gradually passes into a state of insolvency. When, therefore, shall a preference be considered as made in view of insolvency, and therefore fraudulent under the act? The bill now passed makes the period four months before the commencement of the bankruptcy proceedings.

The first of June is now two months off. Under the act a petition of bankruptcy may be filed, and proceedings commenced in the case of any firm or individual in New York within two months from this date. These proceedings may be directed to procuring either a voluntary or an involuntary bankruptcy; and in either case, transactions in which the future bankrupt is at this moment engaged will come directly under the operation of the act. For it is provided in Section 35, under the head of "Preferences and Fraudulent Conveyances Declared Void," and in Section 39, under the head of "Involuntary Bankruptcy," that transactions which may have taken place "within four months next before the commencement of the proceedings in bankruptcy" shall be brought under the purview of the commissary, and shall materially affect the settlement of the case. It will be seen, therefore, that ever since the first week in February, 1867, merchants and others doing business have been acting under the sword of a law which may be brought down upon them with fatal effect in the first week of June next. And this not only in the case of persons contemplating or performing what are universally recognized as acts of fraud, but in the case also of persons who desire simply to conform to what are accepted as ordinary rules of financial honor at all the large centres of American trade and commerce; to wit, pay up or secure in view of insolvency, any confidential loan.

To make the matter clear let us take a case. On the 12th

of June next, we will say, proceedings in bankruptcy will be commenced against a firm now doing business in New York. On the 15th of February last this firm, we will suppose, contracted a confidential debt with another firm, there having for a long time existed between the two firms reciprocal relations of service in this way. Ten days afterward, or on the 25th of February, the debtor firm deposits with the creditor firm bank or railway stock in amount sufficient to protect the latter against loss, in the event of disaster to the borrowers. In the second week of June proceedings, as we before suggested, are to be commenced in bankruptcy against these borrowers. In the course of the proceedings it comes to light that the transaction took place to which we have referred, and that when the security was deposited the debtors estate was already in an embarrassed condition. The provisions of the act are specific and precise to bring the transaction under the head of a "fraudulent conveyance." For, says the act in section 35:

If any person, being insolvent, or in contemplation of insolvency, within four months before the filing of the petition by or against him, with a view to give a preference to any creditor or person having a claim against him, or who is under any liability for him, procures any part of his property to be attached, sequestered, or seized on execution, or makes any payment, pledge, assignment, transfer, or conveyance of any part of his property, either directly or indirectly, absolutely or conditionally, the person receiving such payment, pledge, assignment, transfer, or conveyance, or to be benefited thereby, or by such attachment, having reasonable cause to believe such person is insolvent, and that such attachment, payment, pledge, assignment, or conveyance, is made in fraud of the provisions of this act, the same shall be void, and the assignee may recover the property, or the value of it, from the person so receiving it, or so to be benefited.

And a little further on, the act defines fraud by adding that if such sale, assignment, transfer, or conveyance is not made in the usual and ordinary course of business of the debtor, that fact shall be *prima facie* evidence of fraud. While in another section it is also provided that if the creditor accepts such preference, having reasonable cause to believe that the security was pledged in contemplation of insolvency, his claim shall be disallowed by the assignee, etc.

There can be little doubt, we think, that under the operation of these clauses, there will in many cases be great difficulty in escaping such action in the Commissary courts as will result in seriously disturbing transactions now looked upon as completed, and, no doubt at all, that a first apprehension of their effect must generally interfere with the system of reciprocal accommodation existing among merchants, and, to a certain extent, also among bankers in this country, and especially in this city. Upon a future occasion we shall set forth, at greater length, the probable consequences of the enforcement of the new Bankrupt Act upon the business and the prosperity of the country. This is a topic too vast and suggestive to be touched upon and discussed at the end of an article. But we desire, to-day, particularly and clearly to fix the attention of the mercantile community upon the fact that they are at this moment acting under the direct operation of this law in respect to some of the most extensive and important of the relations which they are daily knotting and unknotting one with another.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.

The Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, chartered and organized in 1847, completed their road, which extends from Richmond to Danville, 140½ miles, in the spring of 1856. The State of Virginia owns three-fifths of the company's share-capital, also a State loan of \$400,000, and has guaranteed its debt to the amount of \$200,000. The operating accounts of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1860 and 1860, compare as follows:

THE CHRONICLE

1867.

	1860.	1866.	Increase.	Decrease.
Passenger earnings.....	\$129,589 98	\$304,983 27	\$53,393 34	\$4,094 36
Freight earnings.....	384,473 72	380,378 26	.....	.....
Mails, express, &c.....	23,541 73	76,381 68	52,830 90	.....
United States transportation.....	.....	10,970 69	10,970 69	.....
Total earnings.....	\$560,904 43	\$661,743 21	\$100,838 28	\$.....
Ordinary expenses.....	278,575 96	387,924 31	109,348 25	.....
Earnings less expenses.....	\$282,328 47	\$284,789 69	\$2,461 22	\$.....
Extraordinary expenses.....	108,164 68	818,905 67	710,828 99	.....

The earnings for 1865-66 include those of the Piedmont Railroad, extending from Danville, Va., to Greensboro, N. Car. 48½ miles, which this company leased and have operated since February 20, 1866, at the fixed rent of \$75,000 a year. Included in the ordinary expenses are \$30,000 paid on this account, and also \$16,739 11 paid on account of internal revenue tax. The whole line operated by the company in 1859-60 and in 1865-66, is thus stated in the reports for those years:

	1859-60.	1865-66.
Main line: Richmond to Danville.....	miles 140.50	140.50
Branch line: Manchester to Rocketts.....	1.55	1.55
Length of sidings and turnouts.....	11.92	11.25
Total owned by R. & D. R. R. Company.....	miles 153.97	153.97
Add Piedmont Railroad: Danville to Greensboro.....	58.50	58.50
Sidings and turnouts on same.....	1.98	.....
Total operated by R. & D. R. R. Company.....	miles 203.75	203.75

The whole track from Richmond to Greensboro is now laid with heavy rail, and with the exception of about 20 miles north of the Appomattox River, which it is proposed to relay, is in fair running order. During the year 1,100 tons of new iron were laid down in place of worn-out rail, and 114,958 cross-ties. The rolling stock October 1, 1860 and 1866, is represented in the following statement:

	Loco- motives.	Pass. 8-wheel cars.	Bagg'. Box.	Platf'. m. coal.	6-wh cars 4-wh.	Total Cars.
1860.....	28	20	10	189	53	430
1866.....	25	16	5	145	49	228

The present stock of engines is considered ample for the prospective business of the road for several years to come. The additions in the last fiscal year consisted of 7 locomotives, 5 passenger and 41 freight cars.

The miles of road operated in 1859-60 was 142, and the average in 1865-66 (including seven months operations on the Piedmont Railroad) 171 miles. The train mileage in these fiscal years compares as follows:

	Passenger.	Freight.	Coal.	Service.	Total.
1859-60.....	94,724	119,261	10,065	28,759	257,889
1865-66.....	114,066	78,399	6,194	41,292	239,951

— the total in 1859-60 being 1,816 miles, and in 1865-66, 1,403 miles to the mile of road operated, which shows a reduction in the latter year of 413 miles for each mile of road-length in operation.

The passenger traffic on the road is represented in the following statement:

	Westward	Eastward	Total			
Fiscal years.	Passengers carried.	Miles traveled.	Passengers carried.	Miles traveled.	Passengers carried.	Miles traveled.
1859-60.....	41,185	2,099,415	40,175	1,944,263	81,330	4,043,677
1865-66.....	31,139	1,815,127	31,547	1,883,490	63,686	3,653,617

The return of 1865-66 does not include Government passengers, 5,253 of whom traveled 515,672 miles. Including these the total number of passengers was 67,939, carried 4,169,289 miles.

The tonnage statement for the two years is shown in the following table:

	Westward	Eastward	Total			
Fiscal years.	Tons carried.	Miles carried.	Tons carried.	Miles carried.	Tons carried.	Miles carried.
1859-60.....	43,483	4,828,811	26,619	2,301,931	70,102	7,120,742
1865-66.....	34,205	2,342,731	43,916	1,936,297	68,131	4,169,028

The financial condition of the company, as stated in the general balance sheets of Oct. 1, 1860 and 1866, compares for the two periods as follows:

	1860.	1866.	Increase..	\$.....
Capital stock.....	\$1,981,297	\$1,981,297	.....	517,500
Funded debt.....	1,300,000	1,717,500	.....	.....
Interest due on bonds.....	.....	79,47	“	79,547
“ on State loan.....	.....	84,010	“	84,000
Loans, &c.....	.....	37,984	“	37,984
Mills payable.....	73,608	69,308	“	625,700
Sundries.....	88,490	54,084	“	15,654
Transportation balance.....	560,749	2,149,437	“	1,588,689
Total.....	\$8,844,083	\$8,808,157	Increase..	\$2,939,074

Against which are charged the following accounts, viz.:

Cost of road and property.....	\$8,726,087	\$4,917,500	Inc.	\$1,191,463
State loan sinking fund.....	38,900	74,909	Inc.	36,000
Stock in Piedmont R.R. Co.....	.....	1,488,500	Inc.	1,488,500
Balance due “ “	.....	302,575	Inc.	302,575
Sundry accounts.....	21,460	67,666	Inc.	46,306
Cash in banks.....	57,677	53,007	Dec.	5,000
Total.....	\$8,844,083	\$8,808,157	Inc.	\$2,939,074

From this account it would appear that the R. & D. Company not only lease, but are the actual owners of the Piedmont Railroad.

The funded debt of the Company Oct. 1, 1860 and 1866, stood at the following amounts:

	1860.	1866.
Virginia loan, 7's, redeemable 1887-88.....	\$600,000	\$600,000
Bonds guaranteed by Va., due 1875-76.....	300,000	200,000
Bonds (extended).....	400,000	30,500
“ (4th mort.) registered due 1873.....	504,000	Dec. 369,500
“ “ coupon due 1875.....	322,000	Inc. 322,000
“ For funding interest, due '69 to '76.....	61,000	Inc. 61,000
Total.....	\$1,200,000	\$1,717,500
	Inc.	\$516,500

The Virginia State Bonds are redeemable in 34 years from April 8, 1853, to September 30, 1884, by the payment of an annuity of 7 per cent. This covers 6 per cent. interest and 1 per cent. principal; the latter, by continuous re-investment at 6 per cent. yielding the principal sum in the 34 years above stipulated for. From the ledger it appears that the company are indebted to the State on this account two years' instalments amounting to \$84,000.

The over-due interest on the guaranteed and mortgage bonds is being taken up by an issue of funding bonds, payable at short dates from 1869 to 1876. Interest on all bonds but the State loan has been paid as it became due since January 1866. The bills payable, which form a very large item in the general account, it is proposed to liquidate by an issue of ten years' bonds.

The ultimate amount of the funded debt will probably be raised to \$2,500,000. If the net earnings be maintained as shown by the result of last year's earnings at \$284,000, and they are more likely to increase than decrease, a debt to this amount can be safely managed. The interest at 7 per cent. will be \$175,000, leaving \$109,000 for sinking fund and what extraordinary expenditures on the road exigencies may demand.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

London Money Market.—The threatening aspect of affairs on the Continent this week has caused a sudden decline in Europe of all securities. At last dates, however, the panic feeling had somewhat subsided, and an improvement set in. The course of Consols and American securities, as indicated by the daily closing price, has been as follows:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Consols for money.....	91	91	90	90½	90½	90½
U. S. 6's (1862).....	75½	75½	74½	74½	73½	73½
Illinoian Central shares.....	78½	78½	76½	77	76½	76½
Erie Railway shares.....	37½	38	36½	37	36	36½

The following are the daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's at Paris and Frankfort:

Paris.....	84½	84½	76½	75½	75½
Frankfort.....	78	78½	76½	75½	75½

Liverpool Cotton Market.—Stock April 5 (American 370,000) 668,000 bales. The market has been dull and heavy throughout the week, with an average decline of 1d. per pound. The closing prices of each day was as follows:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Tone of market....	Inactive.	Heavy.	Heavy.	Quiet.	Heavy.	Heavy.
Bales sold.....	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	10,000	8,000
Closing quotations.....	12½d.	12½d.	12½d.	12½d.	12½d.	12½d.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Breadstuffs have been firm and prices advanced. At the close Corn was somewhat easier, and 8d below the highest. Wheat is very buoyant.

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Wheat (Mil. red No. 1) p. cts.....	13 6	13 6	13 6	13 9	13 9	13 9
“ (Califor. white) “.....	13 6	13 6	13 6	13 9	13 9	13 9
Corn (West. mxd) p. 480 lbs.....	41 3	41 0	41 6	42 3	43 9	42 9
Barley (American) per 60 lbs.....	4 7	4 7	4 6	4 8	4 8	4 9
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs.....	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 5	3 5	3 8
Flour (West. Canad.) per bbl.....	28 9	28 9	28 9	28 9	28 9	28 9
Pearls (Canadian) per qtr.....	43 0	43 0	45 0	44 0	45 0	45 0

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Beef and pork are lower; bacon is

2s. 6d. per cwt. higher; other commodities are without change. Lard advanced 6d. on the 11th, but towards the close receded to 49s.

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Th. 11.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	127	6	127	6	125	0
Fork (East. prime mess) per	200 lbs.	77	6	77	5	77
Bacon (Cum. cut) p. 112 lbs	38	6	42	0	42	0
Lard (American) " "	49	0	49	0	49	0
Cheese (mid. Am.) " "	60	0	60	0	60	0

Liverpool and London Produce Markets.—Generally quiet. Ashes 6d. better; rosin (com.) 3d. lower; do (fine) 1s. higher; turpentine steady at 37s.; petroleum unchanged, but spirits 1d. higher; clover-seed 2s. 6d. higher; oils and cake without change.

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Th. 11.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Ashes—pots per 112 lbs	33	0	33	6	33	6
Rosin (com Wilm.) " "	8	6	8	6	8	6
" (fine) " "	16	0	16	0	17	0
Sp turpentine " "	37	0	37	0	37	0
Petro. (std. white) " per 8 lbs	5	5	5	5	5	5
" (spirit) " per gall.	0	11	0	11	0	1
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs	44	4	44	4	44	4
Clover seed (Am. red) " "	54	0	54	0	54	0
Iron (Sc. pig mrd. sum) p. ton.	53	0	51	6	51	6
Limeade (Calcium) " "	66	0	66	0	66	0
" cake (obl'g) " per ton	£10 0	£10 0	£10 0	£10 0	£10 0	£10 0
" oil " "	£39 0	£39 0	£39 0	£39 0	£39 0	£39 0
Sperm oil " "	£131 0	£131 0	£131 0	£131 0	£131 0	£131 0
Whale oil (Iceland) per 253 lbs	£41 0	£41 0	£41 0	£41 0	£41 0	£41 0

The sugar market is firm.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show an increase in dry goods, but are about the same in general merchandise, the total being \$4,759,407 against \$4,242,200 last week, and \$6,827,883 the previous week. The exports are \$4,392,123 this week, against \$4,650,390 last week, and \$4,836,282 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 20,640 bales, against 18,863 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) April 5, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) April 6:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.	
1864.	1865.
Dry goods.....	\$1,360,803
General merchandise....	2,385,737
Total for the week....	\$3,746,545
Previously reported....	63,569,283
Since Jan. 1.....	\$67,315,781

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending April 9:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.	
1864.	1865.
For the week.....	\$2,766,748
Previously reported....	38,968,293
Since Jan. 1.....	\$42,734,973

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, is shown in the following table:

To	This week.	Since week.	To	This week.	Since week.
Great Britain.....	\$2,164,903	\$23,531,059	Cuba.....	\$114,892	\$20,005,444
France.....	433,399	8,469,473	Hayti.....	11,064	296,295
Holland & Belg.	53,113	1,186,551	Other W. I.....	140,162	1,967,232
Germany.....	808,842	5,722,313	Mexico.....	19,488	492,025
Other N. Europe.....	173,764	—	New Granada.....	83,214	939,654
Spain.....	49,567	170,581	Venezuela.....	—	206,241
Other S. Europe.....	81,589	728,713	Br. Guiana.....	80,395	255,883
East Indies.....	—	—	Brazil.....	34,166	565,936
China & Japan.....	195,188	756,600	Other S. A. ports.....	—	999,080
Australia.....	27,525	736,679	All other ports.....	44,447	316,333
Br. N. A. Colonies.....	123,454	628,597			

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending April 6, 1867:

April 4—St. Eagle, Havana—	Silver bars.....	97,081	
Patriot doublebo.	\$89,058	" 5—St. City of Paris, Liverpool—	9,556,983
American gold....	57,903	British gold.....	5,974,098
American silver....	3,744	Gold bars.....	5,051,496
Spanish doublebo.	7,871	Gold bars, Havre—	23,461
" 5—St. Saxonia, Hamb'g—	54	Gold bars.....	196,000
Foreign silver....	500	Foreign silver.....	25,000

Total for the week.....	\$500,618
Previously reported.....	6,612,641

Total since Jan. 1, 1867..... \$7,014,259

Same time in	Same time in	
1866.....	\$5,575,146	1858..... \$9,556,983
1865.....	5,094,202	1857..... 5,974,098
1864.....	10,649,696	1856..... 5,051,496
1863.....	15,089,729	1855..... 4,826,381
1862.....	9,569,322	1854..... 2,805,478
1861.....	2,109,320	1853..... 7,177,178
1860.....	4,522,782	1852.....
1859.....	9,379,127	1851.....

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

April 1—St. Eagle, Havana—	Gold.....	\$700	Mansanillo—
" 2—St. Henry Chauncey, Aspinwall—	Gold.....	6,360	Gold.....
" 2—St. Henry Chauncey, Gold.....	6,360	Gold.....	84,000
Total for the week.....			25,223
Previously reported.....			408,139
Total since January 1, 1867.....			\$477,340

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE FOR MARCH.—The following is a statement of business at the United States Assay Office at New York for the month ending March 30, 1867:

DEPOSITS OF GOLD.	Value.
Foreign coin.....	\$16,000 00
Foreign bullion.....	9,000 00
United States bullion.....	486,000 00— \$510,000 00

DEPOSITS OF SILVER, INCLUDING PURCHASES.	Value.
Foreign coin.....	\$19,000 00
Foreign bullion.....	5,000 00
United States bullion (contained in gold).....	6,000 00
Washoe.....	13,000 00
Lake Superior.....	1,500 00
Nevada.....	1,000 00— \$58,000 00
Total deposits, payable in bars.....	\$343,000 00
Total deposits, payable in coins.....	220,500 00
Gold bars stamped.....	428,141 91
Transmitted to United States mint, Philadelphia, for coinage.....	192,976 07

UNITED STATES MINT STATEMENT FOR MARCH.—The following is a statement of deposits and coinage at the Mint of the United States during the month of March, 1867:

DEPOSITS.	Value.
Gold deposits, all sources.....	\$305,770 14
Silver deposits inc. purch.	\$18,144 15
Total deposits.....	\$323,914 29

COINAGE EXECUTED—GOLD.	Value.
Denomination. No. of pcs.	Value.
Doubloons. 15,105	\$302,100 00
Eagles..... 25	250 00
Eagles..... 25	25 00
Half eagles..... 25	125,000 00
Three dollars..... 25	75 00
Total.....	15,345

SILVER.	Value.
Dollars..... 10,500	\$10,500 00
Half Dollars..... 22,200	11,100 00
Quarter Dollars..... 200	50 00
Dimes..... 200	20 00
Total.....	37,515

COPPER.	Value.
One Cent pieces. \$12,500	\$3,125 00
Two Cent pieces. 269,250	5,385 00
Three Cent pieces. 2,678,000	342,000 00
Five Cent pieces. 2,678,000	138,500 00
Total.....	4,101,750

RECAPITULATION.	Value.
Gold Coinage..... 15,245	\$310,519 76
Silver do..... 37,515	22,607 97
Total No. of pieces.....	4,154,510

PENNSYLVANIA BONDS.—The sale of the \$23,000,000 redemption bonds of this State was concluded on the 1st inst. The following table exhibits in which shape they are wanted, and how they will be issued:

Five p. c. loan, redeemable in 5 years, and payable in 10 years.....	\$92,500 00
Five p. c. loan, redeemable in 10 years, and payable in 25 years.....	9,479 85
Five p. c. loan, redeemable in 15 years, and payable in 25 years.....	720,938 17
Six p. c. loan, redeemable in 5 years, and payable in 10 years.....	4,907,150 00
Six p. c. loan, redeemable in 10 years, and payable in 15 years.....	7,908,539 12
Six p. c. loan, redeemable in 15 years, and payable in 25 years.....	9,370,016 83

\$23,000,000

It will be seen that seventeen out of the twenty-three millions are taken in bonds which do not mature for over ten years. The fact that so many of the subscribers are trustees and guardians shows the confidence which is reposed in the credit of the State. About one million is taken at five, the rest at six per cent.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

We give in our BULLETIN from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning such as have been published through the week in the BULLETIN will be collected and published in the CHRONICLE. Below will be found those published the last week in the BULLETIN

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. C. T.	PAYABLE WHEN.	BOOKS CLOSED.
Railroads.			
Central of New Jersey....	2 1/2	April 2.	103 Liberty st.
Cin. Ham. & Dayton stock....	5	April 20.	Companies Office
Fractional parts cash....	4	April 20.	Companies Office

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday:

Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri'y.	Week.

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Cleveland, Col & Cinc.	100	10,100	7,700	9,800	5,800	6,800	42,500
Cleveland & Pittsburg	4,400	10,100	7,700	9,800	5,800	6,800	42,500
Cleveland and Toledo	100	800	500	1,600	1,060	1,250	5,800
Erie Railway	6,854	19,450	6,200	31,800	15,350	23,850	103,900
do preferred	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	100	.....
Hannibal & St. Joseph	.....	.....	.....	200	.....	200	.....
do preferred	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	100	.....
Hudson River	100	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	3,376
Illinois Central	100	2,800	1,300	1,900	3,100	800	10,560
Michigan Central	30	130	36	150	.....	.....	386
Michigan Southern	8,400	10,600	4,300	14,800	8,600	8,000	54,800
M.W. & P. du Chien	.....	6	.....	50	50	50	56
M.W. do 1st pref.	.....	.....	10	1,100	.....	1,110	.....
Milwaukee & St. P.	.....	.....	1,600	.....	.....	1,600	.....
do do pref.	50	400	300	.....	500	1,250	.....
New York Central	6,475	18,020	5,500	17,810	10,275	5,520	63,100
New York & N. Haven	100	50	6	92	24	245	.....
Ohio & Mississippi (\$100)	150	2,800	1,500	3,400	2,100	1,000	10,450
Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chic.	1,437	3,034	3,003	6,110	3,925	6,665	24,864
Reading	2,900	8,800	5,000	19,100	12,650	4,500	52,750
St. L. Alton & T. H. pret	2,900	100	200	200	500	800	.....
do do do pret	.....	100	.....	4	100	104	.....
Tol. Wabash & West'n	400	800	200	100	600	100	2,100
do do do pref	50	60	.....	.....	110	110	.....
Miscellaneous shares, viz.:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Coal-Central	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	.....
do Cumberland	1,500	200	500	500	200	2,900	.....
do Delaw're & Hud Can	.....	46	8	24	78	.....	.....
Mining-Consul. Gregory	280	100	100	100	200	500	.....
do Mariposa	.....	100	150	100	200	550	.....
do Quicksilver	400	600	1,500	2,300	4,100	200	9,100
Improv't-Bost. W. Pow	100	100	1,000	1,200	100	200	2,700
do Canton	200	300	1,400	1,500	200	300	2,900
Telegraph-West'n Union	300	2,835	3,744	4,000	4,001	1,850	16,730
Express-Adams	.....	100	500	25	50	200	950
do American	.....	.....	4	.....	2	50	.....
do United States	.....	5	25	.....	20	50	.....
do Wells, Far & Co	.....	.....	30	100	.....	130	.....
Steamship-Atlantic Mail	100	200	300	2,600	170	870	4,340
do Pacific Mail	2,778	3,140	4,023	3,475	4,350	7,885	25,831

The amount of Government, State and City other bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily and for the week, are given in the following statement:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. 6's, 1881	\$8,000	\$130,000	\$23,000	\$8,000	\$18,000	\$241,000	.....
U. S. 6's (5-20's)	77,000	422,000	73,500	53,000	14,000	373,500	1,015,000
U. S. 6's (old)	2,0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,000
U. S. 5's (10-40s)	3,000	23,000	4,000	14,000	10,000	60,000	114,000
U. S. 5's (old)	7,000	.....	10,000	5,000	1,000	2,000	25,000
U. S. 7-30 notes	40,000	7,500	62,000	27,500	19,000	10,000	176,000

State Bonds, viz.:

Connecticut 6's	.....	1,000	.....	1,000	.....	2,000	.....
Georgia 7's	.....	.....	4,000	.....	.....	4,000	.....
Missouri 6's	25,000	70,000	109,000	48,000	42,000	33,000	322,000
New York 5's	.....	.....	10,000	.....	.....	10,000	.....
do 7's	5,000	.....	.....	10,000	.....	3,000	8,000
N. Carolina 6's	.....	.....	7,000	10,000	20,000	7,000	44,000
Ohio 6's	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	.....
Tennessee 6's	7,000	5,000	17,000	82,000	78,000	33,000	222,000
Virginia 6's	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000	.....

City Bonds, viz.:

Brooklyn 6's	.....	.....	2,000	.....	.....	2,000	.....
Company Bonds, viz.:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Railroad	21,000	6,200	25,000	16,000	45,000	8,000	121,200

FRIDAY, April 18, 1867, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The week opened with a decline of \$4,618,981 on the deposits of the bank, and \$3,438,036 in the legal tender reserves, the result of an increase on the balance at the Sub-Treasury during preceding days. The Assistant Treasurer, however, made liberal disbursements on Monday, which gave an easier turn to the money market. During the week the banks have received liberal deposits from the country banks, and considerable remittances have come to hand from the Western cities, so that their loanable resources have been materially strengthened. The demand from the stock brokers has been much more active; but their applications have been met without difficulty, at 7 per cent. on stocks, and generally at 6 per cent. on Governments. The week closes with a decidedly easier market, and with indications favoring an early return to lower rates of interest. The banks have become accustomed to severe spasms in the market, and do not appear to regard the late fluctuations in stocks as calling for any special action respecting loans. During the week they have called up margins pretty closely; but show no unwillingness to lend on stocks at current prices.

There has been a partial recovery of confidence in the discount market, and, at the close, rates favor sellers of paper. There is more demand for prime notes, which, however, continue scarce, and are taken principally at 7 per cent. for two to four months' dates, with exceptions at 7½ per cent. There is an abundance of second rate paper on the market, which still passes at high figures.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

Percent.	Percent.	Percent.
Call loans	6 @ 7	Good endorsed bills, 3
Loans on bonds & mort.	6 @ 7	4 months.....
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months.....	7 @ 8	7½ @ 8
do single names.....	8 @ 9	.....
Lower grades.....	9 @ 15	.....

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—The market for Governments has been more active, and, to-day, has shown some excitement. The decline in Five-twentieths at London and on the Continent, produced by the complications of relations between France and Prussia, has induced a somewhat active speculative movement in bonds of sixty-two, sixty-four and sixty-five.

At the beginning of the week some of the foreign houses sold "short" quite freely, in anticipation of a severe decline in prices; but the steadiness of Five-twentieths at London yesterday and to-day, produced this morning an active demand for bonds for covering those operations, under which the price of Sixty twos touched 109½, but subsequently reacted to 109½, at which they close. The lowest point touched during the depression for that issue has been 109@4. The transactions in bonds between this city and London have been light, the extreme uncertainty of the political situation in Europe rendering speculative operations unusually hazardous. The foreign bankers appear to be light holders of bonds, and are not disposed to increase their stock. The continued purchase of liberal amounts of August Seven-twenties by the Government causes a steady demand for bonds for investment from the sellers of the notes, the preference being given to the new issue of 1865, which are quite firm, closing at 107½@2½.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	Mar. 1.	Mar. 8.	Mar. 15.	Mar. 22.	Mar. 29.	Apr. 5.	Apr. 12.
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.	109½	109½	109½	109½	109½	109½	109
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.	109½	109½	109½	109½	109½	109½	109½
U. S. 5-20's, 1864	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.	106½	106½	107½	107½	107½	107½	107½
U. S. 10-40's,	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½
U. S. 7-30's 1st series.	105½	105½	106½	106½	106½	106½	106½
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The course of the stock market has been very excited and irregular. The week opened with a general weakness in prices, which was increased by large sales for speculative effect, and within the past three days the market fell off from 3 to 8 per cent. on the respective stocks. The decline caused the banks to call up their margins upon stock loans, which again induced forced sales, and aided the downward tendency. Later, those who had sold down the market became large buyers at the decline, and have since been operating vigorously for an advance in prices. Erie at one time touched 53, but to-day advanced to 58. On Michigan Southern and Cleveland and Pittsburgh the fluctuations have been especially wide. The whole market closes much firmer, quotations being in some cases above those of last Friday.

The total transactions for the week, at both boards, foot up 610,581 shares, against 347,385 for last week. Included in the sales are 103,300 shares Erie, Rock Island 51,803, Mich. Southern 54,600, New York Central 63,000, Reading 52,760, and Northwestern preferred 69,600.

The following are the closing quotations at the regular board to-day, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Mar. 1.	Mar. 8.	Mar. 15.	Mar. 22.	Mar. 29.	April 5.	April 12.
Cumberland Coal	30½	30½	35½	33½	31½	49	49
Quicksilver	66½	66½	66½	66½	66½	66½	66½
Canton Co.	12½	12½	45½	47½	46½	46½	43½
Mariposa pref.	92½	20½	23½	23½	21½	21½	21½
Y. C. & T. Central	56½	12½	108½	108½	108½	99½	99½
Hudson River	137	137	54½	55½	55½	57½	57½
Reading	102½	102½	102½	101½	101½	101½	101½
Mich. Southern	72½	72½	74½	75½	75½	75½	75½
Michigan Central	81	80½	82½	78½	79½	76½	69½
Clev. and Pitts.	118½	118½	119	118½	121½	120	119
Northwestern	35½	35½	35½	35½	34½	33½	33½
do preferred	65	62½	63½	65½	64½	63½	60½
Rock Island	95½	94½	96	97½	97½	97½	97½
Fort Wayne	94½	94½	96½	96½	96½	96½	91½
Illinois Central	115½	114½	115½	116	114½	114½	114½

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares	60	206	80	130	128	250	861
Railroad	49,225	105,724	57,459	47,036	90,164	86,414	537,600
Coal	1,550	2,000	2,300	2,300	548	508	2,032
Mining	700	1,200	2,400	2,400	1,500	1,500	14,750
Improv't	800	1,400	2,800	2,700	1,500	1,500	6,600
Telegraph	300	2,835	3,744	4,000	4,501	1,850	16,730
Steamship	2,873	3,340	4,333	6,075	4,920	8,783	25,871
Express	.....	100	505	54	150	303	1,141
At Regular Board	19,713	45,903	33,990	62,467	47,494	53,725	268,282
At Open Board	35,300	69,100	36,800	101,854	53,354	46,050	847,588

Total current week. 53,023 115,008 70,791 104,321 105,678 99,775 610,581

Total previous w'k. 34,314 34,541 42,195 73,478 149,979 108,488 343,975

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:

Rail.	
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The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$86,000	\$525,000	\$309,500	\$95,000	\$35,000	\$45,500	\$1,397,000
U. S. Notes	40,000	7,500	62,000	27,500	19,000	10,000	166,000
State & City b'ds	88,500	76,000	173,000	147,000	141,000	76,000	651,500
Company B'dns.	21,000	6,200	25,000	16,000	45,000	8,000	121,200
Total Cur. w'k.	\$188,500	614,700	469,500	285,500	260,000	547,500	2,326,700
Previous week.	265,800	294,400	249,500	163,000	169,500	416,000	1,559,350

The totals, weekly, since the commencement of the year are shown in the following tabulation:

Week ending	Governments	State & City Bonds	Company Bonds	Total
Friday.	Bonds. Notes	City Bonds.	Company Bonds. amount	
Mar. 1	\$1,707,950	\$336,000	\$152,300	\$197,000
Mar. 8	1,068,650	285,500	1,355,500	194,500
Mar. 15	1,289,500	313,250	1,068,500	259,250
Mar. 22	1,231,300	961,850	738,000	12,000
Mar. 29	1,750,100	135,480	667,000	183,500
April 5	823,000	269,750	297,000	188,500
April 12	1,397,000	166,000	651,500	121,200
				2,326,700

THE GOLD MARKET.—The course of gold has been very irregular. The unexpected developments in European politics, together with the decline of Five-twentieths in Europe and failures among Liverpool cotton firms, have caused an advance during the week of about 5 points upon our last quotations. There has been an unusual speculative activity, the clearances at the Gold Exchange Bank having on some days reached the large total of \$140,000,000; while the average for the week has been nearly \$100,000,000 per day. To-day the prevailing tendency has been to operate for higher prices, various rumors having been circulated for the purpose of exciting apprehension at the position of affairs in Europe; but, at the close, the feeling is calmer, and the premium shows a fall of $\frac{1}{2}$ from the highest figure of the morning, the price being 136 $\frac{1}{2}$ \$. The market does not appear to be in an over-sold condition, as for some time past loans of coin being generally made "flat." There is considerable diversity of opinion as to the probable issue of the delicate relations between Prussia and France; the probabilities, however, are generally considered sufficiently threatening to warrant all the advance in the premium that has occurred; and until matters wear a more pacific aspect it would seem that no material decline in the price may be anticipated. The Sub-Treasury continues its daily sales of gold to about the usual extent, showing no disposition to interfere with the fluctuations growing out of foreign affairs.

The following have been the fluctuations of gold on each of the last six days:

Opening.	Lowest.	Highest.	Closing.	Market.
Saturday, April 6.	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	132 $\frac{1}{2}$
Monday, " 8.	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	136	135 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tuesday, " 9.	136	134 $\frac{1}{2}$	136	134 $\frac{1}{2}$
Wednesday, " 10.	131 $\frac{1}{2}$	134 $\frac{1}{2}$	138	137 $\frac{1}{2}$
Thursday, " 11.	137 $\frac{1}{2}$	136 $\frac{1}{2}$	137 $\frac{1}{2}$	136 $\frac{1}{2}$
Friday, " 12.	136 $\frac{1}{2}$	136 $\frac{1}{2}$	137 $\frac{1}{2}$	136 $\frac{1}{2}$
Current week.	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	138	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Previous week.	134	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	134 $\frac{1}{2}$	133
Jan. 1 to date.	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	136 $\frac{1}{2}$

The movement of specie and bullion at this port for the week ending April 6, was as follows:

Specie in banks Saturday, March 30.	\$891,992	\$8,552,609
Treasure received from California.		
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports.	60,301	
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury.	56,300	1,005,393

Total reported supply.

Export of coin and bullion to foreign ports.

Paid into U. S. Treasury on account of customs.

Deficit made up from unreported sources.

Apparent excess of supply for week.

Specie in banks Saturday, April 6.

The transactions for the last week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury were as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury
Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.
April 1.	\$31,473 56	\$1,259,888 24
" 2.	406,691 72	2,365,293 29
" 3.	498,277 68	430,311 49
" 4.	875,604 92	455,405 83
" 5.	416,609 71	3,885,936 28
" 6.	366,304 15	2,703,829 05
Total.	\$2,406,907 05	\$9,342,691 85
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of April 1.		\$18,889,356 59
Deduct payments during the week.		\$114,528,482 56
Balance on Saturday evening.		\$105,180,790 74
Decrease during the week.		4,516,664 94

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$1,812,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$182,000 in gold, and \$2,224,907 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since Feb. 2:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury	Changes in Balances.
Feb. 2	2,004,760	19,158,396	103,325,459
" 9.	2,585,047	7,633,155	108,956,253
" 16.	2,917,088	9,817,230	110,311,760
" 23.	2,781,968	12,175,316	122,952,351
March 2.	3,152,288	40,661,245	17,580,658
" 9.	4,041,689	15,927,811	112,235,056
" 16.	2,877,582	17,346,143	11,661,266
" 23.	1,935,874	19,599,298	110,890,405
" 30.	2,499,595	22,334,251	100,634,126
April 6.	2,406,907	9,932,691	105,180,790

Dec. 5,260,951

Dec. 5,632,798

Dec. 10,353,537

Inc. 18,644,960

Dec. 23,088,389

Dec. 573,789

Dec. 770,861

April 10,256,279

Inc. 4,546,664

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The week opened with an active demand for bills, in consequence of the condition of financial affairs in Europe, and prime bankers' sterling, 60 days, sold up to 109 $\frac{1}{2}$. The remittances by Wednesday's steamer, for London, Paris and Frankfort, were quite considerable. Since the middle of the week, importers have shown an indisposition to remit, with gold at the present high premium, and sterling bills close fully $\frac{1}{2}$ below the rates of Tuesday. There is an improved supply of cotton bills, but the weakness of cotton at Liverpool and the failures at that point reported by cable, have produced unusual caution respecting that class of acceptances, and they consequently sell at low rates. There is a very general disinclination to remit bills to be drawn against, and the market closes weak at subjoined figures:

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	March 29.	March 29.	April 5.	April 12.
London Comm'l.	107 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$
do bkr's ^{ing}	109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$
do do shrt	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$
Paris, long	5,18 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,15	5,17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,16 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,16 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,15
do short	5,13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,15 @ 5,13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,15 @ 5,13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Antwerp	5,40 @ 5,17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,21 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,20	5,20 @ 5,18 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,20 @ 5,17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Swiss	5,20 @ 5,17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,21 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5,20	5,20 @ 5,18 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,20 @ 5,17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hamburg	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ ...	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$
Amsterdam	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ ...	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$
Frankfort	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$
Bremen	79 @ 79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 @ 79$\frac{1}{2}$	79 @ 79$\frac{1}{2}$	79 @ 79$\frac{1}{2}$
Berlin	72 @ 72 $\frac{1}{2}$	72 @ 72$\frac{1}{2}$	72 @ 72$\frac{1}{2}$	72 @ 72$\frac{1}{2}$

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York for the week ending with the commencement of business on Saturday, April 6, 1867:

	Average amount of
BANKS.	
New York	\$7,200,716
Manhattan	5,524,401
Mechanics'	7,0-7,696
Union	5,196,155
America	8,128,302
Phenix	3,389,652
City	4,042,955
Tradesmen's	8,052,191
Fulton	2,244,018
Chemical	5,994,315
Merch't Exchange	3,352,540
National	2,723,322
Butch. & Drovers	2,315,515
Mech's & Traders	1,831,783
Greenwich	1,190,976
Leather Manufact's	2,936,315
Seventh Ward	1,195,380
State of N. York	5,082,882
American Exce...	10,704,452
Commerce	22,904,576
Broadway	5,408,681
Ocean	3,349,608
Mercantile	3,519,155
Pacific	1,985,385
Chatham	1,946,346
People's	1,467,867
North America	2,334,229
Hoover	2,595,142
Wright	1,515,100
Metropolitan	10,57 - 442
Citizens'	1,348,993
Nassau	2,233,285
Market	2,792,071
St. Nicholas	2,473,041
Shoe and Leather	5,136,330
Conn Exchange	8,624,200
Continental	3,9 5 - 207
Commonwealth	2,636,846
Oriental	1,204,807
Marine	1,758,628
Atlantic	1,333,523
Imp. & Traders	5,596,394
Central	12,484,650
Second National	1,223,808
Mech. Bank's A's'n	1,083,065
Grocers'	1,144,636
North River	1,395,329
East River	1,004,417
Mannf. & Merch'ts	1,436,558
Fourth National	17,109,706
Central	12,473,763
Second National	1,671,654
Ninth National	1,016,068
First National	1,210,165
Third National	3,17 - 788
N. Y. Exchange	979,204
Tenth National	2,474,100
Bull's Head	1,256,855
Croton	540,634
National Currency	298,444
Bowery National	7,6,555

\$8,052,000

1,478,210

350,196

2,477,683

323,000

2,477,721

1,938,380

509,000

2,482,097

659,485

2,425,225

371,476

1,938,754

685,353

441,929

2,477,239

330,000

1,938,593

509,000

2,477,104

374,000

1,938,442

509,000

2,477,074

317,303

1,938,446

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The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:

Loans.....	Dec. \$812,337	Deposits.....	Dec. \$4,618,981
Specie.....	Dec. 883,796	Legal Tenders.....	Dec. 3,438,096
Circulation.....	Inc. 105,878		

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.	Legal Tenders.	Aggregate
Feb. 2. 251,264,355	16,332,984	32,995,347	200,511,596	65,944,541	512,407,253
Feb. 9. 250,268,825	16,157,257	32,777,000	198,241,885	67,928,992	508,825,582
Feb. 16. 253,191,382	14,792,616	32,956,309	196,072,292	64,612,940	455,833,529
Feb. 23. 257,833,954	13,518,456	33,006,141	198,420,347	63,158,896	443,574,086
Mar. 2. 260,166,456	11,579,281	33,294,438	198,018,914	63,014,195	465,534,539
Mar. 9. 262,414,458	10,868,881	33,409,811	200,325,527	64,523,440	444,173,266
Mar. 16. 268,072,972	9,968,722	33,490,686	197,958,504	62,813,039	496,558,719
Mar. 23. 259,400,315	9,143,913	33,519,401	192,375,615	60,904,968	472,203,375
Mar. 30. 255,282,364	8,522,609	33,661,195	188,4-3,250	62,459,811	459,850,602
Apr. 6. 254,470,027	8,185,818	33,774,573	188,861,260	59,031,775	531,883,184
					Aggregate \$402,149,086 42 \$377,790,364 23 \$75,045,537 82 \$127,604,755 51

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of the average of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous week:

	March 30.	April 6.
Capital	\$15,517,150	\$15,517,150
Loans.....	50,880,306	50,908,231
Specie.....	602,148	664,719
Legal Tenders.....	15,856,948	15,882,745
Due from Banks.....	4,308,758	4,190,617
Due to Banks.....	6,596,213	6,655,361
Deposits.....	34,140,385	32,796,595
Circulation.....	10,631,533	10,651,615
	Increase .	\$117,925
	Decrease .	178,429

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks:

Date.	Legal Tenders.	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.
Feb. 2.....	19,269,128	55,551,130	871,664	10,420,988	39,592,712
Feb. 9.....	19,659,250	52,384,829	873,614	10,449,982	39,811,595
Feb. 16.....	18,892,747	52,573,120	867,110	10,522,972	40,050,717
Feb. 23.....	17,877,598	52,394,791	841,228	10,566,434	38,646,013
Mar. 2.....	18,507,657	51,970,173	826,543	10,581,600	39,367,288
Mar. 9.....	17,539,426	50,438,468	832,655	10,572,068	37,914,673
Mar. 16.....	16,955,643	50,583,414	838,500	10,580,111	34,826,001
Mar. 23.....	16,071,780	50,572,460	807,438	10,611,987	34,851,845
Mar. 30.....	15,856,948	50,880,306	802,148	10,631,533	34,140,385
April 6.....	15,882,745	50,985,231	664,719	10,651,615	33,796,595

BOSTON BANKS.—The following are the footings of the Boston Banks statements for April 1st, compared with those of the two previous weeks:

	April 8.	April 1.	Mar. 25.
Capital.....	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000
Loans.....	91,723,347	91,723,347	92,661,060
Specie.....	495,113	435,418	516,184
Legal tender notes.....	17,212,428	17,212,428	16,557,905
Due from other banks.....	12,862,658	12,862,652	12,878,601
Due to other banks.....	10,818,419	10,818,419	11,073,873
Deposits.....	37,086,388	37,086,388	36,751,723
Circulation (National).....	24,843,376	24,843,376	24,738,722
Circulation (State).....	296,635	296,635	299,091

The following are the comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

	Legal	Circulation.
Feb. 4.....	97,742,461	956,568
Feb. 11.....	97,261,162	873,396
Feb. 18.....	96,919,473	929,940
Feb. 25.....	95,332,500	774,405
March 4.....	95,050,727	950,887
March 11.....	92,078,975	695,447
March 18.....	93,156,486	568,894
March 25.....	92,661,060	516,184
April 1.....	91,723,347	435,113
April 8.....	91,679,549	435,113

NATIONAL BANKS.—The United States Treasurer has designated the Omaha National Bank, of Omaha, Nebraska, as a depository of public moneys.

The amount of issue of National Bank Currency, for the week ending April 6, was \$27,550. The total issue to date, \$302,336,256. From this is to be deducted the currency returned, including the worn-out notes, amounting to \$3,447,582, leaving in actual circulation, at this date, \$298,888,674.

The United States Treasurer holds bonds as follows: As security for circulating National Bank notes, \$340,610,950; as security for depositaries of public money, \$38,880,950. Total securities held, \$379,491,900.

We are pleased to see that Mr. Hurlburl, Comptroller of the Currency, has made public at so early a day the following abstract of the quarterly reports of the banking associations of New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, showing their condition on the morning of the first Monday in April, 1867:

RESOURCES.		April 1.
Jan. 1.	Philadelphia.	Boston.
Loans & discounts \$157,967,294	27 \$152,863,769	'8 \$32,215,000
Real estate, furniture & fixtures.	5,616,886 76	5,719,027 50
Expense account.	431,050 92	1,674,995 66
Premises paid.	637,324 70	941,100 96
Cash items (including rev. statements).	75,758,030 91	69,414,064 77
Due from N.Y. Bks.	9,583,978 64	7,947,324 06
" other banks	4,136,978 64	2,689,883 88
U. S. bonds to secure circulation.	42,487,800 00	42,467,800 00
U. S. Bonds to secure deposits.	5,170,300 00	4,800,900 00
U. S. Bonds & securities on hands	15,781,250 00	15,123,950 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages.	4,634,610 86	6,360,158 78
		1,057,420 94
		1,084,150 00

Bills of Nat'l Bks.	2,298,888 00	1,439,115 00	422,935 00	1,355,611 00
Bills of other banks	69,488 00	69,699 00	30,364 00	685,944 00
Specie.....	10,547,117 30	5,718,722 60	792,037 48	454,986 52
Compound Interest notes.....	22,785,940 00	25,939,480 00	8,348,470 00	11,531,180 00
Other lawful money	41,402,117 59	34,700,372 21	8,410,233 34	6,085,087 49

Aggregate	\$402,149,086 42	\$377,790,364 23	\$75,045,537 82	\$127,604,755 51
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LIABILITIES.				
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Cap. stock paid in	\$75,000,700 00	\$35,000,700 00	\$16,017,150 00	\$43,550,000 00
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Surplus fund	17,573,506 57	17,301,440 86	5,175,784 01	6,849,511 10
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National bks' notes outstanding	34,257,816 00	34,972,871 00	11,006,790 00	25,809,509 00
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State bks' n. out'sg	406,037 00	379,753 00	135,085 00	311,268 00
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Individual dep'ts	201,963,194 16	175,493,039 91	83,516,987 95	93,011,785 13
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U. S. Deposits	2,319,414 32	2,789,205 55	1,887,404 12	1,465,594 19
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Deposits of United D. S. Disb'g Officers	4,844 47	996 70		
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Due to Nat'l. banks	52,466,889 22	51,841,582 80	5,622,989 44	10,108,134 06
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Due to other banks and bankers	13,375,398 39	12,578,466 93	974,533 83	1,050,696 80
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Profits.....	4,870,196 27	7,494,207 48	1,708,818 47	948,356 23
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Aggregate				
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Aggregate				
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Aggregate				
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SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, APRIL 19.)

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	STOCKS AND SECURITIES.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
American Gold Coin (Gold Room).	132%	135%	131%	137%	136%	136%	Railroad Stocks:						
National:							Central of New Jersey	100	118	118%	118%	118%	118%
United States 6s, 1867	registered	131%					Chicago and Alton	100	107%	106	106	106	106
do do 6s, 1868	coupon						do do preferred	100			109	108	108
do do 6s, 1868	registered						Chicago, Burlington and Quincy	100					
do do 6s, 1881	coupon	109%	108%	108%	109		Chicago and Great Eastern	100					
do do 6s, 1881	registered	109%	109%	109			Chicago and Milwaukee	100					
do do 6s, 5-20s (1st issue)	coupon	109%	109%	109			Chicago and Northwestern	100	3 1/2	32%	33%	30%	32%
do do 6s, 5-20s	registered	107%	107%	107%			do do preferred	100	62	60%	57%	59%	60%
do do 6s, 5-20s (2d issue)	coupon	108	108		109	108%	Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific	100	59%	87%	87%	85%	87%
do do 6s, 5-20s (3d issue)	coupon						Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati	100	99				99
do do 6s, 5-20s	registered						Cleveland and Pittsburg	50	74%	71	71%	65%	68%
do do 5-20s (new issue)	coupon	107%	107%	107%	107%		Cleveland and Toledo	50	119%	119	115%	119	119
do do 5-20s	registered						Delaware, Lackawanna and Western	50					
do do 5-20s	do						Erie	100	55%	55	55%	53	54%
do do 6s, Oregon Wa. 1861	do do (4 yearly)						do preferred	100		71			
do do 6s, 1871	coupon						Hannibal and St. Joseph	100					45
do do 6s, 1871	registered						do do preferred	100					68
do do 5s, 1874	coupon						Harlem	50					
do do 5s, 1874	registered						do preferred	50					
do do 5s, 10-40s	coupon	98	98	98	98	97%	Hudson River	100		13 1/2	128	125	125
do do 5s, 10-40s	registered						Illinois Central	100	113%	111%	118%	112%	113
do do 7-30s Tress. Notes	1st series	106		106			Indianapolis and Cincinnati	50					
do do do do	2d series	106%	105%	105%	105%		Joliet and Chicago	100					
do do do do	3d series	105%	105%	105%	105%		Long Island	50					
State:							McGregor Western	100					
California 7s							Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st preferred	100					
Connecticut 6s		1 1/2%					do do 2d preferred	100					
Georgia 6s							Michigan Central	100	85%	105%	108	107	107
do 7s (new)							Michigan So. and N. Indiana	100	70%	69%	69%	66	67%
Illinois Canal Bonds 1860							Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien	100					
do Registered, 1860							do do 1st pref.	100					85
do 6s, coupon, '79, after 1860-62-65-70							do do 2d pref.	100					25
do do do 1877							do do preferred	100	53%	52	50%	49	49%
do do do 1879							Morris and Essex	100					
do War Loan							New Jersey	100					
Indiana 6s, War Loan							New York Central	100	100%	100	101	97%	99%
Kentucky 6s, 1868-72							New York and New Haven	100		123	120%	122%	122
Louisiana 6s							New Haven and Hartford	100					
Michigan 6s							Norwich and Worcester	100					
do 7s, War Loan, 1878							Ohio and Mississippi Certificates	25%	34%	24	22%	28%	24%
Minnesota 8s							Panama	100					
Missouri 6s							Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago	100	93	91%	91%	89%	91%
do 6s, (Hannibal and St. Joseph RR.)							Reading	50	20 1/2	100%	100%	98%	91%
do 6s, (Pacific RR.)							St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute	100	33	32%		31 1/2	
New York 7s, 1870							Stomington	100					
do 6s, 1867-77							Toledo, Wabash and Western	50	33	37		37	37
do 5s, 1868-76							do do preferred	50	65				
do 7s, State Bounty Bonds (coupon)							Railroad Bonds:						
do do do do (registered)							Atlantic and Great Western, 1st mort.						
North Carolina 6s ex-coupon							Buffalo, New York and Erie, 1st mort. 1877						
do 6s, (new)							Central of N. W. Jersey, 1st mortgage						
Ohio 6s, 1870-73							Chicago and Alton, Sinking Fund						
do 6s, 1881-86							do do 1st mortgage						
Rhode Island 6s							do do Income						
Tennessee 6s 1890							Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 8 per cent						
do 6s ex-coupon							Chicago and Great Eastern, 1st mortgage						
do 6s, (new)							Chicago and Milwaukee, 1st mortgage						
Virginia 6s, ex-coupon							Chicago and Northwestern, Sinking Fund						
do 6s, new							do do Interest						
Municipal:							do do Extension						
Brooklyn 6s							do do 1st mortgage						
do 6s, Water Loan							do do consolidated						
do 6s, Public Park Loan							Chicago and Rock Island, 1st mortgage						
do 6s, Improvement Stock							Chicago, R. I. and Pacific, 1st cent.						
Jersey City 6s, Water Loan							Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 2d mortgage						
New York 7s							do do 4th mortgage						
do 6s							Cleveland and Toledo, Sinking Fund						
do 5s							o do new 7s						
Miscellaneous Shares:							Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 1st mort.						
Coal. —American	100						do do 2d mort.						
Ashburton	50						Erie, 1st mortgage, 1868						
Butler	10						do 2d mortgage, 1879						
Cameron	50						do 3d mortgage, 1883						
Central	100						do 4th mortgage, 1880						
Consolidated	100						do 5th mortgage, 1888						
Cumberland	100	30 1/2%	30	26	26%		Gaens and Chicago, extended						
Delaware and Hudson	100						do do 2d mortgage						
Lehigh & Susquehanna	50						Great Western, 1st mortgage						
Pennsylvania	50						do do 2d mortgage						
Spring Mountain	100						Hannibal and St. Joseph, 1st mortgage						
Spruce Hill	10						Harlem, 1st mortgage, 1869-72						
Wilkesbarre	100						do Consolidated and Sinking Fund						
Wyoming Valley	100						do 3d mortgage, 1868						
Gas. —Brooklyn	25						Hudson River, 1st mortgage, 1869						
Citizens (Brooklyn)	20						do 2d mortgage, (S. F.), 1885						
Harlem	50						do 3d mortgage, 1875						
Jersey City and Hoboken	20						do convertible, 1867						
Manhattan	50						Illinois Central 7s, 1875						
Metropolitan	100						Lackawanna and Western Bonds						
New York	50						McGregor Western, 1st mortgage						
Williamsburg	50						Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st mortgage						
Improvement. —Boston Water Power	20	25%	25	24%	26%		Michigan Central 8s, 1869-73						
Brunswick City	100						do do 8s, new, 1882						
Canton	100	44%	43%	41%	42%		Michigan Southern, Sinking Fund						
Cary	100						do do 2d mortgage, 7s						
Telegraph. —Western Union	100	11%	40%	36%	37		do do do Goshen Line, 1868						
Western Union, Russian Extension	100						Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, 1st mort.						
Steamship. —Atlantic Mail	51	80%	80	77	79		Milwaukee and St. Paul, 1st mort.						
Pacific Mail	51	21	120%	129%	126		do do 2d mort.						
S. Am. Nav. & Mar. Railway	100						do do 3d mort.						
Transit. —Central American	100						do do 4th mort.						
Nicaragua	100						do do 5th mort.						
Trust. —Farmers' Loan and Trust	25						do do 8s, 1882						
New York Life and Trust	100						do do 2d mortgage						
Union Trust	400						do do 3d mortgage						
United States Trust	100						do do 4th mortgage						
Express. —Adams	100						do do 5th mortgage						
American	100						do do 6s, 1887						
Merchants Union	600						do do 7s, 1876						
United States	100						do do 7s, convertible, 1876						
Wells, Fargo & Co.	100						do do 7s, 1865-76						
Mining. —Mariposa Gold	100						New York and New Haven						
Mariposa preferred	100	21%	20	20%	19	19%	Ohio and Mississippi, 1st mortgage						
Minnesota Copper	60						Pennsila, 1st mortgage						
New Jersey Zinc	15						Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, 1st mort.						
Quartz Hill	25						do do do 2d mort.						
Quicksilver	100	31%	29%	28	25%	28	do do 3d mort.						
Rutland Marble	25						do do 4th mort.						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 5th mort.						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 6s, 1887						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 7s, 1876						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 7s, 1865						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 8s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 9s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 10s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 11s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 12s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 13s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 14s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 15s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 16s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 17s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 18s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 19s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 20s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 21s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 22s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 23s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 24s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 25s, 1882						
Smith and Brooks	50						do do 26s, 1882						
Smith													

NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

DENOMINATIONS		Amount Outstanding	INTEREST	Princpal Due	FRIDAY.	DENOMINATIONS		Amount Outstanding	INTEREST	Princpal Due	FRIDAY.	
Marked thus * are in default for interest.			Rate. Payable.	Bid.	Asked	Marked thus * are in default for interest.			Rate. Payable.	Bid.	Asked	
AMERICAN GOLD COIN.						NORTH CAROLINA (\$11,990,500):						
National Securities.						State Loan Bonds.....	477,000	6	Various.	'67-'76	484	
Bonds of 1847.....	registered.	6,574,300	6	Jan. & July	1867	do do do.....	3,874,000	6	do	'77-'86	484	
do 1848.....	coupons.	8,908,342	6	Jan. & July	1868	do do do.....	5,514,500	6	do	'87-'96	484	
do do registered.						Funded Coupons.....	1,425,000	6	Jan. & July	1868	48	
do 1860.....	coupons.	7,022,000	5	Jan. & July	1871	100	110					
do do registered.						State Bonds.....	444,022	6	Jan. & July	1866		
do 1865.....	coupons.	20,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1874	102	103	do (Union Loan).....	379,866	6	do	
do do registered.						do do.....	2,183,532	6	do	'87-'96	484	
do 1861.....	coupons.	6	Jan. & July	1881	109	109	1,6,000	6	do	103	484	
do do registered.		283,745,600	6	Jan. & July	1881	106	106	4,08,309	6	do	103	
Oregon War Bds (yearly) { coups.						do do.....	2,400,000	6	do	1881	102	
do do (4 yearly) { coups.						do (domestic).....	679,213	6	do	'68-'71		
Bonds (5-30s) of 1862.....	coupons.					Bounty and Relief Bonds.....	218,574	7	Jan. & July	1875		
do do registered.						State Bonds.....						
do do 1864.....	coupons.					PENNSYLVANIA (\$38,877,000):						
do do registered.		989,562,600	6	May & Nov.	1884	103	103	State Bonds coupon.....	6,168,990	5	Various.	
do 1865.....	coupons.					do transmissible.....	29,209,000	5	do	Var.	484	
do do registered.						Military Loan Bonds.....	3,000,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1871	96	
do 1860 (new).....	coupons.					RHODE ISLAND (\$3,626,000):						
do do registered.						War Loan Bonds.....	3,626,000	5	Various.	'71-'94	99	
do (10-40s) 1864.....	coupons.					SOUTH CAROLINA (\$3,205,227):						
do do registered.		171,069,350	5	Mar. & Sept.	1904	97	98	State Stock (Fire Loan).....	318,159	5	Quarterly.	
Treasury Notes (1st series).....						do Bonds (Blue Ridge RR).....	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'75-'79		
do (2d series).....		582,330,150	7	Feb. & Aug.	1867	106	106	do (State House).....	500,000	6	do	
do (3d series).....						do Stock (do do).....	1,775,000	6	do	'77-'90		
do do (3d series).....						do Bonds (Funding).....	1,210,808	6	do	1887		
State Securities.						VERMONT (\$1,650,000):						
ALABAMA (\$4,066,310):						War Loan Bonds.....	1,567,000	6	Jun. & Dec	'71-'73		
State Bonds.....		168,000	5	May & Nov.	1872			VIRGINIA (\$43,166,286):				
do do (extended).....		1,941,000	5	do	1883			State Bonds (coupon).....	11,108,000	6	Jan. & July	
do do (funding).....		427,880	5	do	1887			do (registered).....	21,886,298	6	do	
ARKANSAS (incl. Int. \$3,252,401):						do (Funding) coupon.....	494,000	6	do	'84-'98		
*State Bank Loan.....		610,000	6	Jan. & July	1868			West VIRGINIA (\$—):				
*Real Estate Bank Loan.....		899,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1861			State Bonds.....				
CALIFORNIA (\$5,322,000):						Wisconsin (\$2,348,191):						
State Bonds of '57 and '60.....		3,774,000	7	Jan. & July	'77-'80	118	119	War Bonds.....	406,100	6	Jan. & July	
War Bonds.....		1,548,000	7	do	'88-'84							
Cen. Pac. RR. B. (int. by State).....		1,500,000	7	do	1885							
CONNECTICUT (\$10,9,0,000):												
State Bonds (war).....		8,600,000	6	Jan. & July	'72-'84	100	101					
do (war).....		2,000,000	6	April & Oct.	'74-'84	100	101					
do (war) tax exempt.....		2,000,000	6	do	1885							
FLORIDA (\$370,617):												
State Bonds.....		870,093	7	Jan. & July	var.							
State Bonds.....			8	do	var.							
GEORGIA (\$5,706,500):												
State Bonds.....		1,269,500	5	Jan. & July	'72-'86	70	74					
do do (funding, etc).....		3,080,000	7	do	1886	84	85					
ILLINOIS (\$8,63,353):												
Canal Bonds.....		1,157,229	6	Jan. & July	1870							
do do registered.....		1,329,667	6	do	1870							
Coupon Bonds.....		5,263,354	6	do	'60-'65	101						
do do		6	do	'69-'70	101							
do do		6	do	'76-'77	101							
War Loan Bonds.....		945,300	6	do	1879							
INDIANA (\$7,00,394):												
State Bonds.....		4,578,017	5	Jan. & July	pleas.	96	96					
do do		1,514,489	2%	do	1886							
War Bonds, coupon.....		848,000	6	May & Nov.	1868							
IOWA (\$48,000):												
State Stock.....		184,000	7	Jan. & July	1865							
War Loan Bonds.....		300,000	7	do	1881							
KANSAS (\$50,475):												
State Bonds.....		95,975	6	Jan. & July	1875							
do do		500,0/0	7	do	'76-'82							
KENTUCKY (\$5,334,632):												
State Bonds.....		271,000	5	Jan. & July	'67-'73							
do do		3,346,000	6	do	'68-'72							
LOUISIANA (\$13,357,999):												
Bank Loan Bonds.....		4,533,933	6	Feb. & Aug.	'68-'86							
State Bonds.....		569,000	6	Various	'67-'72							
Levee Loan Bonds.....		1,000,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1886							
Fundod Coupon Bonds.....		404,800	6	do	'68-'87							
Railroad Loans of '53-'66.....		1,992,000	6	Various	40 yrs							
MAINE (\$5,127,500):												
State Bonds (land).....		150,000	5	October	'67-'73							
do do (civil).....		342,000	6	Mar. & Sept.	'67-'78							
do do (war) of '61.....		800,000	6	Various	1871							
do do (war) of '62.....		525,000	6	Mar. & Sept.	1883							
do do (bounty) of '63.....		475,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1880							
do do (war) of '64.....		2,832,500	6	June & Dec.	1889							
MARYLAND (\$—):												
State Bonds.....			5	Quarterly	Var.							
do do		6	do	1870								
do do		6	do	1880								
do do, inscribed.....		6	do	1890								
MASSACHUSETTS (\$25,555,747):												
State Bonds.....		798,000	5	Various	'68-'74							
do do		541,000	6	do	'68-'77							
Railroad Loans.....		6,826,196	15	do	'67-'93							
War Loans.....		1,688,000	5	Jan. & July	'77-'93							
do do		8,276,372	5	May & Nov.	1884							
do do		3,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'71-'76							
do do (currency)		2,113,000	6	Mar. & Sep.	'71-'86							
MICHIGAN (\$3,970,921):												
State Loan Bonds.....		1,966,000	6	Jan. & July	'73-'83							
Canal do.....		100,000	7	do	1879							
War Loan do.....		1,100,000	7	do	1886	102						
Bounty Loan Bonds.....		463,000	7	May & Nov.	1890							
MINNESOTA (\$2,525,000):												
State Loan Bonds.....		250,000	8	Jan. & July	1867	101	102					
Railroad Loans.....		2,275,000	7	do	1883							
MISOURI (\$3,404,515):												
*State Loans (old).....		622,000	6	Jan. & July	'62-'83	94	94					
*Railroad Loans (various).....		11,132,000	6	do	'49-'91							
do do (Pacific).....		7,000,000	6	do	'72-'89	94	95					
do do (H. & St. Jo).....		3,900,000	6	do	'73-'87	80	81					
NEW HAMPSHIRE (\$3,908,600):												
State Bonds (war) 1861.....		1,194,100	6	Jan. & July	'67-'78							
do do (war) 1864.....		600,000	6	Mar. & Sep.	'84-'88							
do do (war) 1866.....		609,500	6	Apr. & Oct.	'67-'74							
do do (war) 1868.....		500,000	8	Jan. & July	1869							
New JERSEY (\$3,395,900):												
War Fund Bonds.....		2,39,200	6	Jan. & July	'69-'76							
New York (\$51,753,030):												
General Fund Loans.....		700,000	7	Quarterly	1870	102						
do do do.....		2,489,780	6	Jan. & July	'68-'78	100						
do do do.....		442,967	5	May & Nov.	1868							
do do do.....		2,609,607	5	do	1877	98						
Bounty Fund Loan, coupons.....		2,569,000	7	do	1877	102						
do do do, registered.....		2,726,500	7	do	1877	107						
Canal Loans.....		12,700,000	6	Quarterly	'72-'77							
do do		5,466,000	5	do	'68-'74							

(April 18, 1867.)

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, April 12

The belligerent nature of the news from Europe, received by the cable during the past week, and the advance in gold which has taken place, has had the effect to unsettle values materially, and to interrupt the regular course of trade which had begun to set in. In the place of returning confidence, we have removed distrust and incertitude, with speculation in articles of food already too high, and depression in nearly all legitimate business.

Cotton has further declined. Breadstuffs have been active advancing, but closed dull. Tobacco active but less buoyant. Groceries moderately active, but at irregular prices.

Provisions closed with more business, except for lard. The advance in gold, and the probability of an export demand in case of a war in Europe, have given a slight upward turn to prices leading, however, thus far to very little advance. The export movement is thus far somewhat behind last year, when prices were much higher than now. The stocks of Hog Products are not large in this market, but considerable quantities are to come forward. At the close to-day there was more movement in Bacon, part for speculation and export, mostly short ribbed, at 114@11 $\frac{1}{2}$. Beef is in light stocks so that the extreme prices current are maintained. Butter and cheese have been more active.

Hides have been rather firmer, but dull, and so irregular that it is impossible to give reliable quotations. Leather has further advanced 4c@1c. per lb.

In metals, we have no change to notice in iron, lead, and tin. Copper is more steady, with a sale of 200,000 lbs. Portage Lake to arrive at 23½c.; and there is more speculation in Silesian spelter at 6½c. gold, per lb.

East India Goods have been without movement, except sales of 15,000 bags Calcutta linseed to arrive in Boston at \$2.27½ (@\$2.40; gold, in bond, the lower price for late shipments.

Naval Stores have been irregular and unsettled, but the close is very firm all through, and some speculation may be noticed in spirits turpentine. Oils of all kinds are quiet.

noticed in spirits, turpentine. Oils of all kinds are quiet. Freight have become dull. There is a good supply of room on the berth, and about a quarter million bushels corn have been shipped to Great Britain, at 2½@4d. per bushel by sail and steam to Liverpool and Glasgow, and 5s. 4d. @5s. 6d. per quarter to Ireland, but of cotton and provisions the shipments have been very limited. Three vessels were taken to-day for petroleum to the Continent, being the only business of the kind for the past few days.

**Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week, and since
January 1.**

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending April 12, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66
Ashes, pkgs.	215	1,788	1,428	Rosin	4,919	72,563	197,761
Breadstuffs—				Tar	1,297	7,404	36,668
Flour, bbls.	31,189	373,503	429,596	Pitch	2,524	913	1,000
Wheat, bush.	75,017	299,297	161,190	Oil cake, pkgs.	2,888	13,318	18,000
Corn	38,527	444,080	422,777	Oil, lard	75	1,426	2,221
Oats	4,888	221,480	373,837	Oil, Petroleum	21,960	248,768	266,598
Eye	805	3,434	12,920	Peanuts, bags	9,365	6,001	1,000
Malt	40,094	200,367	164,111	Provisions—			
Barley	1,900	15,593	65,112	Butter, pkgs.	6,755	136,741	88,000
Grass seed.	2,078	37,763	94,028	Cheese	3,757	82,747	39,942
Flaxseed.	28	6,892	1,420	Cut meats	2,815	63,097	65,975
Beans.	456	13,391	32,420	Eggs	8,360	42,730	38,655
Peas	100	8,677	15,657	Pork	5,613	85,617	74,622
C. meal, bbls.	1,889	14,909	29,718	Beef, pkgs.	616	20,638	40,624
C. meal, bags.	3,745	177,293	172,141	Lard, pkgs.	1,881	74,843	60,554
Buckwheat & B.W. flour, bg		6,065	6,045	Lard, kegs	688	5,303	3,247
Cotton, bales.	13,879	292,019	272,677	Rice, pkgs.	194	4,743	1,322
Copper, bbls.	369	2,328	1,537	Starch	2,995	15,166	35,646
Copper, plates.	93	1,419	906	Stearine	297	2,684	2,954
Driedfruit, pkgs.	276	17,991	4,688	Spelter, slabs	...	2,161	547
Grease, pkgs.	221	5,199	1,016	Sugar, hds & bbls.	166	588	277
Hemp, bales.	54	386	282	Tallow, pkgs.	98	3,323	1,810
Hides, No.	11,692	100,817	166,975	Tobacco, pkgs.	4,952	26,809	46,651
Hope, bales.	27	2,738	3,334	Tobacco, hds.	1,857	11,207	6,386
Leather, sides.	50,058	661,231	623,921	Whiskey, bbls.	4,035	45,063	25,253
Lead, pigs.	...	579	2,096	Wool, bales.	1,917	14,761	27,108
Molasses, hds & bbls	333	9,930	5,945	Dressed Hogs.	...	79,873	81,765
Naval Stores—				No.	...		
Crude trp, bbls		1,418	15,502	Rice, rough,			
Spirits turp.	411	11,188	9,987	bush			

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1867, the principal ports of destination, and the total for the same period in 1866. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

April 13, 1867.]

THE CHRONICLE.

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Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending April 5, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the corresponding period in 1866:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For	Since	Same	For	Since	Same
	the	Jan. 1,	time	the	Jan. 1,	time
week.	1867.	1866.		week.	1867.	1866.
Buttons	165	1,646	2,407	Hardware	137	3,620
Coal, tons	448	12,734	15,293	Iron, RR b'rs	3,679	62,892
Cocoa, bags	4,291	5,664	Lead, pigs	14,443	117,625	
Coffee, bags	1,819	197,167	179,892	Spelter, lbs.	682,226	2,467,226
Cotton, bales	106	1,490		Steel	6,025	48,013
Drugs, &c.				Tin, boxes	16,111	148,515
Bark, Peru		2,330	2,280	Tin slabs, lbs.	22,642	872,348
Bleu p'wd'rs	358	7,559	4,432	Rags	4,106	18,487
Brimst, tns.	394	3,150	5,357	Sugar, hds.		
Cochineal	19	143	222	ts & bbls.	5,375	40,557
Cr Tatar	56	206	568	Tea	2,881	63,797
Gambler		2,093	4,254	Wine	4,580	259,752
Gums, crude	492	5,335	4,578	Tobacco	411	11,102
Gun, Arabic	136	1,188	1,748	Waste	403	3,582
Indigo	162	806	1,328	Wines, &c.		
Madder	277	1,028	6,417	Champ, bkt	3,682	28,985
Oils, ess.	150	1,156	1,688	Champ, bkt	3,682	28,985
Oil, Olive	900	7,158	36,725	Wines	3,854	30,800
Opium				Wool, bales	913	62,721
Soda, bi-carb	600	43,521	27,741	Articles reported by value		
Soda, sal.	12	3,964	32,368	Cigars	\$18,137	\$86,702
Soda, ash	1,212	11,195	11,993	Corks	5,201	24,515
Flax	9	446	3,751	Corks	4,199	179,474
Furs	26	549	1,351	Haberdashery		
Gunny cloth	615	14,016	6,936	Lemons	15,919	69,707
Hemp	34	903	1,938	Oranges	88,447	196,699
Hemp, bales	871	32,036	28,638	Nuts	22,681	227,501
Hides, &c.				Raisins	4,199	179,474
Bristles	69	297	504	Hides, undred	57,291	2,999,528
Hides, dress'd	99	26,725	3,366	Rice	5,000	1,840,145
India rubber	288	14,461	7,288	Spices, &c.		
Ivory	19	1,143	667	Cassia	50,800	108,130
Jewelry, &c.				Ginger	17,337	28,581
Linen	16	167	219	Pepper	41	78,860
Watches	16	267	338	Saltspetre	16,966	54,648
Linseed	9,560	167,808	89,397	Woods		
Molasses	3,417	26,169	26,240	Fustic	21,723	15,534
Metals, &c.				Logwood	5,964	35,831
Cutlery	88	1,936	1,714	Mahogany	11,256	61,874

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., April 12, 1867.

The receipts of Cotton this week at all the ports show a further considerable decrease, the total reaching only 31,995 bales, (against 39,252 bales last week, 42,507 bales the previous week, and 40,776 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, this year, 1,588,152 bales, against 1,675,487 bales for the same period in 1865-6. The details of the week's receipts are as follows:

Received this week at—	Receipts, bales	Received this week at—	Receipts, bales
New Orleans	9,751	Florida	1,941
Mobile	2,741	North Carolina	577
Charleston	2,243	Virginia	2,968
Texas	5,517		
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.	3,532	Total receipts for week	31,995

The exports this week are large, and yet very considerably less than last week. From the Southern ports there is a falling off in the shipments of 30,000 bales, the total from those ports reaching last week 72,174 bales, against 42,157 bales this week; but from the Northern ports there is an increase of about 5,000 bales, so that the aggregate shipments from all the ports for the week reach 65,061 bales. Below we give the details of the week's shipments, showing 51,756 bales sent to Liverpool, 1,310 bales to Queenstown, 5,318 bales to Havre, 2,560 bales to Bremen, 460 bales to Hamburg, 1,618 bales to Barcelona, 455 bales to Genoa, 150 bales to Vera Cruz, and 1,456 bales to St. Petersburg, as follows:

	Exported this week to—							
	Liver.	Queens-	Bre-	Ham-	Barce-	Vera	St. Peters-	
From	pool.	town.	Harv.	men.	burg.	lona.	burg.	Total.
New York	15,550	2,070	2,560	460				20,640
Boston	194							194
Philadelphia	281							281
Baltimore	1,859							1,859
New Orleans	10,188	2,092		1,529	455	150	1,456	15,870
Mobile	8,080	1,156						9,186
Savannah	5,512	1,310						6,822
Charleston	3,091				87			3,178
Galveston	7,023							7,023
Wilmington,								
N. C.	79							79
Total exports this week	51,756	1,310	5,318	2,560	460	1,618	455	150
								65,061

The total foreign exports from the United States since Sept. 1, now amount to 1,050,496 bales, against 1,100,441 bales for the same period last year, and the present stocks are 487,551 bales against 495,086 bales at the same time.

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact, as some of our readers fail to understand it.

in 1866. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIP- MNT'S TO N. STOCK.
		Great Britain	France	Other forgn.	Total.	
N. Orleans, April 5.	632,995	292,428	95,378	28,698	416,504	184,789 177,864
Mobile, April 5.....	211,368	106,195	4,362	3,036	113,593	55,158 44,704
Charleston, April 5.	125,862	58,152	1,973	91	60,216	61,600 14,798
Savannah, April 5.	193,889	80,681	—	—	80,681	105,974 19,423
Texas, March 30.....	130,611	33,602	—	4,274	37,576	33,299 33,175
New York, Apr. 12 th	97,493	261,348	18,889	31,128	812,388	— 145,000
Florida, April 5 th	49,749	—	—	—	—	34,409 2,593
N. Carolina, Apr. 12	34,664	492	—	—	492	33,562 —
Virginia, Apr. 12	89,749	7,739	—	—	7,739	82,010 —
Other p'ts, Apr. 12 th	23,383	20,846	—	261	21,107	— 80,000
Total	1,588,152	861,438	115,565	73,498	1,050,496	610,794 487,551

We have had this week a very dull market all the week. The chief influence has been the belligerent reports by the cable from Europe, accompanied as they have been with declining prices at Liverpool and dull business at Manchester. The advance in gold has retarded the decline in currency quotations, prices on this basis being only half a cent lower; but of course the concession to shippers, that is the gold price, is much lower than a week ago. This decline, however, has not been sufficient to stimulate exports, and very little has been done. The trade in cotton goods remains unsatisfactory, and spinners are reducing consumption. The reduced movement of the American crop is quite lost sight of, in part on this account, but more especially in consequence of the unfavorable aspect of European affairs. From the accounts received, however, it is not thought that war will be the result of the present complication, and a recovery to some extent in prices is therefore looked for. Still, the immediate effect of the news is very unfavorable, and, consequently, the business of the week has been the smallest we have noted for some time, the sales being only about 8,500 bales. The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	& Texas	N. Orleans
Ordinary	21	23	24	24	24
Good Ordinary	24	24	25	25	25
Low Middling	25	25	26	26	26
Middling	27	27	28	28	28
Good Middling	29	29	30	30	30

The exports of Cotton this week from New York show a slight increase, the total shipments amounting to 20,640 bales against 18,863 bales last week. The particulars of these shipments are as follows:

To Liverpool per steamers—Australasian, 616. Palmyra, 1,644. England, 2,374. City of Paris, 140. Chicago, 2,900. Olympia, 1,503. Per ships—C. Furdoonee, 2,004. Excelsior, 1,056. Martha, 1,698. Wisconsin, 800. Per bark—Royal Diadem, 1,015. Total bales, 15,850. To Havre per steamer—Europe, 434. Per ship—Lady Blessington, 1,638. Total bales, 2,070. To Bremen, per steamer—New York, 613. Atlantic, 1,295. Per ship—J. S. DeWolf, 256. Per bark—Ukraine, 396. Total bales, 2,580. To Hamburg, per steamer—Saxonia, 460. Total bales, 460.

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1866; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year :

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1866	WEEK ENDING				Same time prev. year.
	MARCH 19.	MARCH 26.	APRIL 2.	APRIL 9.	
Liverpool	8,091	16,074	14,181	15,550	255,291 301,184
Other British Ports		480	—	—	6,057 16,029
Total to Gt. Britain	8,091	16,554	14,181	15,550	261,348 317,913
Havre	2,630	485	578	2,070	13,246 26,873
Other French ports	—	—	—	—	6 8
Total French	2,630	485	578	2,070	13,852 26,881
Bremen and Hanover	1,152	2,163	1,791	2,560	22,719 18,746
Hamburg	1,296	—	1,299	460	10,268 11,929
Other ports	687	264	264	—	2,491 1,878
Total to N. Europe	3,135	2,427	3,354	3,020	35,478 27,553
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar	—	—	800	—	860 869
All others	—	—	800	—	800 7
Total Spain, etc.	—	—	800	—	1,660 876
Grand Total	13,856	19,466	18,363	20,640	312,328 372,523

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.

† These are the receipts at all the ports of Florida to April 5, except Apalachicola, which are only to March 29.

‡ Estimated. The stock at New York is also estimated.

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
New Orleans	1,292	107,519	South Carolina	748	48,833
Texas	3,598	39,901	North Carolina	298	28,410
Savannah	455	81,028	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.	2,098	67,842
Mobile	24,297	—	Per Railroad	2,836	101,087
Florida	2,574	29,496			
Total for the week		18,879			
Total since Sept. 1		533,715			

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1:

	Boston		Philad'lphia		Baltimore
Receipts from—	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.
New Orleans	1,073	56,007	163	8,794	951
Texas		10,716			307
Savannah	1,142	13,774	89	4,041	30
Mobile		25,700		459	900
Florida		86			
South Carolina	11	5,786	164	1,932	5,699
North Carolina		680		737	1,892
Virginia		8,603		378	12,400
New York, &c.	113	40,846			
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.	696	22,333			
Total receipts	bales	3,037	184,511	409	15,963
				398	27,456

* Reshipments.

The exports from these cities have been as follows:

	Total bales.
From Baltimore to Liverpool, per steamer Somerset, 785 bales—per bark Queen Victoria, 1,074	1,859
From Philadelphia to Liverpool, per ship Kate Davenport	2,11
From Boston to Cronstadt, per bark Sarah Hobart, 19, 19, Marian, 103, 124	124
making the total from the three cities 1,479 bales.	

SHIPPING NEWS.—We have given above the vessels in which the foreign shipments for the week were made from the Northern ports; we now add the same information with regard to the Southern ports:

	Total bales
New Orleans—To Liverpool, per steamship Alhambra, 1,681—per ships Harry Warren, 8,437—Benda Tilley, 3,270—per bark Maudisie, 1,810	10,188
To Havre per bark E. A. Kennedy, 2,092	2,092
To Barcelona, per bark Aguedita, 537—Aranco, 992	1,529
To St. Petersburg, per bark Joshua Loring, 1,456	1,456
To Genoa, per brig Gerstacker, 455	455
To Vera Cruz, per schooner Union, 150	150
Mobile—To Liverpool, per ships Mand, 3,002—Melicete, 3,924—Alme, 2,104	8,030
To Havre, per brig L. M. Merrill, 1,156	1,156
Savannah—To Liverpool, per ships Pomona, 2,521 Upland and 455 Sea Island—Kilos, 2,211 Upland and 295 Sea Island	5,512
To Queenstown, per bark Unmore, 1,310 Upland	1,310
Charleston—To Liverpool, per ship Southern Rights, 278 bags Sea Island and 2,813 Upland	3,091
To Barcelona, per brig Regenerada, 87	87
Galveston—To Liverpool, per bark Heiress, 2,371—Palo Alto, 1,812—Jennie Cobb, 1,308—Lincoln, 1,726—per brig Prince of Wales, 305	7,022
Wilmington, N. C.—To Liverpool, per brig Kate Upham, 55—per bark Panama, 24	79
Total exports this week from Southern ports	42,157

NEW ORLEANS, April 6.—The mail returns for the week ending April 5, show a considerable decrease in the receipts, the total for the week being 9,751 bales, against 10,874 bales last week, and 14,589 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were 18,710 bales, of which 10,188 bales were to Liverpool, 2,092 to Havre, 1,529 to Barcelona, 1,456 to St. Petersburg, 455 to Genoa, 150 to Mexico, 2,734 to New York, and 106 to Philadelphia. Stock on hand April 5, was 177,864 bales. The receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since Feb. 1, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ds.	Price.	Freights.	To Liver- To New Price				
	Rec'ds.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Mid.	pool.	York.	gold.
Feb. 1.	41,656	32,000	23,48	251,727	31	12	1	135 @ 135
" 8.	26,030	30,200	31,103	248,850	31	12	1	137 @ 137
" 15.	19,433	32,300	26,543	243,848	31	12	1	136 @ 136
" 22.	28,785	29,150	26,882	246,935	30	12	1	138 @ 138
Mar. 2.	20,576	33,600	26,408	238,930	31	12	1	136 @ 136
" 9.	17,812	17,500	20,489	234,337	29	12	1	136 @ 136
" 15.	13,359	23,600	25,865	219,971	30	12	1	134 @ 134
" 22.	14,589	22,703	22,077	213,376	30	12	1	134 @ 134
" 29.	10,874	16,050	49,010	185,954	29	12	1	134 @ 134
April 5.	9,751	16,500	18,710	177,864	29	12	1	133 @ 133

* By steam.

The market this week has been dull and declining pretty much all the week. This was due to the lower quotations at Liverpool and New York, and an unwillingness on the part of holders to meet the views of buyers. Prices at the close were but little more than nominal, ordinary (Liverpool classification) being quoted at 26c., good ordinary at 27c., low middling at 28c., and middling at 29c. Domestic Exchange has ruled quiet, bankers checking on New York at $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The rate for commercial has been $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. premium for New York sight. Sterling Exchange closed at 145 @ 145 $\frac{1}{2}$ for bankers.

MOBILE, April 6.—By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending April 5 were 2,741 bales, against 2,611 bales last week, and the shipments were 10,049 bales, of which 8,030 were to Liverpool, 1,156 to Havre, 12 to New York, 580 to Boston, and 271 bales to New Orleans, leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared, of 44,704 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and

the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

Date.	Receipts.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	mid.	To Liver- To New Price	
	Date.	mid.	pool.	York.	gold.		
Feb. 1.	6,593	8,450	9,701	74,633	30	12	134 @ 134
" 8.	10,073	9,400	3,050	81,655	30	12	134 @ 137
" 15.	6,581	9,500	9,911	78,325	30	12	134 @ 137
" 22.	6,900	9,100	12,095	73,130	30	12	134 @ 138
Mar. 1.	5,037	6,800	7,476	71,116	29	12	132 @ 139
" 8.	3,137	3,400	2,472	71,781	28	12	132 @ 135
" 15.	3,887	9,950	4,587	70,889	29	12	134 @ 136
" 22.	3,576	6,850	3,429	71,136	28	12	134 @ 136
" 29.	2,611	4,850	21,735	52,012	28	12	135 @ 136
Apr. 5.	2,741	3,900	10,049	44,704	26	12	135 @ 135

There has been very little activity in the market this week. Under the unfavorable advices from Liverpool and New York prices have given away and at the close operations were pretty generally suspended, the following being the current quotations (Liverpool classification) good ordinary 24 $\frac{1}{2}$, low middling 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ and middlings 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Freights show but little change, we quote Liverpool 4d. per sail and—per steam; coastwise 4c. Exchange, bankers' on New York 4c. premium, commercial 4c. premium. Sterling exchange 144 @ 145.

CHARLESTON, April 6.—The receipts for the week ending April 5, amount to 2,868 bales, against 2,885 bales last week. Shipments for this week amount to 4,013 bales, (against 2,887 bales last week), of which 3,091 bales were to Liverpool, 87 bales to Barcelona, 662 bales to New York, 52 to Philadelphia, and 77 to Baltimore. The receipts, sales and exports of a series for weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since Feb. 1, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ts.	Sales.	Shipp'ments.	Stock.	mid.	To Liver- To New Price	
	Date.	mid.	pool.	York.	gold.		
Feb. 1.	6,632	1,827	7,359	15,576	32	12	132 @ 137
" 8.	5,011	2,040	8,813	18,769	31	12	130 @ 138
" 15.	4,932	2,514	3,751	17,790	31	12	130 @ 138
" 22.	5,068	4,937	4,890	15,687	30	12	134 @ 137
Mar. 1.	2,619	1,957	4,211	13,393	29	12	130 @ 141
" 8.	4,332	740	4,104	12,980	29	12	130 @ 138
" 15.	2,923	1,600	3,250	17,633	29	12	137 @ 138
" 22.	2,530	1,712	4,243	15,940	29	12	137 @ 138
" 29.	2,835	1,600	2,987	16,483	29	12	134 @ 136
April 5.	2,368	1,488	4,013	14,793	27	12	133 @ 135

* Steam.

Early in the week price of middling remained at 29c, owing to the limited supply on the market: but later with the news of the decline at Liverpool to 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. holders accepted lower figures, and some transactions were made as low as 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. very little, however, was offered at that figure. Exchange sight on New York is bought by banks at $\frac{1}{2}$ discount, and sold at $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. premium. Sterling Exchange \$6.36 @ 6.38 for 60 days' bills.

SAVANNAH, April 6.—The receipts for the week ending April 5 were 4,851 bales (of which 126 were from Florida), against 4,806 bales last week. The shipments this week were 7,598 bales, of which 5,512 bales were to Liverpool, 1,310 bales to Queenstown, 327 bales to New York, 225 bales to Boston, 82 bales to Philadelphia, and 145 bales to Baltimore. Below we give the receipts, shipments, prices, &c., for a series of weeks:

Date.	Receipts.	Shipp'ments.	Stock.	Price Mid.
	Date.	mid.	pool.	York.
Feb. 1.	9,489	16,112	26,250	31 @ 31
" 8.	10,624	7,714	29,160	31 @ 31
" 15.	7,041	8,611	27,542	31 @ 31
" 22.	7,742	5,108	30,876	30 @ 30
March 1.	7,219	4,922	33,893	30 @ 30
" 8.	5,489	11,229	28,154	28 @ 28
" 15.	4,900	10,477	23,675	29 @ 29
" 22.	4,721	5,113	22,284	28 @ 28
" 29.	4,306	4,653	21,394	29 @ 29
April 5.	3,651	7,998	19,423	27 @ 27

The market this week has been dull, and prices have declined under the unfavorable European advices, sales being made as low as 27c. for middlings. The stock offering, however, is very small, holders preferring to wait rather than part with their stocks at present figures. At the close the market is excessively dull, and prices are nearly nominal, middling being quoted at 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. and low middling at 26c. Freights show no change. We quote to Liverpool 7-16 @ 4d. for square, and 4d @ 4d. for round bales. Steam to New York 1c., to Boston 4c., to Philadelphia and Baltimore 4c. In sailing vessels the rates are a fraction lower.

GALVESTON, March 29.—We have received one week's later statement by mail from Galveston. The receipts for week ending March 28, were 4,751 bales, against 5,096 last week, and the shipments were 9,120 bales, of which 7,024 bales were to Liverpool, 650 bales were to New York, 628 bales to Boston, and 810 bales were to New Orleans. Below we give the receipts, and shipments for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

Date.	Receipts.	Freights.	To Liver- To New Price		
	Date.	mid.	pool.	York.	gold.
Feb. 1.	1,866	1,865	4,056	36,153	24 @ 24
" 8.	6,494	4,134	12,88	30,621	23 @ 23
" 15.	4,937	4,337	6,074	31,400	22 @ 22
" 22.	8,180	2,790	4,215	26,385	22 @ 22
March 1.	7,766	2,721	3,806	38,170	21 @ 21
" 8.	5,299	2,597	6,289	38,336	21 @ 21
" 15.	7,351	1,284	4,396	41,386	20 @ 20
" 22.	5,096	1,252	9,711	37,544	21 @ 21
" 29.	4,751	2,274	9,190	33,175	21 @ 18-16 @ 21

* Specie.

+ Per steamer.

The market this week has shown considerable activity, but prices have fluctuated, and at the close are nominal, the unfavorable advices from Liverpool and New York having checked the demand at previous figures, and holders being unwilling to make any concession. Exchange sight on New York we quote cotton bills $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. discount, steamship bills $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. discount. Exchange $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. discount. Sterling exchange 145 @ 145 $\frac{1}{2}$ for bankers. Sterling exchange closed at 145 @ 145 $\frac{1}{2}$ for bankers.

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., April 13, 1867.

The exports this week are mostly from New York; Baltimore having shipped only 45 hhd., and a few pounds of manufactured tobacco. The total is about the same as last week, including 937 hhd., and 982 cases, against 1,066 hhd., and 701 cases, as given in our last statement. In the following table will be found the particulars of the weeks shipments:

Exported from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. &c.	& bxs.	hhds.	bales.	Pkgs.	Stems	Man'd.	Ibs.
New York	892	975	51	...	32	150	44	69,856			
Baltimore	45	...	...	1	...	...	...			4,022	
Philadelphia	7	...	...	...	...	...	...			1,297	
Total this week	937	982	51	9	38	150	44	75,175			
Total last week	1,066	701	180	9	308	179	...	102,969			
Total previous week	695	513	422	21	250	...	...	247,227			

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1866.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. &c.	& bxs.	hhds.	bales.	Pkgs.	Stems	Man'd.	Ibs.
Great Britain	3,392	1,084	216	...	...	346	760,145				
Germany	18,112	10,862	3,541	6	...	1,831	273	543	166,615		
Belgium	2,139	200	...	...	...	298	...	...	13,262		
Holland	5,882	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	36,411		
Italy	3,258	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,215		
France	3,629	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	466	212,354	
Spain, &c.	3,999	481	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	31,586	
Mediterranean	821	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Austria	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Africa, &c.	982	217	542	...	...	435	76,996				
China, India, &c.	1,300	97	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Australia	15	...	...	80	...	...	...	...	1,658,268		
B. N. Am. Prov.	166	39	5	...	...	...	...	902	90,697		
South America	99	470	962	...	...	...	...	374	251,423		
West Indies	461	540	2,438	...	...	...	...	231	428,449		
East Indies	268	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mexico	1	1	47	...	...	...	...	...	1,860		
Honolulu, &c.	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...
All others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	8,906		

T^h since Nov. 1, '66 37,455 15,642 7,632 252 2,119 273 3,404 8,755,754

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	crns.	Strips.	Tcs. & Bxs.	& Stems	Lbs.
New York	15,420	13,454	6,365	193	...	1,343	1,022	273 3,560,626
Baltimore	18,027	25	...	...	...	12	1,067	150,703
Boston	813	2,038	1,942	80	...	1,511	...	...
Portland	20	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Orleans	3,125	...	25	...	...	...	...	...
Philadelphia	21	20	...	...	...	...	...	44,425
San Francisco	57	...	...	...	...	8	...	...
Virginia	29	4	29	...	...	100	...	...
Total since Nov. 1. '66 37,455	15,642	7,632	252	...	...	3,404	2,119	273 3,755,754

The market for the past week opened active and buoyant; but the war news from Europe has rather check'd the demand at the close.

The business in Kentucky leaf has amounted to about 600 hhd., at prices ranging from 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 22c.; the demand being mainly for export to the Continent, and prices in most cases showing 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1c. advance per lb. But the demand is less pressing and the supplies more liberal at the close, and prices are barely steady. A few hhd. of Virginia tobacco have been taken at 5@20c. Foreign tobacco has been fairly active, and currency prices have somewhat improved in sympathy with the rise in gold. Sales 180 bales Havana, at 85c. @ \$1.05, and 35 bales at \$1.07. Manufactured tobacco has been firm and in moderate demand. In seedleaf there has been more doing but business is still somewhat restricted by the imperfect stocks. The sales embrace 150 cases old Conn. at 55c., 200 cases new Conn. 11c., 100 cases new Conn. 11c., 65 cases State 10c., 180 cases Ohio 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., 74 cases Ohio 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., 77 cases Ohio 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., 100 cases Ohio new 13c., 42 cases Pennsylvania, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents.

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY.

KENTUCKY LEAF (HHDS.).

Light.	Heavy.	Light.	Heavy.		
Common Lugs	4 @ 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	5 @ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	Good Leaf	10 @ 12c.	19 @ 15
Good Lugs	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	Fine do	18 @ 14	16 @ 18
Common Leaf	6 @ 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	7 @ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	Selections	15 @ 16	19 @ 20
Medium do	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	9 @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.			

SEED LEAF (BOXES).

Connecticut Wrappers, Selections.	...	Old Crop.	Crop of 1865
" Filler	Running	55 @ 70c.	5 @ 25
New York Running Lots	...	25 @ 35c.	10 @ 25
Ohio	...	6 @ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	5 @ 10
Pennsylvania	...	5 @ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.	8 @ 15
New York Fillers	...	4 @ 6	5 @ 10
Ohio and Pennsylvania Fillers	...	3 @ 6	5 @ 10

MANUFACTURED.

Black work—com., tax paid.	25	@ 20c	Fine, tax paid.	80	@ 25
good	40	@ 25c	Black work, medium, in bond	12	@ 18c
fine	60	@ 30c	good & fine	20	@ 30c
Bright work—common	25	@ 40c	Bright work, medium	15	@ 40c
good	45	@ 50c	good & fine	50	@ 50c

FOREIGN.

Havana.—Fillers—Common	60	@ 70	Havana.—Wrappers	1	25 @ 25
Good	75	@ 85	Yara	55 @ 105	60 @ 70
Fine	90 @ 100	100	Yara, average lots	60 @ 70	70

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

From	Hhds.	This week	Previously	T ^h sin. Nov 1
Virginia	255	2,412	3,092	35,977
Baltimore	67	468	1,687	1,764
New Orleans	129	...	1,114	350
Ohio, &c.	1,283	1,618	8,859	9,643
Other	...	3	124	528
Total	1,764	4,521	14,876	66,277

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	hhds.	bales.	Pkgs.	Stems	Manuf.
Liverpool	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,280
London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,054
Marseilles	31	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alvare	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bremen	489	505	...	150	44	...	...	7,171
Hamburg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Genoa	186	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Africa	158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuba	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	15,039
Hayti	3	...	...	6	...	...	...	...
Other West Indies	43	...	...	20	...	...	...	16,504
British Guiana	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	578
New Granada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mexico	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,230
British N. Am. Colonies	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
Total export for the week	892	975	51	150	44	32	...	69,856

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the exports this week, from other ports, have been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Liverpool 45 hhd., 1 pkg., 4,022 manuf. lbs.

From Philadelphia—To Port Spain 7 cs. ... To Havana 1,207 lbs.

KENTUCKY.—At Louisville, the sales at the four auction warehouses during the current tobacco year, including reviews, amount to 11,189 hhd. Prices are about the same as ruled at the date of our last weekly review of the market, the market closing firm and buoyant under favorable advices from New York and European markets, with liberal receipts. We quote:

Light.	Heavy.	Light.	Heavy.
Lugs	...	\$2 50 @ \$4 00	\$4 00 @ \$6 50
Common leaf	5 00 @ 7 00	6 00 @ 9 00	
Medium leaf	9 00 @ 11 00	9 00 @ 13 00	
Good leaf	12 00 @ 14 00	12 00 @ 16 00	
Fine leaf	16 00 @ 17 00	16 00 @ 20 00	

On Monday the market was buoyant at full prices for all grades and an advance in lugs. The offerings were 101 hogheads, with 6 rejections. Sales include 1 hoghead at \$2 80, 12 at \$3 @ \$90, 14 at \$4 @ 4 90, 8 at \$5 @ 5 95, 4 at \$6 @ 5 50, 11 at \$7 @ 80, 5 at \$8 @ 8 85, 7 at \$9 @ 9 90, 13 at \$10 @ 10 75, 5 at \$11 25 @ 11 75, 7 at \$12 @ 12 25, 5 at \$13 @ 13 25, 5 at \$14 @ 14 50, 2 at \$16 @ 17 75, 7 at \$18 @ 18 50.

VIRGINIA.—At Petersburg the tobacco market the past week has been active at full prices for all desirable grades. Three hundred and sixty hogheads and lots of loose have been sold at the Merchants' Exchange the present week. We quote primings and common lugs at \$1 50 to 2 50; lugs in good order, \$4 to 8; good leaf \$10 to 14; very good \$16 75 to 28; fine \$35 to 51; fancy \$69 to 100.

At Richmond on the 10th the bidding on the staple was quite lively at the Exchange. There was quite a large attendance of buyers, and the Tobacco offered commanded fair prices. There were sold 80 hogheads, 22 tierces and 22 boxes, which brought from \$8 to \$49, according to grade. The breaks still continue full, but shipping and fancy leaf are scarce and in great demand.

NEW ORLEANS.—The stock is too small and the receipts are too light to allow of any scope for large operations, and the sales since our last semi-weekly review are consequently confined to small lots, of which the principal are a few hogheads seed Leaf at 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., 4 new Leaf at 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. @ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., 5 do at 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., 11 at 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c., 26 at 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. and 10 at 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. A number of foreign buyers are here awaiting supplies. Arrived, 94 hhd. Cleared for New York, 155 hhd. Stock in warehouses and on shipboard not cleared on the 5th inst., 1,454 hhd.

MARYLAND.—Maryland leaf is coming in more freely, but the demand is limited; new crop mostly inquired for, and prices steadily maintained. Old crop, frosted, continues very dull. Sales for the week embrace 200 @ 300 hhd. Maryland within our range annexed. There is nothing worthy of remark doing in other descriptions, and for which the market is very dull. Inspections this week 768 hhd. Maryland, (213 resinspected), 61 Ohio, 2 Kentucky, and 1 Virginia—total, 832 hhd. Cleared same time, 45 hhd. to Liverpool.

Maryland frosted to com'n \$1 50 @ 2 00

" sound common" 3 50 @ 4 60

" good" 5 00 @ 5 50

" middling" 6 00 @ 8 00

" good to fine b'wn 10 00 @ 12 00

" fancy" 17 00 @ 25 00

Maryland upper country \$3 00 @ 30 00

" ground leaf, new 3 00 @ 30 00

" inferior to good com. 4 00 @ 6 00

" brown and spangled 7 00 @ 12 00

" g'd & fine red & spangled 13 00 @ 21 00

" fine yellow & fancy 20 00 @ 30 00

TOBACCO STATEMENT.			
Stock in warehouses 1st Jan., 1867, together with 1,960 hds. on shipboard not cleared	19,595	Cleared for foreign ports, 5,799 Coastwise & reinspected 3,860	9,159
Inspected this week.....	832		
do previously.....	2,985	Stock to-day in warehouses and on shipboard not cleared.....	14,253
Total.....	28,412		

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, April 12, 1867, P. M.

The market has been greatly unsettled, with some speculative excitement, attributable mainly to the war news from Europe, and the rise in gold.

The flour market has shown a fair degree of activity, and extreme prices have been realized; the receipts continue below the average; but the chief strength of the market has been derived from the very light movement at the West, and speculative orders from that quarter. Our own receivers would rather reduce stocks; but the peremptory orders of Western millers, who are owners of most of the flour in store, has compelled a slight but almost daily advance in prices. The currency prices of flour are now higher with gold about 137, than when gold was at 285 in July, 1864. But the probability of another European war, and the impossibility of this market responding to any considerable export demand, without pushing up prices still further, give a very strong feeling to the market. The close, however, is rather weak.

Wheat has advanced even more than flour, especially Spring grades. The navigation of the upper lakes is not likely to be resumed before the first of May, and yet receipts of Wheat at Chicago and Milwaukee have not been equal to the shipments thence by rail. The local millers have bought more freely in this market than for some time, the stock has suffered considerable reduction, though still large. At the extreme advance there has been a pause, with a very unsettled feeling. The Western markets, having been relatively higher than this, have declined about five cents per bushel, but with renewed business at the decline. California Wheat has sold in this market at lower prices; a full cargo of forty thousand bushels being taken yesterday at equal to \$3 20, and then to-day at \$3 3, and good No. 2 Spring at \$2 62@\$2 65.

Corn has advanced about ten cents per bushel, and exporters have taken about three hundred thousand bushels, or nearly one-fifth of the entire stock. (The exporters took a hundred and fifty thousand bushels last week, instead of 15,000 bushels, as printed.) The shipments are mainly to Great Britain. There have been moderate shipments of Corn from Philadelphia and Baltimore to Liverpool. The supplies of new corn at the Western markets begin to be liberal in quantity, but the quality is generally inferior. The corn crop of 1865 has proved to be of unusually good quality, while that of 1866, which now begins to come forward, is probably rather below the average in this respect. This increases the disposition to hold prime lots of corn in store.

Oats and Rye have advanced, but close unsettled, and the extreme quotations of early in the week have not been maintained. Barley has advanced two cents for prime in bond, with sales of Canada West at 95@97c, but for free Barley the prices have been irregular. There has been a limited export movement of Canada Peas, at about previous gold prices.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine.....	9 bbl \$10 25@11 35	Milwaukee Club.....	\$2 25@ 2 85
Extra State.....	11 00@18 35	Red Winter.....	.....
Shipping R. hoop Ohio, 12 50@13 25		Amber do.....	8 10@ 8 25
Extra Western, common to good.....	11 75@14 50	White.....	3 20@ 3 35
Double Extra Western and St. Louis.....	14 75@18 00	Corn, Western Mixed.....	1 25@ 1 35
Southern supers.....	12 25@13 40	Western Yellow.....	.....
Southern, fancy and ex. 14 00@17 75		Western White.....	.....
Rye Flour, fine and superfine.....	8 00@ 8 75	Jersey Yellow.....	1 29@ 1 30
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine.....	5 75@ 6 25	Rye.....	1 40@ 1 55
Wheat, Chicago Spring per bushel.....	2 80@ 2 85	Oats, Western cargoes.....	72@ 74

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.			
1867			
Flour, bbls.....	36,775	556,134	For week. S'g'd Jan. 1.
Corn meal, bbls.....	4,590	101,435	40,980 425,530
Wheat, bush.....	56,745	961,325	8,280 113,150
Corn, bush.....	39,970	448,040	1,700 68,635
Rye, bush.....	500	3,080	5,915 483,895
Barley, &c., bush.....	17,050	189,365	12,705 7,550 940,165
Oats, bush.....	6,930	252,950	5,215 398,640

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.							
To	Flour, C. meal, Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Corn,	bbls.	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Gt. Brit. week.....	2,076	25	14,086	6,515	729,033	98,784 1,943,648	52,897
N. A. Col. week.....	7,151	832	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,000
since Jan. 1.....	24,676	7,655	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,982
West Ind. week.....	4,618	1,983	.....	.....	.....	298	3,518
since Jan. 1.....	61,046	26,777	675	.....	.....	2,776	81,744
Total expt. week.....	12,969	2,364	.....	.....	.....	24,313	298 62,245
since Jan. 1, 1867 116,034	37,164	34,922	128,620	733,421	103,085 1,999,553	.....	.....
same time, 1866, 290,037	34,080	100,296	135,636	566,800	1,810,889	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1, from							
Boston.....	37,600	1,651	500	.....	.....	1 287,571	936
Philadelphia.....	11,258	7,969	5,948	.....	.....	3,654 228,596	.....
Baltimore.....	29,340	8,350	.....	.....	.....	500 449,351	.....

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY, April 12, 1867—P. M.

The market has shown considerable revival of activity during the week. There are more liberal stocks in market, enabling buyers to operate more satisfactorily, although the tendency has been to rather lower prices. The gold fluctuations have rendered prices unsettled to some extent, while it has prevented the decline in currency prices which would otherwise have probably occurred. The week's business has been quite liberal, and the market may be called fairly active at the close.

The imports of the week have been unusually large in the articles of tea and sugar; six vessels having arrived from China with cargoes wholly or in part of tea, and a large number of vessels in the West Indies trade with cargoes of sugar and molasses. The imports of tea amount to 86,750 packages, chiefly of black, and of sugar to 6,031 Havana boxes and 20,417 hds—the latter being the largest importation of any week since the first of January.

The imports of sugar, at the five ports, since the beginning of the current year now amount to 52,988 boxes 94,676 hds., and 57,124 bags, the details of which are given in our tables.

The latest dates from China show a total shipment for the season beginning June 1st, 1866, of 28,859,017 lbs. of tea to this country, against 25,469,476 in 1865-6.

TEA.

Tea has been in only moderate request, and at the close of last week some concessions were made. Later the market was unsettled by the fluctuation in gold. Near the close there is a rather better trade demand, and prices having somewhat recovered are more steady. The sales for the week include 7,900 half chests Oolong, 5,000 do Greens 2,800 do Japans, and 2,800 packages Souchongs, all from first hands, on terms not made public.

Imports of the week have been unusually large, amounting to 8,626, 129 lbs. of direct, and 2,496 pkgs. of indirect importation. The details are as follows, viz: per "Broadwater" from Amoy, 82,744 lbs of Congou and Souchong, 538,937 of Oolong and Ningyong; per "George Shotton," from Foochowfoo, 499,700 lbs. Oolong and Ning; per "Queen of the Ocean," from Foochow, 22,800 lbs. Congou and Souchong, 703,100 lbs. of Oolong and Ning.; per "F. Reck," from Foochowfoo, 26,200 lbs. Congou and Souchong, 538,900 Oolong and Ningyong; per "Assyrian," from Shanghai, 41,728 lbs. of Twankay, 107,587 lbs. Hyson, 339,824 lbs. Young Hyson, 58,653 lbs. of Imperial, 75,856 lbs. Gunpowder; per "Kate Carnie," from Foochow 69,800 lbs. of Congou and Souchong, 525,800 lbs. of Oolong and Ningyong; per "Hansa," from Bremen, 62 pkgs.; per "City of Manchester," from Liverpool 2,434 pkgs.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States, from June 1, 1866, to Feb. 15, 1867, and imports at New York and Boston since Jan. 1:

SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.				IMP'TS AT N. Y. & BOSTON.			
To Atlantic ports.....	1,654,736	1,141,614	To San Fran.	1,141,614	388,525	Direct	Indirect
Feb. 15. to June 1 to	1,141,614	in '65, cisco.	at New	at N. A. at Bos.	66,093	From Gt. Brit.	8,695 S1
lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	pkgs.	pkgs. all sorts
Congou & Sou.	374,163	309,288	1,141,614	1,141,614	7,414,590	From Gt. Brit.	8,695 S1
Pouchong	9,947,737	8,141,966	742,049	742,049	348,837	From Europe	.....
Oolong & Ning.	611,184	742,049	52,565	52,565	5,384	112	.....
Twankay	1,296,388	1,296,388	Hyson skin	Hyson skin	754,379	From E. Ind.	.....
Young Hyson	6,236,476	6,586,499	44,360	44,360	772,157	Exp'ts oth. p'ts	.....
Imperial	1,453,697	1,245,503	Gunpowder	1,508,905	1,521,619	1,080,952	.....
Barley	1,206,132	1,206,132	Peas, Canada	5,458,983	4,476,078	.....	.....
Malt	1,206,132	1,206,132	White beans	1,760,838	28,889,017	44,860	15,295,730 8,707 S1
Total.....	.....	.....	Total.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

HONG KONG, Feb. 15.—The occurrence of the Chinese New Year's holiday, the 5th of February, caused a cessation of business at all the ports. Prices remain about the same, and no shipments to America are reported within the fortnight. At Yokohama, too little business has been done to warrant reliable quotations.

COFFEE.

COFFEE has been in more liberal supply, and with the higher price of gold, gold quotations are rather lower. The market has been moderately active, but sales are chiefly on private terms. The sales for the week include 8,500 bags Rio here, and 5,000 bags at New Orleans, and 11,000 bags in Baltimore. The market closing more steady.

Imports of the week have been considerable, including receipts of Rio, Java, Ceylon, Maracaibo, and Laguayra Coffee as follows, viz.: Of Rio 5,500 bags per "Contest," 3,752 bags per "Hebe," 5,800 bags per "Valkyrien," and 4,841 bags per "Frithoff." Of Java, 12,519 mats per "Humbolt." Of Ceylon 5,000 bags per "Alvington." Of Laguayra 3,828 bags per "Adela," and 1,345 bags per "Mercedita." Of Maracaibo 4,077 bags per "Ilva," and 58 bags of sundries.

The imports since January 1, and stock in first hands April 9 are as follows:

OF RIO COFFEE.		Import.	Stock.	OTHER SOBTS.	At New York, At Bost.
New York, bags	136,510	26,673		Java, import.	Stock. Imports.
Philadelphia	1,800			Java, bags	16,521 661 19,454
Baltimore	89480	5,000		Ceylon	5,000
New Orleans	44,214	4,500		Singapore, "	5,369 2,400 9,151
Galveston	3,200			Maracaibo,	7,743 4,075
Mobile	5,000	1,800		Laguayra,	9,688 3,350
Savannah	2,500			St. Domingo,	9,388 1,088 5,868
Total	233,844	37,973		Other,	5,197 2,266 531
				Total,	58,862 13,928 34,804

SUGAR.

SUGAR was quite active for raw at the beginning of the week, but later, the fluctuations in gold somewhat interfered with trade, although there has been a liberal business doing. Prices are steady at last week's quotations. Refined has been active and is rather firmer in price. The sales of the week include about 6,500 hogsheads Cuba and Porto Rico, and 3,500 boxes Havana.

Imports of the week have been large, embracing 6,031 boxes, 20,417 hhds., and 1,335 Java baskets at New York, 342 hhds. at Portland, 838 boxes and 2,948 hhds. at Boston, 1,779 boxes and 4,635 hhds. at Philadelphia, 2,038 hhds at Baltimore, and 1,529 boxes and 436 hhds. at New Orleans, making a total of 10,217 boxes, 30,843 hhds. and 1,335 baskets at the five ports for the week, and 52,988 boxes, 94,676 hhds., and 57,124 bags imported since January first, 1867.

Stocks, April 9, and imports since January 1, are as follows:

At—	Cuba.	Other	New	Brazil, Manila,	Total bags.	bags.
N. York stock	35,139	.....	.....	32,304	94,737	
Same date 1866	50,617	.....	.....	26,905	108,937	
Imports since Jan. 1.	36,472	52,749	7,563	85	60,396	10,061 42,858
Portland	876	651	762	.....	1,413	.....
Boston	6,952	8,159	1,535	117	9,811	159
Philadelphia	4,650	10,946	2,104	60	13,110	.....
Baltimore	2,203	2,651	4,869	.....	7,939	.....
New Orleans	2,835	1,360	.....	.....	2,426	4,056
Total import.....	52,988	76,516	16,833	262	84,676	14,107 43,017

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

HAVANA, April 5, 1867.—Buyers have not appeared much in the market, as holders have continued to ask 7 rs. per arroba for No. 12 as a basis, in the face of discouraging advices from London and the United States.

The following will show the receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas:

Year.	Rec'd this		Expts to U. S.		Total export.		Stocks.
	week.	week.	wk.	wk.	Since Jan. 1.	Since Jan. 1.	
1867.	88,971	8,747	57,980	54,672	363,096	368,427	
1866.	81,784	.....	89,710	19,902	312,772	349,569	
1865.	72,400	.....	88,465	40,832	324,223	290,293	

MUSCOVADOES.—The market still remains dull, with no sales reported. The quotations are 6 to 6 1/2 rs. for fair to good refining.

Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas are as follows:

Year.	Receipts		Exports.		Stocks.
	fo.	to U. States.	To w. k.	wk. s'ce Jan. 1. for w. k. s'ce Jan. 1.	
1867.	4,135	1,375	14,324	1,475	26,198 17,935
1866.	2,397	.....	16,209	3,510	24,453 18,455
1865.	4,164	...	21,582	2,462	23,960 17,488

MOLASSES.

MOLASSES has been more active with the better supply received, and prices are fully maintained with an upward tendency at the close, and an active demand prevailing. The sales include about 8,000 hhds. of all kinds, about equally distributed among refiners and distillers.

Imports of the week have been above average in quantity, including 9,761 hhds. at New York, and 14,396 hhds. at the other ports.

Stocks, April 9, and imports since January 1 are as follows:

At	Cuba.		Porto Rico.		Other Foreign.		N. O.
	*hhds.	*hhds.	*hhds.	*hhds.	bbls.		
New York, stock	6,900	1,400	.....	.....	.....	.....
N. Y., imp'ts since Jan. 1.	26,645	4,739	4,331	.....	6,831	.....
Portland	15,405	4	445	.....	.....	.....
Boston	15,613	1,189	145	.....	1,193	984	
Philadelphia	17,040	303	81	.....	1,193	984	
Baltimore	3,571	8	507	.....	1,193	984	
New Orleans	10,654	.....	.....	.....	1,193	984	
Total	88,928	6,193	6,009	8,987	.....	.....

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

SPICES.

SPICES continue quiet, and without interesting feature. Prices are steady.

FRUITS.

FRUITS have been rather quiet for foreign dried, although the trade in green fruits is quite liberal. Prices show but little change. The sales include 5,200 boxes layer raisins, and in green fruits large sales of Havana and Mesina oranges, cocoanuts, &c. Domestic dried fruit is without special change.

We annex ruling quotations:

Tea.

Duty paid.		Duty paid.	
Hyson, Common to fair	85 @ 1 00	do	Ex f. to fin'st 85 @ 90
do Superior to fine	1 10 @ 1 25	do	do Com. to fair. 85 @ 90
do Ex fine to finest	80 @ 1 00	do	do Sup'r to fine. 1 00 @ 1 05
Yg Hyson, Com. to fair	80 @ 1 00	do	do Ex f. to finest 1 00 @ 1 20
do Superior to fine	1 10 @ 1 40	do	do Superior to fine. 95 @ 1 25
do Ex fine to finest	85 @ 1 00	do	do Ex fine to finest 1 00 @ 1 73
Cunp. & Imp. Com. to fair	80 @ 1 00	do	do Sup. & Com. to fair. 85 @ 1 75
do Ex. f. to finest	85 @ 1 00	do	do Sup'r to fine. 85 @ 1 10
H. S. & Twkay, C. to fair	85 @ 1 00	do	do Ex f. to finest 1 00 @ 1 60
do Sup. to fine	75 @ 1 00	do	

Coffee.

Duty paid.		Duty paid.	
Rio, prime, duty paid	gold 19	do	Java, mats and bags gold 24 1/2 25
do good	gold 18 1/2 19	do	Native Ceylon 19 @ 20
do fair	gold 17 1/2 19	do	Maracaibo 17 1/2 19
do ordinary	gold 16 @ 16 1/2	do	Laguayra 17 1/2 19
do fair to g. evrges	gold 17 1/2 18	do	St. Domingo 16 @ 16 1/2

Molasses.

Duty paid.		Duty paid.	
Porto Rico	10 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 18 to 15 11 1/2 18
do inf. to com. refining	9 1/2 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 16 to 18 14 1/2 18
do fair to good	10 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 19 to 20 18 1/2 18
do fair to good grocery	10 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do white 13 1/2 14
do pr. to choice	11 1/2 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 16
do centrifugal	9 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 15
do Melado	6 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 15
Hava. Box. D. S. Nos. 7 to 9	9 1/2 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 14
do do do 10 to 12 10 @ 1 2 1/2	do	do do do 13 1/2 14	

Spices.

Duty paid.		Duty paid.	
Cassis, in mats.	gold 41	do	Pepper, (gold) 21 1/2 21 1/2
Ginger, race and Afgold	18 1/2 19	do	Pimento, Jamaica (gold) 19 @ 20
Mace	85 @ 90	do	Cloves (gold) 27 1/2 28
Nutmegs, No. 1.	85 @ 87	do	

Fruit.

Dried Fruits.		Fruit.	
Raisins, Seedless.	12 1/2 13	Apples.	gold 9 1/2 12
do Layer	3 1/2 3 1/2	Blackberries	28 @ 24
do Bunch	3 1/2 3 1/2	Raspberries	45 @ 48
Curraus.	11 1/2 12	Pared Peaches	37 @ 42
Citron, Leghorn	2 1/2 3 1/2	Unpeeled do	13 @ 16
Prunes, Turkish	2 1/2 3 1/2	Cherries, pitted, new...	50 @ 52

DRIED FRUIT.

Dried Fruits.		Fruit.	
Almonds, Languedoc.	32 @ 35	Apples.	gold 9 1/2 12
do Provence.	34 @ 30	Blackberries	28 @ 24
do Sicily, Soft Shell	23 @ 24	Raspberries	45 @ 48
do Shelled	35 @ 36	Pared Peaches	37 @ 42
Sardines.	3 @ 2 1/2	Unpeeled do	13 @ 16
do h. box	30 @ 31	Cherries, pitted, new...	50 @ 52

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., April 12, 1867.

The Dry Goods Market is less active than last week, and the indications are that the principal activity in this branch of trade is over for the season. There is, however, a moderate business doing, and prices of staple goods and prime makes are steady. Lower grades, however, have a downward tendency in sympathy with the decline in cotton. The demand is chiefly for small lots to even up assortments and for light goods for seasonal trade. The export demand is quite liberal as prices decline. The following are the details for the week.

FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
Exports to	Domestics.	D. Goods.	D. Goods.
Liverpool.	.....	68	\$20,592
Havre.	.....	11	5,750
China.	300	48,030	5
New Granada.	.....	176	18,000
Cuba.	3	294	.....
British W. Indies.	1	239	.....
Dutch W. Indies.	3	445	

B do 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Sussex F do 17, Newmarket C do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell E do 19, Great Falls M do 16, do S do 15, Albion do 16, Dwight W do 17, Pepperell R do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia E do 16, Exeter A do 16, Shannon do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia B do 18, Laconia O 9-8 18, Pequot do 25, Indian Orchard A 40 inch 19, do do C 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Nashua 5-4 20, Naumkeag W do 28 $\frac{1}{2}$, Utica do 42 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell 7-4 36, Utica do 50, Pepperell 9-4 47 $\frac{1}{2}$, Monadnock 10-4 52 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell do 57 $\frac{1}{2}$, Utica 11-4 90.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are less active and prices show some decline. Mechanics 3-4 11, Keystones do 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Revere do 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Globe do 10, Kingston do 10, Boott R do 13, Waltham X 7-8 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Putnam B do 14, Amoskeag Z do 16, Great Falls M do 16, do S do 15, do A do 18, do J do 16, Lyman Cambrie do 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Strafford A do 18, Lawrence A do 15, Hill's Semp. Idem do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Boot C do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, James 31 inch 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 33 inch 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bartlett 31 inch 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 38 inch 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Greene G 4-4 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lewiston G do 16, Pocumtuck do 15, Putnam A do 16, Newmarket A do 14, do C do 19, Great Falls K do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bartletts do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Constitutional do 14, James Steam do 22, Newburyport do 22, Indian River XX do 16, Attawaugan XX do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence B do 18, Fountain do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hope do 20, Blackstone do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Franklin do 20, Amoskeag A do 24 $\frac{1}{2}$, Boot B do 21, Forestdale do 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Masonville do 25, do XX do 28, Androscoggin L do 26, Lonsdale do 25, Wauregan do 25, do F do 20, Bates XX do 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, Arkwright do 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lyman J do 28, Wamsutta H 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do O do 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Mystic Lake do 30, Lonsdale Cambrie do 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, New York Mills do 40, Hill do 25, Amoskeag 42 inch 24 $\frac{1}{2}$, Waltham do 22, Wamsutta 9-8 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, Naumkeag W 5-4 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Boot W do 24, Bates do 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, Wamsutta do 42 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag 46 inch 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, Waltham 6-4 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell do 35, Utica do 50, Waltham 8-4 45, Pepperell do 50, Pepperell 9-4 60, Utica do 80, Baltic 10-4 60, Bates do 65, Waltham do 65, Allendale do 65, Pepperell do 70, Utica do 85, Masabesic 11-4 70, Amoskeag do 75, Pepperell do 80.

Ticks are inactive and prices are somewhat nominal. Conestoga O M 4 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag A C A 32 inch 48, do A 32 do 38, do B 32 do 33, do D 30 do 23, do O 30 do 25, Pemberton A 36 $\frac{1}{2}$, Brunswick 20, Blackstone River 20, Hamilton 35, do D 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Somerset 18, Thordike 21, Pearl River 46, Harvest 34, Hancock A A 29, Pittsfield 12, Bunkerhill 24, York 30 inch 35, Cordis A A 40, Everett 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Boston AA 32, Swift River 20, Eagle 4 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, Winnebago 12, Baltic 12, Albany 12 $\frac{1}{2}$.

STRAPS are dull and quite nominal. Amoskeag 28 and 29, Uncasville 19 and 20, Whittenton A A 28, do A 3-8 26, do B 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, do C 18, Pittsfield 8-8 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pemberton Awn 45, Haymaker 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Everett 27 inch 21, Massabesic 6-8 27, Boston 20, Chester Dock 18 and 19, Blackstone 17 and 18, American 17 and 18, Eagle 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 17, Hamilton 27, Arkwright 26 $\frac{1}{2}$, Easton 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Jewett City 21 and 22, Sheridan G 18.

CHECKS are in very quiet demand, but prices are unchanged. Park Mills Red 25, Lanark 4x2 29 inch 18, Lanark for 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Union 50 4x2 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 50 2x2 32, do 20 4-2 30, do 20 2-2 30, Caledonia 15 inch 34, do 11 inch 28, Kennebeck 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Star No. 600 16, do No. 800 2x2 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, do No. 900 4-2 26, Cameron No. 90 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, do No. 80 20.

DENIMS AND COTTONADES are dull and prices are easier. Amoskeag denims sell at 38c., Haymaker 21, York 33 $\frac{1}{2}$, Warren brown 20, Pearl River 33 $\frac{1}{2}$, Union 24, Monitor 18, Manchester Co. 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, Suffolk 25, Arlington 28, Blue Hill 18, Fort Moultrie 30, Mount Vernon 27, and Farmers' and Mechanics' cottonades at 45c., Pemberton do 45, Bodman's Ky J 47, Plow & Anv. 50, Everett 47 $\frac{1}{2}$, Whittenton d $\frac{1}{2}$ 32 $\frac{1}{2}$.

BROWN DRILLS are in fair demand for home trade. Winthrop 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag 21, Laconia 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, do fine jean 22, Stark A 21, Massabesic 18, Bennington 21, Woodward duck 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, National bags 31, Stark A do 60, Liberty do 31.

PRINTING CLOTHS are dull and declining. The last sales are reported at 10c. for 64x64 square, but this is above the present price.

PAINTS are in less demand than last week, although there is a light demand for new styles, and prices show but little variation. American 16, Amoskeag dark 15, do purple 16, do pink 18, do shirting 15, do palm leaf 16, Merrin D dark 17, do purple 18, do W dark 19, do purple 19, do pink 19, Sprague's dark 17 and 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do purple 18, do shirting 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, do pink 18, do blue check 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, do solid 16, do indigo blue 17, do Swiss ruby 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, London Mourning 15, Simpson Mourning 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag Mourning 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Garners light 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Dunnell's 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Allen 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 17, Richmond 14, Gloucester 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Wamsutta 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pacific dark 17 and 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Cocheco 14, Lowell 14, Naumkeag 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Victory 14, Home 11, Empire State 10, Wauregan 14.

LAWNS AND GINGHAMS show but little change. Lawns are in good demand and ginghams are rather quiet. Lancaster 23 cents, Hartford 18, Caledonia (new) 20, Glasgow 21, Clyde 16, Berkshire 21, German 20, Roanoke 16, Bates 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Manchester 18.

COTTON FLANNELS are dull and nominal. Ellerton N. Bro. 35, do O do 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do T do 19, Laconia do 28, Slaterville do 24, Hamilton do 28 $\frac{1}{2}$, Rockland do 17, Naumkeag do 25, Tremont do 21, Scotts extra do 20, Whittenton do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Ellerton N Blea 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, do O do 38, do P do 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Sal's Falls do 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, Methuen A do 32, Naumkeag do 25, Nashua A 20, Chicopee 22, Extra Plush 24.

CORSET JEANS are in steady moderate demand. Androscoggin 14, Bates colored 14, do bleached 14, Naumkeag 21, Pepperell 22, Naumkeag sattee 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia 21, Amoskeag 21, Newmarket 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lewiston 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard 16, Berkeley 22, Rockport 21, Tremont 12.

CAMBRIOS AND SILESIES are quite steady. Washington cambrios sell at 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents, Victory 12, do A 18, do high colors 14, Fox Hill 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Superior 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Smithfield 13, Waverly 12, S. S. & Sons paper cambrios at 17, do high colors 19, White Rock 17, Masonville 17, and Indian Orchard Silesias 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Ward do at 21.

WOOLEN GOODS are in very light demand for fine grades, other kinds are still quite nominal, and unsatisfactory to manufacturers, so much so, that still further stoppages of mills and reduction of production is reported.

MOUSLIN DELAINES are in fair demand for newer styles. Prices are unchanged. Alt dark 23, Hamilton Co. 23, Manchester dark 23, Pacific dark 28, Armures dark 28, High colors 28, Pacific Merinos 40, Mourning 28, Shephard checks 28, Skirtings 30.

AMERICAN LINEN is in good demand at former prices.

FOREIGN GOODS are without material variation. Some sales of dress goods at auction have brought better prices, and thus French goods, jacquets, organdies, &c., &c., are improved. Staple goods and plain dress goods are quiet. Fine woolens are wanted. Linen is very quiet.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending April 11, 1867, and the corresponding weeks of 1865 and 1866, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 11, 1867.

	1865.	1866.	1867.
	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.
Manufactures of wool...	894 \$297,886	1,107 \$501,905	884 \$174,621
do cotton...	363 118,173	1,084 383,295	124 117,389
do silk...	213 216,741	261 329,736	534 195,888
do flax...	603 128,304	1,498 403,271	512 125,073
Miscellaneous dry goods...	195 49,575	522 133,480	5,443 117,396
Total.....	2,355 \$805,678	4,422 \$1,661,586	7,407 \$322,764

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

	1865.	1866.	1867.
	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.
Manufactures of wool...	485 \$198,589	966 \$405,441	466 \$202,063
do cotton...	325 116,725	537 177,364	124 148,341
do silk...	126 127,303	186 212,974	534 145,343
do flax...	402 108,543	487 139,842	533 126,753
Miscellaneous dry goods...	784 20,659	262 13,341	2,266 48,257
Total.....	2,122 \$571,799	2,438 \$948,863	3,508 \$663,584
Add ent'd for consumpt'n 2,355	805,678	4,422 1,661,586	7,407 \$322,764
Total thrown upon mak't 4,480 \$1,377,477	6,860 \$2,610,448	10,915 \$1,501,324	

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

	1865.	1866.	1867.
	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.
China, Glass & E.			
ware...			
Bottles.....	1,646	300 \$150,483	710 \$281,333
do cotton...	301	95,771	167 60,792
do silk...	126	127,303	186 82,524
do flax...	402	108,543	487 45,653
Miscellaneous dry goods...	5,581	51,152	289 2,454
Total.....	7,517	\$621,472	10,915 \$1,501,324
Add ent'd for consumpt'n 2,355	805,678	4,422 1,661,586	7,407 \$322,764
Total entered at the port 9,372	\$1,427,150	5,418 \$2,003,487	13,471 \$1,407,996

IMPORTS

(OTHER THAN DRY GOODS AND SPECIE) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 5, 1867.

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.
China, Glass & E.			
ware...			
Bottles.....	1,646	15,919	Stationery, &c.
do cotton...	301	22,681	Books..... 183 37,411
do silk...	126	38,147	Engravings..... 4 1,71
do flax...	402	127,303	Paper..... 2403 36,514
Miscellaneous dry goods...	5,581	51,152	Other..... 150 12,719
Total.....	7,517	\$621,472	Cork..... 5,227
Add ent'd for consumpt'n 2,355	805,678	4,422 1,661,586	Lignum, M. 1,960 5,064
Total entered at the port 9,372	\$1,427,150	5,418 \$2,003,487	Mahogany..... 11,256
			Hattan..... 146
			Rosewood..... 6,303
			Willow..... 944
			Other..... 4,573
			Miscellaneous..... 5,327
			Baskets..... 261 8,776
			Bricks..... 146
			Boxes..... 798
			Buttons..... 165 43,916
			Building stones..... 726
			Clay..... 4,009
			Cheese..... 14 1,002
			Cigars..... 13,137
			Coal, tons..... 448 2,428
			Corks..... 5,301
			Clocks..... 34 1,473
			Coffee, bgs. 1819 29,783
			Fancy goods..... 107,484
			Feathers..... 5,318
			Flax..... 9 1,732
			Fish..... 22,976
			Furniture..... 1,101
			Grindstones..... 1,157
			Gumby cloth 615 11,902
			Guano..... 34,194
			Hair..... 34 3,146
			Haircloth..... 6 3,526
			Hemp..... 871 13,990
			Honey..... 14 680
			Hops..... 23 1,427
			Ind. rubber..... 288 42,992
			Ivory..... 19 6,375
			Machinery..... 207 13,273
			M. R. bld & man do 129
			Matches..... 247
			Molasses..... 341 92,230
			Oil paintings..... 5,876
			Perfumery..... 17 2,028
			Pipes..... 8,697
			Provisions..... 334
			Rags..... 4106 93,703
			Salt..... 19,913
			Sugar, bgs. & 5,365 256,695
			Sugar, bxs. & 2,881 46,829
			Trees & plants..... 2,715
			Tea..... 4,680 56,211
			Umbrellas..... 2,708
			Twine..... 4 383
			Toys..... 62 2,074
			Tobacco..... 410 12,944
			Waste..... 408 19,466
			Wool, bales..... 913 72,936
			Wool, bld & 1,405 2,451
			Figs..... 2,129
			Total..... \$2,045,023

Our General Prices Current will be found on pages 477 and 478.

The Railway Monitor.

PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.—The operating accounts of this Company for the years ending December 31, 1865 and 1866, present the following results:

	1865.	1866.	Increase.	Decrease.
Passenger Earnings	\$2,391,221 46	\$2,441,995 70	\$54,774	\$49,326 76
Freight	4,739,067 88	4,707,582 13	—	31,486 76
U. S. Mail	93,930 00	98,900 00	—	—
Express	149,638 02	100,988 43	—	49,359 59
Clev. & P'bg RR. lease	35,000 00	85,000 00	—	—
Rents	4,861 13	2,868 00	—	1,993 12
Miscellaneous	25,354 08	35,623 31	10,318 23	—
Gross earnings	\$8,499,065 56	\$7,467,217 56	\$1,021,845 00	
From which deduct cost of maintenance and operating, viz.:				
Maintenance of way	\$1,844,674 26	\$1,370,538 01	\$74,141 24	
" of cars	531,109 94	552,910 50	21,798 56	
" of machin	1,520,944 54	1,668,190 04	147,247 50	
Transportation	1,239,972 76	1,294,472 24	59,493 48	
General exp. and taxes	387,810 00	475,574 55	87,764 55	
Cost of operating	\$5,236,515 58	\$5,147,686 54	\$57,829 04	
Balance	\$3,263,546 98	\$2,319,531 03	\$64,015 95	
Add, net income of N. C. and B. V. RR.	34,331 43	55,460 56	21,129 13	
Total net earnings	\$8,317,878 41	\$2,874,901 58	\$442,886 83	

From which were paid the following amounts:

	1865.	1866.	Increase.	Decrease.
Interest on bonds	\$901,483 00	\$870,861 93	\$31,621	\$123 07
Dividend 10 p. c. and tax	9,128 50	1,035,318 79	104,038 29	—
Sinking fund	104,100 00	118,678 67	14,578 67	
Clev. & Pittsb'g RR. lease	342,491 93	200,046 06	—	133,348 87
\$2,249,364 43	\$2,233,404 45	\$15,959 98		

While the earnings of the road for transporting freight in the years 1865 and 1866, were very nearly equal, the quantity of freight transported, and the conditions of the movement varied materially in these years as will be seen by the following comparison:

	1865.	1866.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tonnage	83,615	1,025,778	105,163	—
Mileage, per ton	193,789,901	238,274,794	45,484,893	—
Average haul, per ton	293	227	—	6
Mileage of loaded cars	24,244,577	28,543,369	4,308,492	—
" of empty cars	8,695,113	8,286,138	—	408,987
Average load (tons) per car, west	7:111	7:244	0:133	—
" " " east	8:502	8:802	0:300	—
" " " total	7:980	8:173	0:193	—

This shows an increase of the freight tonnage of the road of 23.2 per cent. The foreign tonnage fell off 19,564 tons and the local tonnage increased 212,727 tons. This change explains the reason of the shortened average haul per ton in 1866 as compared with the haul in the previous year.

The revenue from the transportation of passengers fell off \$949,325 76 from the previous year. Of this diminished income more

than one half or \$480,000 was on account of military transportation. The large express business of 1865 was exceptional, and caused by the inability of the lines occupied by the Adams Express Company to accommodate the large south-west business during the closing period of the war—the overflow seeking the route via Crestline over the road of this company from Pittsburg.

The rolling stock has been increased during 1866 by the construction at the Fort Wayne shops of 150 box cars. The present equipment consists of 189 locomotives, all in good order; 169 passenger, baggage and express cars, and 1,381 freight cars.

The track is in excellent order and fully equal to that of the best western roads. During 1866 twenty-four per cent. of the main track has been relaid with re-rolled iron; and during the last three years three fourths of the main line of 468 miles has been relaid with new, re-rolled or repaired rails, paid for as repairs out of the current earnings. The side tracks have been increased by 6.9 miles, which makes the total sidings now in use 103 1/4 miles. In addition there are 22 miles of second track from Pittsburg to Rochester, and 7 miles from Chicago to the crossing of the Rock Island Railroad. The construction and equipment has been continued through the year 1866 to a larger extent than was expected. The expenditures on these accounts amount to \$1,116,975 70, viz: in the Eastern Division \$550,926 80, and in the western Division, \$536,048 90. These amounts include a small sum properly chargeable to 1865.

The financial condition of the company as exhibited on the balance sheets of December 31, 1865 and 1866, is shown comparatively in the following statement:

	1865.	1866.	Increase.	Decrease.
Capital Stock	\$9,312,442 00	\$9,940,957 95	\$628,545 95	\$—
Funded debt	12,573,069 00	12,568,500 00	—	7,000 00
Due to other companies	184,871 85	40,822 02	—	144,049 83
Miscellaneous liabilities	448,041 24	364,295 73	—	83,745 51
Cur'tn exp's in Dec. & prior	849,376 12	508,987 14	—	380,388 98
Due J. F. Lanier, Trustee	115,331 13	58,238 79	—	57,092 34
Balance to credit of income	3,062,180 75	3,365,707 93	333,577 23	—

Total..... \$26,545,694 09 \$26,927,539 61 \$31,846 53 \$—

Against which are charged as follows, viz:

	Cost of Railway, &c.	\$28,183,381 33	\$34,253,746 61	\$1,070,365 48
Supplies on hand	969,053 93	631,918 82	—	337,185 11
Due from other companies	417,948 84	386,954 73	—	30,994 11
Miscellaneous assets	755,350 14	708,333 63	—	47,016 51
Sinking Funds	208,900 00	215,910 63	32,084 97	—
Cash in hand	1,011,753 85	670,675 59	—	455,916 74

Total..... \$26,545,694 09 \$26,927,539 61 \$31,846 53 \$—

The shares of this company fluctuated in the New York market in 1866 as is shown in the following exhibit:

Jan.	91 1/2 @ 104 1/2	May.	92 1/2 @ 100 1/2	Sept.	103 @ 108 1/2
Feb.	91 1/2 @ 95 1/2	—	95 @ 100	Oct.	106 @ 111 1/2
March	88 1/2 @ 93	July	95 1/2 @ 103	Nov.	101 1/2 @ 111 1/2
April	88 @ 100	August	102 1/2 @ 106 1/2	Dec.	104 1/2 @ 107 1/2

A full analysis of the reports of this company for series of years will be found in the COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE of June 16, 1866, p. 142.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Chicago and Alton	Chicago & Northwestern	Chi. Rock Is. and Pacific	Cleveland and Pittsburg
1865.	1866.	1865.	1866.
(280 m.) (280 m.)	(280 m.) (280 m.)	(228 m.) (228 m.)	(204 m.) (204 m.)
\$280,503 \$266,153	\$240,238	Jan. \$441,006 \$523,566	Jan. \$173,557 \$168,741
(\$1,070,860 \$1,05,746	(\$906,759	Feb. \$482,164 \$405,634	Feb. \$131,397 \$131,179
129	917,639	Mar. 499,296 \$523,744	Mar. 285,403 \$257,230
74,784	917,639	Apr. 468,358 518,736	Apr. 196,580 197,886
5,318	917,639	May 588,623 735,089	May 234,612 246,605
1,732	917,639	June 747,942 929,893	June 321,518 320,642
22,976	917,639	July 702,692 77,990	July 244,121 242,142
1,101	917,639	Aug. 767,508 778,284	Aug. 306,231 310,448
1,157	917,639	Sep. 946,707 989,053	Sep. 389,489 396,050
11,903	917,639	Oct. 923,886 1,210,654	Oct. 307,528 322,124
34,194	917,639	Nov. 840,354 1,005,680	Nov. 270,073 333,006
3,526	917,639	Dec. 546,609 693,679	Dec. 201,771 339,447
12,390	917,639	—	—
630	917,639	—	—
1,427	917,639	—	—
43,952	917,639	—	—
6,575	917,639	—	—
13,275	917,639	—	—
129	917,639	—	—
247	917,639	—	—
92,330	917,639	—	—
5,767	917,639	—	—
2,058	917,639	—	—
8,097	917,639	—	—
934	917,639	—	—
19,793	917,639	—	—
13,113	917,639	—	—
5,446	917,639	—	—
43,341	917,639	—	—
1,635	917,639	—	—
6,501,063 14,586,333	—	Year.. 7,960,981 9,088,994	Year.. 8,818,514 8,478,825
256,095	—	—	—
—	—	—	—
Mich. So. & N. Indiana	Mil. & Prairie du Chien	—	—
1865.	1866.	1867.	1867.
(594 m.) (594 m.)	(294 m.) (294 m.)	(251 m.) (251 m.)	(285 m.) (285 m.)
\$363,996 \$314,598	\$302,714	Jan. \$98,183 \$121,776	Jan. \$259,223 \$246,541
366,361 283,179	302,437	Feb. 74,283 84,597	Feb. 229,139 246,169
413,974 412,393	317,761	Mar. 70,740 73,135	Mar. 121,957 131,900
365,180 409,427	—	Apr. 106,689 105,083	Apr. 121,535 121,538
351,489 426,493	—	May 146,948 267,488	May 203,018 215,622
387,095 802,641	—	June 234,888 261,173	June 237,562 244,376
301,613 332,499	—	July 217,159 170,795	July 251,916 208,785
418,575 380,453	—	Aug. 170,555 116,294	Aug. 241,370 188,815
426,908 429,191	—	Sep. 228,020 150,959	Sep. 230,841 220,416
584,760 500,404	—	Oct. 310,594 245,701	Oct. 305,579 241,769
496,072 416,690	—	Nov. 228,840 244,354	Nov. 246,717 288,589
351,799 359,447	—	Dec. 110,664 98,187	Dec. 121,125 129,287
—	—	—	—
4,936,729 4,652,795	—	Year.. 1,935,713 1,943,900	Year.. 2,535,001 2,538,800
—	—	—	—

Milwaukee & St. Paul	Ohio & Mississippi
1865.	1866.
(234 m.) (275 m.)	(240 m.) (340 m.)
\$98,181 \$131,707	\$259,139 \$246,541
Feb. 86,528 128,404	Feb. 229,139 246,169
Mar. 95,905 121,957	Mar. 121,904 132,238
Apr. 106,269 121,535	Apr. 121,587 127,428
May. 203,018 215,622	May. 220,916 228,130
June 237,562 244,376	June 234,463 233,094
July 251,916 208,785	July 247,369 247,369
Aug. 241,370 188,815	Aug. 244,700 206,454
Sep. 230,841 220,416	Sep. 230,840 225,755
Oct. 246,717 288,589	Oct. 272,128 272,128
Nov. 324,351 321,625	Nov. 412,538 302,425
Dec. 324,351 321,625	Dec. 324,351 321,613
—	—
2,535,001 2,538,800	2,535,006 2,538,808
—	—

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.			FRIDAY.		DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.			FRIDAY.	
		Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Br.	Akt'd			Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Br.	Akt'd
N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.							N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.						
Railroad:							Railroad:						
<i>Atlantic & Gt. Western</i> (\$80,000,000):							<i>Dubuque and Sioux City</i> :						
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Pa.)	\$2,500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1877	55		1st Mortgage, 1st section	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1883		
2d do do	1,000,000	7	do	1888	55		1st do 2d section	660,000	7	do	1894		
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (A. Y.)	1,000,000	7	do	1879	55		<i>Eastern, Mass.</i> (\$1,848,400):						
do do	800,000	7	do	1881	55		Mortgage, convertible	294,000	5	Jan. & July	1879		
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Ohio)	4,000,000	7	do	1876	55		do do	750,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1874		
4d do do	4,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1883	55		do do	160,900	6	do	1885		
1st Mortgage S'king Fund (Buff. ex)	2,000,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1884			<i>East Pennsylvania:</i>						
Consolidated Bonds	13,058,000	7	do	1895			Sinking Fund Bonds	598,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1888		
<i>Atlantic & St. Law.</i> 1st Mort. (Portland)	1,500,000	6	do	1896	8 0		<i>Elizabethtown & Williamsport</i> :						
2d Mortgage	868,900	6	do	1896	8 0		Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1880	96%	
Sterling Bonds	484,000	6	May & Nov.	1878			do	570,000	5	April & Oct	1882		
do of 1884	619,036	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1874			1st Mortgage	8,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1876	102%	103%
<i>Baltimore and Ohio.</i> Mort. (S F) 1894	915,380	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc	1867			2d do convertible	4,000,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1875	106	101
Mortgage (S. F.) of 1855	1,024,750	6	Jan. & July	1875			3d do	6,000,000	7	do	1883	97	98
do do	1820	6	do	1880			4th do convertible	4,441,600	7	April & Oct	1880	88	
do do	1853	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1885			5th do do	926,500	7	June & Dec	1888	86%	88
<i>Belleville</i> (\$1,745,000):							Sterling convertible (\$200,000)	3,814,582	6	M'ch & Sep	1875		
1st Mortgage	1,225,000	7	Jan. & July	70-79			Mortgage	149,000	7	Jan. & July	1870		
2d do	433,000	7	do	1870			do	388,000	7	Jan. & July	70-75		
<i>Belvidere Delaware</i> (\$2,944,000):							<i>Georgia:</i>						
1st Mort. (guar. C. and A.)	1,000,000	6	J'ne & Dec.	1867			1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,063,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1882	98%	
2d Mort. do	500,000	6	M'ch & Sep	1885			2d do do	1,066,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	99	
3d Mort. do	589,500	6	Feb. & Aug	1877			<i>Grand Junction:</i> Mortgage	927,000	6	Jan. & July	1870		
<i>Blossburg and Corning</i> Bonds	150,000	6	May & Nov.	1871			<i>Great West, Ill.</i> 1st Mort. W. Div.	1,000,000	10	April & Oct	1868		
<i>Boston, Concord & Montreal</i> (\$1,050,000):							1st Mortgage Whole Line	1,350,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1888		
1st Mortgage	384,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1865			2nd do do	2,500,000	7	May & Nov.	1863	72	
1st do	6	do	1865				<i>Greenville & Columbia:</i> 1st Mort.	325,000	7	July	1868		
Sinking Fund Bonds	200,000	6	do	1889			Bonds guaranteed by State	700,000	7	do	1868		
<i>Boston and Lowell</i> :							Bonds unsecured	100,000	7	do	1868		
Bonds o' Ja y 1851	444,000	6	Jan. & July	1873			<i>Hannibal & St. Joseph</i> (\$7,177,600):						
do of Oct. 1881	600,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1879			Land Grant Mortgage	3,437,750	7	April & Oct	1881		
<i>Buffalo, N. Y. and Erie</i> (\$2,395,000):							Convertible Bonds	683,600	7	Jan. & July	1883		
1st Mortgage	2,000,000	7	J'ne & Dec.	1877	94%		<i>Harrisburg & Lancaster:</i>						
2d Mortgage	380,000	7	May & Nov.	1872			New Dollar Bonds	700,000	6	Jan. & July	1883		
<i>Buffalo and State Line</i> (\$1,200,000):							<i>Hartford & New Haven:</i> 1st Mort.	927,000	6	Jan. & July	1873		
1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1866			<i>Harf, Frob & Fishkill:</i>	2,055,000	7	do	1876		
<i>Burlington and Missouri</i> (\$1,902,110):							1st Mortgage	500,000	6	May & Nov.	1870		
General Mortgage	1,180,950	7	April & Oct.	1870			do	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1875		
Bonds conv. into pref. stock	600,000	7	Jan. & July	1870			<i>Illinois Central:</i>						
<i>Camden and Amboy</i> (\$10,264,463):							Construction bonds, 1875	6,668,500	7	April & Oct	1875	196	
Dollar Loans	1,700,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1883	90		do do do 6 per cent	2,523,000	6	do	1875		
Dollar Loan	867,000	6	May & Nov.	1889	96		Redemption bonds	2,563,000	6	do	1890		
Consolidated (\$5,000,000) Loan	4,269,400	6	J'ne & Dec.	1863			Sterling Redemption bonds	358,000	6	do	1875		
<i>Camden and Atlantic:</i> 1st Mortgage	490,000	7	Jan. & July	1873			<i>Illinois and Southern Iowa:</i>						
2d Mortgage	493,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1879			1st Mortgage	300,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1882		
<i>Catavissa:</i> 1st Mortgage	141,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1882			2d do	300,000	7	May & Nov.	1884		
<i>Central Georgia:</i> 1st Mortgage	78,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1875			<i>Indiana Central:</i>						
<i>Central of New Jersey:</i> 1st Mortgage	900,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1870	100		1st Mortgage, (interest ceased)	600,000	7	Jan. & July	1866		
<i>Central Ohio:</i> 1st Mort.	2,500,000	6	May & Nov.	1875			2d do	364,000	10	do	1870		
<i>Central Pacific</i> of Cal. (\$8,886,000):							1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Jan. & July	1866		
1st mortgage	7,336,000	6	do	1885			<i>Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis:</i>						
Convertible Bonds	1,500,000	7	do	1885			1st Mortgage	640,000	7	May & Nov.	1881		
<i>Cheshire</i> Bonds	673,200	6	Jan. & July	75-80			Jeffersonville RR, 3d Mort.	397,000	7	April & Oct	1873		
<i>Chicago and Alton</i> (\$3,983,000):							Jeffersonville & Madison RR, 1st M.	612,500	7	May & Nov.	1881		
1st Mortgage (Skg Fund) pref.	483,000	7	May & Nov.	1877			2d Mort.	2,000,000	7	April & Oct	1906		
1st do	2,400,000	7	Jan. & July	1883	100		do Extension	200,000	7	May & Nov.	1890		
2d do income	1,100,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1883	89		<i>La Crosse & Milwaukee:</i>						
<i>Chic., Burl. and Quincy</i> (\$3,754,406):							1st Mortgage, Eastern Division	903,000	7	May & Nov.	1872		
Trust Mortgage (S. F.)	3,525,000	8	Jan. & July	1883	110%		2d do do	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1869		
<i>Chicago and Gt. Eastern</i> 1st Mort.	5,600,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1895	55		<i>Lackawanna & Bloomsburg</i> 1st Mort.						
<i>Chicago and Milwaukee:</i> 1st Mortgage (consolidated)	861,000	7	Jan. & July	1898			do Extensi	400,000	7	March & Sep	1885		
<i>Chicago & Northwest</i> (\$12,030,483):							1st Mortgage	500,000	7	April & Oct	1880		
Preferred Sinking Fund	1,250,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1885	92		do	500,000	7	do	1880		
1st Mortgage	3,600,000	7	do	1885	84		do	500,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1885	102	
Interest Bonds	736,000	7	May & Nov.	1893	96		do	523,000	6	do	1885	102	
Consol. S. F. Bonds, conv. till 1870	2,000,000	7	Quarterly	1915	80		Redemption bonds	2,533,000	6	do	1890		
Extension Bonds	484,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1885			do	358,000	6	do	1875		
<i>Chicago Rock Island & Pacific:</i>							<i>Illinois and Southern Iowa:</i>						
1st Mortgage (C. & R. I.)	1,397,000	7	Jan. & July	1870	100		1st Mortgage	300,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1882		
1st do (new)	6,000,000	7	do	1896	87		2d do	300,000	7	May & Nov.	1884		
<i>Cinc., Ham. & Dayton</i> (\$1,629,000):							<i>Indiana Central:</i>						
1st Mortgage	1,250,000	7	May & Nov.	1880			1st Mortgage, (interest ceased)	600,000	7	Jan. & July	1866		
2d do	500,000	7	Jan. & July	1885			2d do	364,000	10	do	1870		
<i>Cincinnati Richmond & Chicago</i>							<i>Indianapolis and Cinc.</i> (\$1,962,384):						
<i>Cincinnati & Zanesville</i> (\$1,900,000):							1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Jan. & July	1866		
1st Mortgage	1,300,000	7	May & Nov.	1893			<i>Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis:</i>						
<i>Cleveland, Col. and Cinc.</i> (\$450,000):							1st Mortgage	640,000	7	May & Nov.	1881		
1st Mort. (payable \$350,000 per year)	475,000	7	Jan. & July	1890			Jeffersonville Branch Mort.	280,000	7	Jan. & July	var.		
<i>Cleveland & Mahoning</i> (\$1,752,400):							<i>Marietta & Cincinnati</i> (\$3,688,385):						
1st Mortgage	795,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1873			1st Mortgage	2,362,800	7	Feb. & Aug	1869	81	
2d do	534,900	8	M'ch & Sep	1876			Scioto and Hocking Valley mort.	300,000	7	May & Nov.	1888		
Hubbard Branch	121,000	7	Jan. & July	1875			Mc Gregor Western 1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1885		
<i>Cler., Pain. & Ashtabula</i> (\$1,500,000):							Maine Central: (\$2,733,500)						
1st Mort. Bonds	500,000	7	Jan. & July	1874			1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,096,600	6	Feb. & Aug	'90-'91		
2d Mort. Bonds	1,000,000	7	do	1880			do	315,200	6	June & Dec	'70-'71		
<i>Cleveland & Pittsburgh</i> (\$3,872,860):							1st Mortgage (City Banker) Bonds	660,000	6	Apr. & Oct	1874		
3d do convertible	1,199,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1873	97		do	300,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1870		
4th do	1,619,500	7	do	1875	90		Real Estate	92,000	5	Jan. & July	1888		
<i>Cleveland and Toledo</i> (\$2,746,380):							1st Mortgage, sinking fund	402,000	7	Jan. & July	1891		
Sinking Fund Mortgage	2,081,000	7	Jan. & July	1885	101%		do	2,927,000	8	March & Sep	1869	104%	
Mortgage Bonds of 1													

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

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DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.	PRINCIPAL PAYABLE.	FRIDAY.	DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.	PRINCIPAL PAYABLE.	FRIDAY.
	Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.		Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.
				Ask'd					Ask'd
The sums placed after the name of Company show the total Funded Debt.									
Railroad:					Railroad:				
<i>Morris & Essex:</i>					<i>Rome, Watertown & Ogdens:</i>	\$1,848,000			
1st Mortgage, sinking fund	5,000,000	7 May & Nov.	1915		Sinking Fund (Wat. & Rome)	709,500	7 Jan. & July	1880	
2d do	576,000	7			Potsdam & Watertown, guar.	531,500	7 Jun. & Dec.	69-79	
<i>Narragansett:</i> 1st Mortgage (convert.)	224,000	7 Jan. & July	1876		R. W. & O., sinking fund	530,000	7 Jun. & Dec.	1891	
<i>New Bedford & Taunton:</i>	180,000	7 do			Burland and Burlington:				
<i>N. Haven & Northampton:</i> Bonds	450,000	7 Jan. & July	1869		1st Mortgage	1,800,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1863	125
<i>N. Hampshire & Hamden R. R. do</i>	200,000	6 April & Oct	1874		do	946,000	7 do	1863	
<i>New Jersey</i> (\$355,000): Bonds of 1853	485,000	6 Feb. & Aug	1873		<i>Sacramento Valley:</i>				
<i>New London Northern:</i> 1st Mortgage	140,000	6 Jan. & July	1885		1st Mortgage	400,000	10 Jan. & July	1875	
<i>New Orleans, Jackson & Gt. North:</i>	2,741,000	8 Jan. & July	1856		do	329,000	10 Feb. & Aug	1861	
1st Mortgage Sinking Fund	423,000	8 April & Oct	1890		<i>St. Louis, Alton & T. H.</i> (\$6,700,000):				
2d Mortgage					1st Mortgage	3,200,000	7 Semianually	1894	90
<i>New Orleans, Opelousas & Gt. West.</i>	1,730,000	8 Apr. & Oct.	1889		2d Mortgage preferred	2,800,000	7 do	1894	85
1st Mortgage Construction Bonds					2d do income	1,700,000	7 May & Nov.	1894	76
<i>New York Central:</i>					<i>St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chicago:</i>				
Premium Sinking Fund Bonds	6,450,438	6 May & Nov.	1883	95	1st Mortgage	1,372,000	7 April & Oct.	1894	
Bonds of October, 1863 (renewal)	2,925,000	6 June & Dec	1887	95	1st Mortgage (tax free)	700,000	7 Jan. & July	1892	
Real Estate Bonds	165,000	6 May & Nov.	1883	91	1st Land Grant Mortgage (tax free)	1,30,000	7 June & Dec	1892	
Subscriber Bonds (assumed stocks)	606,000	6 do	1883	92	<i>Sandusky and Cincinnati:</i>				
Sink. Fund B'd's (assumed debts)	1,338,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1876	102	Mortgage bonds	951,000	6 Feb. & Aug	1900	
Bonds of August, 1859, convert.	460,000	7 do	1876	105	<i>Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark:</i>				
Bonds of 1863					1st Mortgage	1,290,000	7 Jan. & July	1875	
<i>New York and Harlem</i> (\$6,098,045):					Funded Bonds	800,000	7 Jan. & July	1875	
1st General Mortgage	3,000,000	7 May & Nov.	1872	100%	Second Avenue: 1st Mortgage	500,000	7 June & Dec	1867	
Consolidated Mortgage	1,000,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1893	do	Shamokin Valley & Pottsville:				
2d Mortgage	1,000,000	7 do	1868	96	1st Mortgage	700,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1872	
<i>N. York and New Haven</i> (\$1,000,000):					Shore Line Railway: 1st Mort. bonds	55,000	7 Mar. & Sept	1870	
Mortgage Bonds	1,000,000	6 April & Oct	1875	94	South Carolina: Sterling Loan	2,386,111	6 Jan. & July	1886	
<i>N. Y. Prov. and Boston</i> (\$250,000):					Domestic Bonds	1,070,000	6 Various	68-74	
1st Mortgage	250,000	6 Feb. & Aug	1878		1st Mortgage (guar. by Petersburg)	300,000	6 Jan. & July	70-75	
Improvement Bonds	100,000	7 Jan. & July	1881		3d Mortgage	300,000	6 do	70-72	
<i>Northern Central</i> (\$5,211,344):					Special Mortgage	175,000	6 do	65-68	
1st Mortgage	1,500,000	6 Quarterly	irreg.		<i>S. W. Pacific Railroad:</i>				
2d do	2,500,000	6 Jan. & July	1885		Bonds guar. by At. & Pacific R. R.	2,000,000	7 Jan. & July	1871	
3d do	721,000	6 April & Oct	1900		<i>Southern Minnesota:</i> Land Grant B'd				
<i>Northern New Hampshire:</i> Bonds	149,400	6 April & Oct	1874		<i>Staten Island:</i> 1st Mortgage	200,000	7 Jan. & July	1886	
<i>North Carolina:</i> Loan	339,000	8 Mar. & Sep.	1867		1st Mortgage	1,400,000	7 April & Oct	1876	
<i>North Missouri:</i>					Third Avenue (N. Y.): 1st Mortgage	1,180,000	7 Jan. & July	1870	
1st General Mortgage (\$6,000,000)	50,000	7 Jan. & July	1896		Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw: 1st Mort.	1,600,000	7 June & Dec	1894	
<i>North Pennsylvania</i> (\$3,124,757):					Toledo Wabash & West (\$15,600,000):				
Mortgage Bonds	2,500,000	6 Jan. & July	1880		1st Mortgage (old)	9,000,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1890	
Chattel Mortgage	360,000	10 April & Oct	1887	112	do extended	do			89
					1st do Lake E. Wab. St. L. ext.	2,50,000	7 do	1890	
<i>Norwich and Worcester</i> (\$580,000):					2d do (Toledo and Wabash)	1,000,000	7 May & Nov.	1878	
General Mortgage	100,000	7 Jan. & July	1874		2d do (Wabash and Western)	1,500,000	7 do	1878	
Steamboat Mortgage	300,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1870		Equipment bonds (Tol. & Wab.)	600,000	7 Apr. & Oct.	1883	70
<i>Ogdensburg and L. Cham.</i> (\$1,494,000):					Sinking Fund Bonds (T. W. & W.)	1,000,000	7 do	1871	
1st Mortgage	1,494,000	7 April & Oct	1869	97	Troy and Boston (\$1,452,000):				
<i>Ohio and Mississippi:</i>					1st Mortgage	300,000	7 Jan. & July	1887	
1st Mortgage	2,900,000	7 Jan. & July	1872	84½	do	300,000	7 Apr. & Oct.	1885	
2d Mortgage	750,000	7 do	1874	89	do	650,000	7 May & Nov.	1875	
<i>Old Colony & Newport R. R.:</i>					Convertible	209,000	7 Mar. & Sep.	1882	
Bonds	180,000	6 April & Oct	1877	67-69	Troy Union (\$60,000): Mort. Bonds	636,000	6 Jan. & July	68-74	
do	223,000	5 var.	67-84		Vermont Central:				
do	1,458,000	6 var.	75-76		1st Mortgage (consolidated)	2,000,000	7 June & Dec	1861	51
<i>Orange and Alexandria</i> (\$3,922,004):					do	1,500,000	7 Jan. & July	51	61
1st Mortgage	400,000	6 May & Nov.	1866		1st Mortgage	550,000	6 Jan. & July	1888	
2d do or 1st Extension	1,110,500	6 Jan. & July	1875		Warren (\$51,400):				
3d do or 2d Extension	570,000	8 May & Nov.	1873		1st Mortgage (guaranteed)	511,400	7 Feb. & Aug	1876	
<i>Oswego and Rome</i> (\$657,000):					Westchester & Philadelphia:				
1st Mortgage (guar. by R. W. & O.)	350,000	7 May & Nov.	1916		1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon	400,000	7 Jan. & July	1873	
Income	200,000	6 Feb. & Aug	1901		2d do registered	502,800	8 April & Oct	1878	
<i>Oswego and Syracuse</i> (\$311,500):					Western (Mass.) (\$6,363,520):				
1st Mortgage	198,500	7 Jan. & July	70-78		Sterling (\$899,900) Bonds	4,319,52	5 April & Oct	68-73	
2d do	189,000	7 do	1885		Albany City Bonds	689,000	6 Jan. & July	70-71	
<i>Panama:</i>					Dollar Bonds	986,500	6 April & Oct	1875	
1st Mortgage, sterling	416,000	7 April & Oct	1870		Western Maryland:				
1st do do	346,000	7 do	1875		1st Mortgage	596,000	6 Jan. & July	1890	
2d do do	1,150,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1872		do to guaranteed	200,000	6 do	1890	
<i>Peninsula:</i> 1st Mortgage	1,072,000	7 Mch & Sept	1884	70	2d do	25,000	6 Feb. & Aug	1896	
1st Mortgage	4,980,000	6 Jan. & July	1880	99½	Guaranteed (Baltimore) Bonds	500,000	6 do	1871	
2d do	4,904,840	6 April & Oct	1875	94	Canal:				
<i>Phila. and Balt. Central</i> (\$800,000):					Chesapeake and Delaware: 1st Mort.	2,356,509	6 Jan. & July	1886	
1st Mortgage	575,000	7 Jan. & July	1876		do	2,000,000	6 Jan. & July	1870	
<i>Philadelphia and Erie</i> (\$18,000,000):					do	1,375,509	6 do	1889	
1st Mort. (Schenectady & Erie)	1,000,000	7 April & Oct	1877		Preferred Bonds	1,869,509	6 do	1888	
1st do (general)	5,000,000	6 April & Oct	1881	90%	Delaware Division: 1st Mortgage	800,000	6 Jan. & July	1878	
2d do (general)	4,000,000	6 April & Oct	1901	90%	Plain bonds (coupon)	526,000	7 Mch & Sept	1870	
<i>Philadelphia, Germantown & Norristown:</i>					Eric of Pennsylvania: 1st Mortgage	752,000	7 Jan. & July	1865	
Convertible Loan	143,800	6 Jan. & July	1882		Ledigh Coal and Navigation:				
<i>Philadelphia & Reading</i> (\$6,900,663):					Loan of 1870	414,15	6 Quarterly	1870	
Sterling Bonds of 1838	408,000	5 Jan. & July	1887		do of 1884	5,494,83	6 do	1884	
do do do	182,400	5 do	1880	90%	do	9,015	6 do	1884	
Dollar Bonds of 1840	2,661,600	6 April & Oct	1870	94	do	227,565	6 do	1884	
do do do	106,000	6 Jan. & July	1874		Susquehanna Canal pref. int. bonds	1,868,509	6 do	1884	
1843-4-8-9	1,521,000	6 do	1880		Union (Pa.): 1st Mortgage	3,000,000	6 May & Nov.	1882	
Sterling Bonds of 1843	976,800	6 do	1880		West Branch and Susq. 1st Mortgage	730,000	6 Jan. & July	1873	
Dollar Bonds, convertible	228,500	6 do	1886	100	Wyoming Valley: 1st Mortgage	600,000	6 Jan. & July	1878	
<i>Philadelphia & Trenton:</i> 1st Mort.	200,000	6 May & Nov.	1868		Miscellaneous:				
<i>Philadelphia, Wilming. & Baltimore:</i>					American Dock & Improvement:				
Mortgage Loan	450,000	6 Jan. & July	1884		Bonds (guar. Cen. K. R. Co. of N. J.)	1,000,000	7 Jan. & July	1886	1
<i>Pittsburg & Connellsville</i> (\$1,500,000):					Concord & Cincinnati Bridge:				
1st Mort. (Turtle Cr. Div.)	400,000	6 Feb. & Aug	1889		1st Mortgage Bonds	1,764,329	6 Wch & Sep	1878	
1st Mort.	5,250,000	7 Semianually	1912	102	do	3,980,670	6 Jan. & July	1882	78
2d do	5,160,000	7 do	1912	94½	do	585,500	6 May & Nov.	1870	
3d do	2,000,000	7 April & Oct	1912	8½	Improvement				
Bridge O. & P. RR.	158,500	7 May & Nov.	1876		<i>Susquehanna and Tide-Water:</i>				
Akron Branch: 1st mortgage	200,000	7 Jan. & July	1884		Maryland Loan	1,183,703	6 Jan. & July	1883	
Pittsburg and Steubenville:					Coupon Bonds	1,093,000	6 do	1878	
1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1881		do	9,015	6 do	1884	
2d do	250,000	7 do	1888		do	227,565	6 do	1884	
Convertible Bonds	308,000	7 do	1876		Susquehanna Canal pref. int. bonds	2,275,565	6 do	1884	
Reading and Columbia:					Union (Pa.): 1st Mortgage	3,000,000	6 May & Nov.	1882	
1st Mortgage	800,000	7 Mch & Sept	1879		West Branch and Susq. 1st Mortgage	730,000	6 Jan. & July	1873	
Rensselaer & Saratoga consolidated:					Wyoming Valley: 1st Mortgage	600,000	6 Jan. & July	1878	
1st Mort. Rensselaer & Saratoga	400,000	7 May & Nov.	1890		Miscellaneous:				
1st Mort. Saratoga & Whittle	240,000	7 do	1890		American Dock & Improvement:				
1st Mort. Troy, S. & R. (guar.)	500,000	7 do	1890		Bonds (guar. Cen. K. R. Co. of N. J.)	1,000,000	7 Jan. & July	1886	
Richmond & Danville (\$1,717,500):					Concord & Cincinnati Bridge:				
4th Mortgage	826,000	7 Feb. & Aug	1873		1st Mortgage Bonds	1,764,329	6 Jan. & July	1884	
Interest Bonds	140,547	7 do	1873		do	3,980,670	6 Jan. & July	1882	
Richmond & Petersburg (\$319,000):					do	585,500	6 May & Nov.	1870	
Bonds, coupon									

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

COMPANIES. Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.	Stock out- standing.	Dividend.			FRIDAY. Bid. Ask.	COMPANIES. Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.	Stock out- standing.	Dividend.			FRIDAY. Bid. Ask.	
		Periods.	Date.	Last paid. rate				Periods.	Date.	Last paid. rate		
Railroad. PAR												
Alton and St. Louis*...100	158,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '67	1 1/4			New York and New Haven...100	6,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	122
Atlantic & St. Lawrence*...100	2,494,900	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	2			New York Prov. & Boston...100	1,755,251	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3	
Baltimore and Ohio...100	16,151,900	April & Oct	Apr. '67	4			Ninth Avenue...100	795,360				
Washington Branch*...100	1,650,000	April & Oct	Apr. '67	5			Northern of New Hampshire...100	3,068,400	June & Dec	Dec. '66	4	108
Belefontaine Line...100	4,422,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3			Northern Central...50	4,518,900	Quarterly.	Feb. '67	2	
Belvidere, Delaware...100	996,647						North Carolina...100	4,000,000				
Berkshire...100	600,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '67	1 1/4			North Missouri...100	2,469,307				
Blossburg and Corning...50	90,000	June & Dec	Dec. '66	2 1/2			North Pennsylvania...100	3,150,150				
Boston, and Hartford and Erie...100	11,977,000						Norwich and Worcester...100	2,363,600	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	80
Boston and Lowell...100	1,830,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4	120		Ogdensburg & L. Champlain...100	3,077,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	61
Boston and Maine...100	4,076,974	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	136		Ohio and Miss. certificates...100	20,222,647				
Boston and Providence...100	3,360,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5			do preferred...100	3,007,197	January	Jan. '67	7	
Boston and Worcester...100	4,500,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	143		Old Colony and Newport...100	4,848,300	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3	90
Broadway & 7th Avenue...100	2,100,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5			Orange and Alexandria...100	2,063,655				
Brooklyn City...100	1,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3 1/2			Oswego and Syracuse...50	482,400	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	4	
Brooklyn City and Newtown...100	366,000						Panama...100	7,000,000	Quarterly	Apr. '67	6	261
Buffalo, New York, & Erie*...100	850,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	34		Pennsylvania...50	20,000,000	May & Nov	Nov. '66	4	111
Buffalo and State Line...100	2,900,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	5	190		Philadelphia and Erie*...50	5,083,700	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3	54
Camden and Amboy...50	5,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	5			Philadelphia and Reading...50	23,742,867	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	99
Camden and Atlantic...50	532,350						Philadelphia, Germant., & Norrist*...50	1,507,850	Apr. & Oct	Apr. '67	5	120
do do preferred...50	600,000						Pittsburg and Connellsville...50	9,019,300	Quarterly	Apr. '67	5	106
Cap Cod...60	731,928	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5			Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chic...100	9,940,987	Quarterly	Apr. '67	2 1/2	91 1/2
Catawissa*...50	1,150,000						Portland and Kennebec new...100	1,500,000	June & Dec	Dec. '66	3	101
do preferred...50	2,200,000	Feb. & Aug					Providence and Worcester...100	1,800,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4	
Central Georgia & Bank'g Co. 100	4,666,800	June & Dec	Dec. '66	5			Raritan and Delaware R. Co...100	2,530,700				
Central of New Jersey...100	13,000,000	Quarterly	Apr. '67	2 1/2			Rensselaer & Saratoga consol...100	800,000	April & Oct	Oct. '66	4 1/2	
Central Ohio...100	2,600,000						Saratoga and Whitehall...100	500,000	April & Oct	Oct. '66	3	
do preferred...400,000		April	Apr. '67	6			Troy, Salem & Rutland...100	800,000	April & Oct	Oct. '66	3	
Cheshire (preferred)...100	134,550	January	Apr. '67	2 1/2	55		Richmond and Petersburg...100	2,000,000				
Chicago and Alton...100	3,886,500	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67	52	105		Richmond, Petersburg & W. Va...100	6,066,600				
do preferred...100	2,425,000	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67	5	107		Rome, Water., & Ogdensburg...100	2,985,500	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	
Chic. Burlington and Quincy...100	10,193,010	May & Nov	Nov. '66	5	135		Rutland and Burlington...100	2,323,700				
Chicago and Great Eastern...100	4,390,000	Jan. & July	July '66	5			St. Louis, Alton, & Terre H...100	2,300,000				
Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska*...100	1,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. & July	60			do do pref. 100	1,700,000	Annually	May '66	7	31 1/2
Chicago and Milwaukee...100	18,160,927						St. Louis, Jacksonv. & Chic. *100	1,469,459				
do do pref. 100	12,994,719	Annually	Dec. '66	7	65		Sandusky, Mans. & Newark...50	2,989,090	May & Nov	Nov. '66	3	
Chicago, Rock Isl. & Pacific...100	9,100,000	April & Oct	Apr. '67	5	87		Sandusky, Mans. & Newark...100	900,000				
Cincinnati, Ham. & Dayton...100	3,129,300	April & Oct	Apr. '67	5			Saratoga and Hudson River...100	1,020,000				
Cincin., Rich'd & Chicago...100	350,000						Savannah & Charleston...100	1,000,000				
Cleveland, and Zanesville...50	1,600,250						Savannah & Charleston...100	1,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	2 1/2	
Cleveland, Columbus & Cin...100	6,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	4	98 1/2		Schuykill Valley...50	576,050	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '66	2	
Cleveland & Mahoning*...50	2,044,600	May & Nov	Nov. '66	4			Shamokin Val. & Pottsville...50	869,450	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3	
Cleveland, Painesv. & Ashta...100	100,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5			Shore Line Railway...100	635,200	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3	
Cleveland and Pittsburgh...50	5,391,575	April & Oct	Apr. '67	4	70		Sixth Avenue (N. Y.)...100	750,000	Quarterly			
Cleveland and Toledo...50	4,841,600	April & Oct	Apr. '67	6	117		South Carolina...100	519,275				
Columbus & Indiana, Cent...100		Quarterly	Apr. '67	2 1/2			South Side (Peters. & Lynch)100	1,365,000				
Columbus and Xenia*...50	1,736,500	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5			South Western Georgia...100	2,200,400	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '66	4	
Concord...50	1,500,000	May & Nov	Nov. '66	4	188 1/2		Syracuse, Bingh. ton & N. Y...100	1,200,130	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	6	
Concord and Portsmouth...100	350,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5			Terre Haute & Indianapolis...50	1,983,150	Quarterly			
Conn. and Passumpsic pref. 100	1,514,300	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3			Third Avenue (N. Y.)...100	1,170,000				
Connecticut River...100	1,650,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4			Toledo, Peoria, & Warsaw...100	1,650,322				
Cumberland Valley...50	1,316,900	Apr. & Oct	Apr. '67	4			do do 1st pref. 100	1,700,000				
Dayton and Michigan...100	2,884,940						do do 2d pref. 100	908,176				
Delaware*...50	406,138	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3			do do 3d pref. 100	540,000				
Delaware, Lacka., & Western...100	11,288,550	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5			do do 4th pref. 50	5,400,000				
Des Moines Valley...100	1,530,050						do do 5th pref. 50	1,000,000	May & Nov	Nov. '66	3	37
Detroit and Milwaukee...100	452,350						Utica and Black River...100	834,400	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4	
Dubuque and Sioux City...100	1,673,952						Vermont and Canada*...100	2,250,000	June & Dec	Dec. '66	3	100
do do pref. 100	1,673,952	March	Mar. '67	78			Vermont and Massachusetts...100	2,860,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	1 1/2	54
Eastern, (Mass.)...100	1,983,170						Virginia Central...100	3,333,679				
East Tennessee & Georgia...100	3,018,300	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4	108		Western (Mass.)...100	6,710,800	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	139
East Tennessee & Virginia...100	2,141,970						Western (N. Carolina)...100	1,860,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4	
Emm...100	500,000	May & Nov	Nov. '66	2 1/2	60		Western Union (Wis. & Ill.)...100	2,687,237	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4	
do do pref. 100	500,000						Worcester and Nashua...100	1,141,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	
Erie...100	16,570,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3	50		Canal.					
do preferred...100	16,570,100	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	4	55		Chesapeake and Delaware...20	1,575,962	June & Dec	Dec. '66	8	
Erie and Northeast*...50	3,052,700	January	Jan. '67	7	70		Chesapeake and Ohio...25	2,288,595				
do do pref. 100	3,052,700	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67	4	80		Delaware Division...50	1,633,354	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	
Fitchburg...100	3,540,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	5			Delaware and Hudson...100	10,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	146
Georgia...100	4,156,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	116		Delaware and Hudson...100	2,987,412	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	
Hannibal and St. Joseph...100	1,900,000	Apr. & Oct	Oct. '66	3			Lehigh Coal and Navigation...50	6,137,000	May & Nov	Nov. '66	5	108
do do pref. 100	1,900,000						Moroni (consolidated)...100	1,025,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	
Hartford and New Haven...100	3,000,000	Quarterly	Apr. '67	3			do preferred...100	1,175,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	44
Housatonic preferred...100	1,180,000	May & Nov	Nov. '66	4			do prefer. 50	2,888,805	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	6	63
Hudson River...100	13,937,400	April & Oct	Apr. '67	4			Susquehanna & Tide-Water...50	2,052,083				
Huntingdon and Broad Top*...100	494,980						West Branch & Susquehanna...50	1,100,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	
Illinois Central...100	22,382,450	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3	52		Wyoming Valley...50	800,000	Quarterly			
Indianapolis and Cincinnati...100	1,680,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	5	183		Coal-American...25	1,500,000	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '67	4	46
Jeffersonv., Mad. & Indiana...100	2,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4			Ashburton...50	2,500,000				
Joliet and Chicago*...100	300,000	Quarterly	Apr. '67	2	59		Butler...50	500,000	Jun. & Dec.	Dec. '66	4	
Joliet and N. Indiana...100	900,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	4			Consolidation...100	1,633,354	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	
Lackawanna and Bloomsburg...50	1,325,000						Central...100	10,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	6	
Lehigh Valley...100	10,734,100	Quarterly	Apr. '67	2 1/2	118		Delaware and Hudson...100	2,987,412	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	
Lexington and Frankfort...100	514,648	May & Nov	Nov. '66	3			Monongahela Navigation Co...50	728,100	May & Nov	Nov. '66	5	110
Little Miami...100	3,572,400	June & Dec	Dec. '66	4			Morris (consolidated)...100	1,025,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	
Little Schuylkill*...100	2,646,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	2	59		do preferred...100	1,175,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	
Long Island...100	3,000,000	Quarterly	Feb. '67	2	59		do prefer. 50	1,908,207	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	3	44
Louisville and Frankfort...100	5,109,594	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	3			Wil					

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Allen Wright.....par 10			Hammond.....par 20		
Bemis Heights.....5			Hamilton McClintock.....		
Bennetton Run.....10	2 30	2 75	Ivanhoe.....2		
Bergen Coal and Oil.....10			Manhattan.....2		15
Bliven.....5			Mountain Oil.....		
Bradley Oil.....5			Natural.....5		
Brevort.....10			N. Y. & Alleghany.....5		
Brooklyn.....5			New York & Newark.....5		
Buchanan Farm.....10		19	N. Y. & Philadelphia.....5		
Central.....100	70	1 0	N. Y. Ph. & Bals. Cons.....1		
Cherry Run Petrol'm.....2			Oceanic.....10		
Cherry Run special.....5			Pit Hole Creek.....25		75
Clinton Oil.....10		1 30	Rynd Farm.....10	6	20
Empire City.....5			Second National.....10		
Excelsior.....5			Shade River.....5		
First National.....5			Union.....10		
Germania.....5			United Pet'l'm F'ms.....2	6	
Great Republic.....10			United States.....10	3 50	4 00
G't Western Consol.....10			Venango (N. Y.).....10		

INSURANCE ITEMS.

INSURANCE LOSSES AT ST. LOUIS.—The following are the insurance losses by the burning of the Lindell House at St. Louis:

ST. LOUIS COMPANIES.		OTHER COMPANIES.
Marine Insurance Co.	\$10,000	Salamanda Mutual.....\$10,000
United States.....	10,000	South St. Louis Mutual.....5,000
Union.....	10,000	Mound City Mutual.....10,000
Lumberman's & Mechanics'.....	10,000	Hope Mutual.....10,000
Tenth Ward Mutual.....	10,000	Occidental Mutual.....10,000
Globe Ins. Co.....	10,000	Jefferson Mutual.....5,000
State Mutual.....	10,000	St. Louis.....10,000
Atlantic.....	10,000	
Citizens'.....	10,000	Lorillard Ins. Co., N. Y.....10,000
Western Mutual.....	10,000	Market Ins. Co., N. Y.....5,000
Laclede Mutual.....	10,000	Excelsior Ins. Co., N. Y.....10,000
Missouri State Mutual.....	10,000	Security Ins. Co., N. Y.....5,000
Washington Mutual.....	5,000	Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia.....10,000
Phenix.....	10,000	Enterprise of Cincinnati.....10,000
Pacific.....	10,000	Merchant's Ins. Co., Chicago.....10,000
St. Louis Mutual.....	10,000	Phenix Ins. Co., Brooklyn.....10,000
Home Mutual.....	10,000	

Total.....\$295,000

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Adventure.....paid 3			Lafayette.....paid 1		
Zina.....11			Lake Superior.....2		
Albany & Boston.....25%			Madison.....6		
Algoma.....3			Mandan.....4 1/2		
Allouez.....1 1/2 5 60 6 00			Manhattan.....5 1/2		
American.....1			Mass.....4 1/2		
Amygdaloid.....17			Medora.....1%		
Atlas.....2			Mendota.....5		
Aztec.....4 1/2			Merrimac.....6 1/2		
Bay State.....13 1/2 5 00 7 00			Mesnard.....8		
Bohemian.....17 1/2			Milton.....1 1/2		
Boston.....2 1/2			Minnesota.....13 1/2		
Caledonia.....			National.....5 1/2		
Cainmet.....	30 06 40 00		Native.....2		
Canada.....	1 83 1 85		Naumkeag.....1		
Charter Oak.....			New Jersey Consol.....10		
Central.....5			New York.....		
Concord.....4 2 50 3 00			North Cliff.....4		
Copper Creek.....24 1/2 25 25 00			North Western.....11 1/2		
Copper Falls.....1			Northwich.....11		
Copper Harbor.....1			Ogima.....7		
Dacotah.....2 1/2			Pennsylvania*.....50		
Dana.....3 1/2			Petheric.....5 1/2		
Davidson.....1 30 1 80			Pewabic.....5 1/2		
Delaware.....20%			Piney.....13		
Dev'l.....1			Pittsburg & Boston.....5 1/2		
Dorchester.....1 1/2			Pontiac.....10 1/2		
Dudley.....1 1/2			Portage Lake.....		
Eagle River.....3 1/2 2 25			Princeton.....		
Edwards.....1 1/2			Providence.....		
Empire.....10			Quincy*.....10		
Everett.....1			Resolute.....6 1/2		
Evergreen Bluff.....5 1/2			Ridge.....8		
Excelsior.....			Rockland.....19		
Film Steel River.....9 1/2			St. Clair.....3		
Franklin.....8 1/2 19 50 20 00			St. Louis.....1		
French Creek.....			St. Mary's.....5 1/2		
Girard.....5			Salem.....1 1/2		
Great Western.....2			Seneca.....1		
Hamilton.....2			Sharon.....1/2		
Hancock.....17 1/2 5 00 5 50			Sheldon & Columbian.....21		
Hanover.....1 1/2 63 1 50			South Pewable.....1		
Hilton.....2 1/2			South Side.....2	1 00	1 25
Hope.....1 1/2			Star.....11 1/2	50	1 25
Hecla.....35 00 40 00			Superior.....8	2 25	2 50
Hulbert.....5 1/2 1 25 1 50			Toltec.....21		
Humboldt.....5			Tremont.....1 1/2		
Hungarian.....1			Victoria.....1 1/2		
Huron.....19 10 13 10 50			Vulcan.....6		
Indiana.....10			West Minnesota.....2 1/2		
Isle Royale*.....33			Winona.....3		
Keweenaw.....5			Winthrop.....4 1/2		75
Knowlton.....8					

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. + Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares.

† Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares.

‡ Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Albin.....par 10			Grass Valley.....par	2 50	2 00
Alameda Silver.....8 70	8 70		Gunnell.....10 4 25 4 70		
American Bag.....10 81 95			Gunnell Union.....50		
Atlantic & Pacific.....1 00 2 00			Holman.....2		
Ayres Mill & Mining.....50 1 25 2 00			Hope.....25		75
Bates & Baxter.....50 1 25 1 25			Keystone Silver.....1		2
Senton.....5 1 00 1 25					
Bob Tail.....1 00 3 00					
Boscombe Silver.....					
Burrough Consolidated.....					
Contra.....10					
Church Union.....					
Columbian G. & S. ....3 40 3 50					
Consolidated Colorado.....					
Consolidated Gregory.....100 9 00 9 15					
Corydon.....25 5 15 5 20					
Crescent.....					
Dew Moines.....					
Downsville.....1 8					
Echka.....					
Fall River.....					
First National.....					
Gilpin.....					
Gold Hill.....4 00					

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Copake Iron.....par 5			Tudor Lead.....par		
Foster Iron.....			Sacraum, L. S. & M. ....25		
Lake Superior Iron.....100			Walkin' Lead.....34 35		
Bucks County Lead.....5			Wallace Nickel.....5 10		
Denbo Lead.....			Wentworth.....25 10 00 13 00		
Manhan Lead.....			Washington.....20 5 00 5 10		
Phenix Lead.....			Washington + Br'klyn.....100 25 35 100		
Gold Hill.....			Smith & Farrelle.....20 3 00 5 10		
			Symonds Forks.....1 40		
			Texas.....20		
			Yellow Jacket.....5		

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Marked thus (*) are participating, and (+) write Marine Risks.		Dec. 31, 1866.	DIVIDEND.		
Capital.	Net as'ts	Periods.	Last paid.	Bid.	Last Sale.
Adriatic.....25	\$300,000	151,000	Jan. and July.		
Attn.....50	300,000	235,233	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 5	---
Union.....50	200,000	155,890	Jan. and July.	J. '67 3 2 3 2 3	---
Lumberman's & Mechanics'.....50	200,000	122,073	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 1	5
Tenth Ward Mutual.....50	200,000	232,127	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 5	40%
State Mutual.....50	200,000	257,753	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66 5	---
Atlantic (Br'klyn).....50	300,000	336,470	March and Sep.	Mar. '67 5	---
Baltic.....25	200,000	204,790	May and Nov.		
Beekman.....25	200,000	170,171	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66 4	33%
Bowery (N. Y.).....25	200,000	345,749	June and Dec.	Dec. '66 5	150
Broadway.....25	200,000	236,368	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67 6	---
Brooklyn.....17	153,000	238,506	do	Feb. '67 5	150
Central Park.....100	150,000	92,688	Jan. and July.	July '64 4	---
Citizens'.....20	300,000	384,266	do	July '64 5	---
City.....70	210,000	333,878	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67 7 3	107
Clinton.....100	250,000	275,591	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 5	---
Colombia*.....100	200,000	309,622	do	July '64 3 2	---
Commerce (Alb'y).....100	400,000	424,189	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66 5	60
Commercial.....50	200,000	238,657	do	Feb. '67 3 2	---
Continental*.....100	500,000	1,289,037	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 3 2	---
Corn Exchange.....50	400,000	404,178	March and Sep.	Mar. '67 5	---
Croton.....100	200,000	36,518	Jan. and July.	July '64 5	---
Eagle.....40	300,000	424,295	April and Oct.	Apr. '67 5	60
Empire City.....100	200,000	200,990	Jan. and July.	July '66 7	70
Excelsior.....50	200,000	229,276	do	Jan. '67 5	---
Exchange.....30	150,000	134,065	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67 5	106
Firemen's.....17	204,000	241,840	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 5	---
Firemen's Fund.....10	150,000	121,468	do	July '66 3 2	83
Firemen's Trust.....10	150,000	165,933	do	July '65 5	---
Fulton.....25	200,000	250,766	do	July '66 5	---
Gallatin.....50	150,000	149,689	May and Nov.		
Gebhard.....100	200,000	227,954	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67 5	---
Germania.....50	500,000	525,762	Jan. and July.	July '66 5	---
Globe.....50	200,000	200,015	do	Jan. '67 5	---
Great Western*.....100	1,000,000	2,385,657	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 3 2	121
Greenwich.....25	200,000	255,657	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66 5	60
Grocers'.....50	200,000	170,226	April and Oct.	Apr. '67 5	---
Guardian.....15	150,000	162,571	do	Jan. '67 5	---
Hanover.....50	400,000	419,952	do	Jan. '67 5	107
Hoffman.....50	200,000	152,249	do	July '66 5	---
Home.....100	2,000,000	2,271,387	do	Jan. '67 5	120
Hope.....50	200,000	200,000	do	July '65 5	---
Howard.....50	500,000	546,522	do	Jan. '67 5	123
Humboldt.....100	200,000	195,926	do	July '65 5	70
Import & Traders.....100	200,000	167,833	do	July '65 5	---
International.....100	1,000,000	800,604	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66 3 2	86
Irvine.....25	200,000	206,179	do	Feb. '67 5	---
Jefferson.....30	200,010	238,868	March and Sep.	Mar. '67 4	---
King Co'ty (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	176,678	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67 5	---
Knickerbocker.....40	200,000	302,741	do	Jan. '67 5	---
Lafayette (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	141,438	do	Jan. '67 5	---

Financial.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819. Charter Perpetual.

CAPITAL \$3,000,000.

L. J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets January 1, 1867 \$4,478,100 74

Liabilities 394,976 96

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE
BY FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY.

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

Security Insurance Co.,

No. 119 BROADWAY,

Cash Capital, One Million Dollars,
(\$1,000,000.)

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

A. F. HASTINGS, President.

FRANK W. BALLARD, Secretary.

Insurance.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS.)

49 WALL STREET.

ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1865 \$2,716,424 32

DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against Marine Risks on
Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland
Navigation Risks.Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return
premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't.

EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't.

ISAAC H. WALKER, Sec'y.

The Mercantile Mutual
INSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1867. \$1,861,349

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its
Policy-holders,

IN CASH.

a re payment on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent
in value to an average scrip dividend of

TWENTY PER CENT.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers,
based on the principle that all classes of risks
are equally profitable, this Company makes such
cash abatement or discount from the current rates,
when premiums are paid, as the general experience
of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits re-
mainning at the close of the year, will be divided to
the stockholders.This Company continues to make Insurance on
Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation
Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks
on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or
Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling,
at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liver-
pool.

TRUSTEES.

James Freeland, D. Colden Murray,
Samuel Willets, E. Haydock White,
Robert L. Taylor, N. L. McCready,
William T. Frost, Daniel T. Willets,
William Watt, L. Edgerton,
Henry Eye, Henry R. Kunhardt,
Cornelius Grinnell, John S. Williams,
Joseph Slagg, William Nelson, Jr.,
Jas. D. Fish, Charles Dison,
Geo. W. Hennings, A. William Heye,
Frances Hathaway, Harold Dillner,
Aaron L. Reid, Paul N. Spofford,
Ellwood Walter.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President
CHARLES NEWCOMB, Vice-President
C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Safes.

IMPORTANT
TO

BANKERS & MERCHANTS.

This Company offer for the consideration of Bank
ers, Merchants and those desiring the best burglar
proof security the following certificates:

OFFICE OF THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS, New York, 1st December, 1866.

MESSRS. LEWIS LILLIE & SON.

Gentlemen.—We have subjected the sample of
double chilled iron you furnished us to the most se-
vere tests (as regards drilling through it) we could
bring to bear upon it, and we think success.It is our opinion that it can only be penetrated by
the use of a large number of drills, and the expen-
sive of much power with days of time, and we
think it impossible for a burglar with his time and
power to penetrate it at all.

Yours truly,

ISAAC V. HOLMES, Supt.

LYMAN G. HALL, Foreman.

HINKLEY AND WILLIAMS WORKS, Boston, Mass., January 22, 1867.

We having made an attempt to drill a sample of
double chilled iron furnished us by Messrs. Lillie &
Son, and failed to penetrate it more than five-eighths
($\frac{5}{8}$) of an inch, after hours of labor, feel that we can
endorse the above Novelty Iron Works' certificate
in all particulars.

JARVIS WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 25, 1867.

MESSRS. LEWIS LILLIE & SON,

Gentlemen.—We have tried a sample of double-
chilled iron similar to that sent to the Novelty
Works, New York, and our experience with it is
about the same, viz.: that it can only be penetrated by
a long continued operation of the most skillful
mechanics and the best tools.

Very truly,

W. H. BECHTELL,

W. H. STRAHAN,

Foremen in Messrs. Merrick & Son's Southworth
Foundry, Philadelphia, Pa.

OFFICE UNION FOUNDRY WORKS, Chicago, Ill., March 13, 1867.

MESSRS. MURRAY & WINNE,

Agents Lillie Safe and Iron Co.,

Gentlemen.—We subjected the sample of new
combination of metals for safes sent us by you to
as thorough tests of the drill as we could, and failed
to penetrate the metal at all. We think it would
be impossible for burglars to enter the safes made of
this metal by means of the drill during the longest
time in ordinary business they could have access to
them—in fact, that the metal is proof against the
drill.

Truly yours,

N. S. BOUTON & CO.

OFFICE OF NORTHWESTERN MAN'S CO., Chicago, March 11, 1867.

MESSRS. MURRAY & WINNE,

Agents Lillie Safe and Iron Co.,

Gentlemen.—We subjected the sample you fur-
nished us of a new combination of metals to be
used in the manufacture of Lillie's Safes) to the se-
verest tests of our Power Drill, and with the best
tempered drills our skill and experience could
produce.After operating upon it with different drills sev-
eral hours without penetrating it more than half an
inch and at that point unable to make further pro-
gress, we became satisfied that if not utterly im-
penetrable, it would at least require days of time, a
large number of drills and machine power to pen-
etrate through it; and that it was entirely out of the
power of even the most skillful burglar to penetrate
a safe made of this material.

R. T. CRANE, President.

LILLIE'S

DOUBLE CHILLED AND WROUGHT IRON

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF
Safes.A full assortment of these unequalled Burglar-
proof Safes constantly on hand at our Warehouses.Also, sales of every description, designed for both
Fire and Burglar-proof security. The public are in-
vited to call and examine for themselves as to the
merits of our Safes.

Lillie Safe & Iron Co.,

LEWIS LILLIE, President,

198 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Insurance.

MARINE INSURANCE.

The Insurance Company of North
America, of Philadelphia.

INCORPORATED 1794. CAPITAL \$500,000.

Assets, Jan. 8, 1867, \$1,763,287 23.

Risks made binding and losses adjusted and paid
in New York.CATLIN & SATTERTHWAITE, Agents.
61 William Street.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. CO.,

NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL \$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1867 240,482 43

TOTAL ASSETS \$740,482 43

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL \$1,000,000

SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1865 270,353

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.
Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years,
253 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.

P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

NO. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st 1868.

Cash capital \$400,000 00

Surplus 156,303 98

Gross Assets \$556,303 98

Total Liabilities 24,550 00

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, President.

J. REMEEN LANE, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1866, OVER \$16,000,000 00

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

ISAAC ABBATT,

Secretary, JOHN M. STUART.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.

HOPE

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital \$200,000 00

Assets, March 5, 1866 232,357 23

Total Liabilities 26,850 00

Losses Paid 1st 1865 201,588 14

This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by
Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible
Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

Board of Directors:

HENRY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUMMINGS,
JOSEPH FOULKE, ROBERT SCHELL,
STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY,
THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT,
JACOB REESE, JOSEPH GRAFTON,
JNO. W. MERSEAREAU, L. B. WARD,
D. LYDIG SUYDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON,
WILLIAM REMSEN, AMOS ROBBINS,
HENRY S. LEVERICH.

JACOB REESE, President.

CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

REMOVAL.

The North American Life

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Will Remove to their New Offices,

229 BROADWAY, corner of Barclay st.,

on May 1st.

The office now occupied by them, 93 William
Street, corner Cedar is to Rep.

[April 13, 1867.]

Horns —Duty, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents ad val. Oz, Rio Grande... $\frac{1}{2}$ C 10 00 @ 10 25 Oz, American... 8 00 @ 10 00	India Rubber —Duty, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.
Para , <i>Fins</i> ... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 80 @ 1 65	Para , <i>Medium</i> ... 65 @ 70
Para , <i>Corse</i> ... 55	East India , <i>etc.</i> ... 55
Carthagena , <i>etc.</i>	Honduras , <i>etc.</i>
Indigo —Duty FREE . Bengal... (old) $\frac{1}{2}$ D 1 00 @ 1 65 Oude... (gold) 75 @ 1 25 Madras... (gold) 65 @ 90 Manila... (gold) 65 @ 1 10 Guatemala... (gold) 1 00 @ 1 20 Caracas... (gold) 70 @ 90	St. Domingo , ordinary logs... 7 @ 10 do Port-au-Platt, croches... 30 @ 40 do Port-au-Platt, logs... 12 @ 16 do Nuevitas... 12 @ 16 do Mansanilla... 12 @ 16 do Mexican... 15 @ 11 do Honduras... (American wood)... 14 @ 20 Cedar, Nuevitas... 14 @ 15 do Mansanilla... 14 @ 15 do Mexican... 10 @ 14 do Florida, $\frac{1}{2}$ c. ft. 50 @ 1 00 Rosewood, R. Jan $\frac{1}{2}$ D do Bahia... 4 @ 6
Iron —Duty, Bars, 1 to 14 cents ad val. Railroad, 70 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; Boiler and Plate, 14 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 12 to 14 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; Fig, $\frac{1}{2}$ D ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; Pig, Scotch, No. 1. $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 33 00 @ 41 00 Pig, American, No. 1... 2 00 @ ... Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer 85 @ 25 00 Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold)... 95 00 @ 100 00	Molasses .—See special report.
Bar Swedes , assorted sizes... @ 160 00 Bar, English and American, Refined... 110 @ 115 00 do do do Common 100 00 @ 95 00 Scroll... 1 0 0 @ 90 00 Oval and Half Round 1 5 00 @ 145 00 Band... 1 140 @ 0 Horse Shoe... 195 00 @ 200 Rods, 5-8-13-16 inch... 1 1 00 @ 172 30 Hoop... 145 00 @ 235 00 Nail Rod... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 9 @ 104 Sheet, Russia... 1 10 @ 1 1 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble... 51 @ 8 Rails, Eng. (g'd) $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 5 0 @ 6 ... do American... 92 50 @ 8 50	Nails —Duty: cut 14; wrought 24; horse shoe 2 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; Cut, 4d @ 60d. $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 6 00 @ 7 Clinch... 7 50 @ 7 75 Horse shoe, f'd (6d) $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 22 @ 30 Copper... 48 @ 20 Yellow metal... 25 @ 27 Zinc... 18 @ 20
Navy Stores —Duty: spirits of turpentine 26 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon; crude Turpentine, resin, pitch, and tar, 20 cents ad val. Turpentine, f. (280lb) 5 50 @ ... Tar, Am. rice... bbl 2 75 @ 8 25 Pi ch... 4 00 @ 4 25 Rosin, common... 4 00 @ do strained (No. 2)... 3 25 @ 4 87 do No. 1... 5 00 @ 7 00 do Pale and Extra (280lbs)... 8 00 @ 10 00 Spirits turp., Am. P. g. 77 @ 80	Rice —Duty: cleaned 24 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; paddy 10 cents, and uncleansed 2 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D. Carolina... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 100 @ 10 00 @ 10 75 East India, dressed... 9 25 @ 9 75
STOKE PRICES — Bar Swedes, assorted sizes... @ 160 00 Bar, English and American, Refined... 110 @ 115 00 do do do Common 100 00 @ 95 00 Scroll... 1 0 0 @ 90 00 Oval and Half Round 1 5 00 @ 145 00 Band... 1 140 @ 0 Horse Shoe... 195 00 @ 200 Rods, 5-8-13-16 inch... 1 1 00 @ 172 30 Hoop... 145 00 @ 235 00 Nail Rod... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 9 @ 104 Sheet, Russia... 1 10 @ 1 1 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble... 51 @ 8 Rails, Eng. (g'd) $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 5 0 @ 6 ... do American... 92 50 @ 8 50	Salt —Duty: sack, 24 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 100 D; bulk, 18 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 100 D; Turk Islands $\frac{1}{2}$ bush. 52 @ .. Cadiz... 1 10 @ 1 10 Liverpool, grnd & sack 1 14 @ 2 40 do fine, Ashton (s'c'd) 2 60 @ ... do fine, Worthing's... 2 20 Onondaga, comine bls. 2 50 @ 2 60 do do 210 lbs. 1 90 @ 2 00 do do bush. 45 @ 50 Solar coarse... 54 @ 56 Fine screened... 50 @ 52 do Pkg. 3 @ 3 00 F. F. 240 lbs. 2 55 @ 3 00
Saltpetre —Duty: crude, 24 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent $\frac{1}{2}$ D. Keined, pure... $\frac{1}{2}$ D ... do Marsailles... 1 25 @ 1 60 Sherry do... 1 25 @ 1 60 Malaga, sweet... 1 10 @ 1 13 do dry... 1 10 @ 1 13 Claret, in hds... do 33 00 @ 150 00 do in cases... do 2 40 @ 30 00 Champagne... do 11 00 @ 25 00	Brandy — J. & F. Martell (gold) 5 10 @ 9 00 Hennessy... (gold) 5 25 @ 1 00 Otard, Dup. & Co. do 4 90 @ 13 00 Pinet, Castil, & Co. do 4 50 @ 17 00 Renault & Co. do 5 25 @ 16 00 J. Vassal & Co. do 5 00 @ 14 00 Jules Robin... do ... @ ... Marrette & Co. do 4 90 @ 10 00 Vine Grow. & Co. do 5 25 @ 9 50 Leger freres... do 5 00 @ 10 00 Other br'ds Cog. do 4 75 @ 7 00 Pellevoisin freres do 4 85 @ ... A. Seignette... do 4 85 @ ... Hiv. Pellevoisin do 4 85 @ ... Alex. Seignette do 4 85 @ ... Arzac Seignette do 4 85 @ ... J. Romieux... do 4 75 @ ... Rum-Jamaica... do 4 50 @ 6 80 St. Croix... do 3 50 @ 3 65 Gin-Differ. brands do 3 00 @ 4 75 Dom's—N.E. Rum, cur. do ... Bourbon Whisky, cur. ... Corn Whisky (n.b. nd) 30 @ 33 Wines—Port... (gold) 2 @ 6 00 Burgundy Port do 9 00 @ 1 70 Sherry do 1 90 @ 9 00 Madeira... 20 do Marsailles... 1 25 @ 1 60 Sherry do... 1 25 @ 1 60 Malaga, sweet... 1 10 @ 1 13 do dry... 1 10 @ 1 13 Claret, in hds... do 33 00 @ 150 00 do in cases... do 2 40 @ 30 00 Champagne... do 11 00 @ 25 00
Wire —Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered 92 to \$3 5; $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 100 D, and 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val. No. 0 to 18... 15 @ 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent off list. No. 19 to 26... 25 @ 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent off list. No. 27 to 36... 30 @ 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent off list. Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 9 @ 10 Brass (less 15 per cent) 47 @ ... Copper do... 57 @ ...	Wire —Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered 92 to \$3 5; $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 100 D, and 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val. No. 0 to 18... 15 @ 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent off list. No. 19 to 26... 25 @ 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent off list. No. 27 to 36... 30 @ 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent off list. Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 9 @ 10 Brass (less 15 per cent) 47 @ ... Copper do... 57 @ ...
Lead —Duty, Pig, $\frac{1}{2}$ D 100 D; Old Lead, 14 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; Pipe and Sheet, 2 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D.	Shot —Duty: 24 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D. Drop... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 104 @ ... Buck... 11 @ 6
Leather —Duty: sole 35, upper 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.	Silk —Duty: free. All thrown silk, 33 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Leather —Duty: sole 35, upper 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.	Tsatees, No. 1 @ 3. $\frac{1}{2}$ D 12 00 @ 12 75 Tsaysans, superior, No. 1 @ ... 1 00 @ 11 25 do medium, No. 3 @ 4. 9 00 @ 10 10 Canton, reeal, No. 1 @ 2. 9 00 @ 9 25 Japan, superior... 11 50 @ 13 00 do Medium... 10 00 @ 10 50 China thrown... 1 00 @ 3 00
Leather —Duty: sole 35, upper 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.	Skins —Duty: 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.
Leather —Duty: sole 35, upper 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.	Goat, Curacao $\frac{1}{2}$ D gold 32 @ 41 do Buenos A... gold 84 @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ do Vera Cruz... gold ... @ 4 do Tampico... gold ... @ 4 do Matamoras... gold ... @ 4 do Payta... gold 84 @ 36 do Madras... gold 47 @ 50 do Cape... gold 28 @ 31 Deer, San Juan $\frac{1}{2}$ D gold 50 @ 51 do Bolivar... gold ... @ 4 do Honduras... gold 57 @ 64 do Sisal... gold 55 @ 57 $\frac{1}{2}$ do Para... gold 62 @ 67 do Vera Cruz... gold ... @ 4 do Puerto Cab... gold ... @ 4
Paints —Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; Paru white and whiting, 1 cent $\frac{1}{2}$ D; dry ochres, 56 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ ton: oxides of zinc, 13 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ ton: ochre, ground in oil, 2 50 @ 100 D; Spanish brown 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val; China clay, \$5 $\frac{1}{2}$ ton; Venetian red and vermilion 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val; white chalk, \$10 $\frac{1}{2}$ ton. Litharge, City... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 11 @ 12 Lead, red, City... 11 @ 12 do white, American, pure, in oil... 1 @ 14 do white, American, pure, dry... 12 @ 18 Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1... 9 @ 10 do white, American, No. 1, in oil... 10 @ 11 do white, French, in oil... 14 @ 15 Ochre, yellow, French, dry... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 2 37 @ 3 00 do gr'd in oil... 8 @ 10 Spanish brown, dry $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 1 20 @ 1 50 do gr'd in oil... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 8 @ 9 Paris, No. 1 @ 100 D 2 75 @ 3 00 White, Amer... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 1 27 @ 24 Vermillion, Chinese $\frac{1}{2}$ D 1 25 @ 1 35 do Trieste... 1 05 @ 1 10 do Cal. & Eng... 1 87 @ 1 40 English b'ister... 11 @ 20 English b'ister... 11 @ 20 English machinery... 18 @ 16	
Lime —Duty: 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val. Rockland, com. $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl... 1 0 @ 1 85 do heavy... ... @ 2 20	Soup —Duty: 1 cent $\frac{1}{2}$ D, and 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.
Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc. —Duty: Lumber, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Staves, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE .	Castile... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 17 @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Spruce , East, $\frac{1}{2}$ M ft 21 00 @ 28 00 Southern Pine... 40 00 @ 45 00 White Pine Box B'ds 30 00 @ 33 00 White Pine Merch. Box Boards... 38 00 @ 38 00 Clear Pine... 80 00 @ 100 00 Laths, Eastern, $\frac{1}{2}$ M 8 25 @ ... Poplar and White wood B'ds & Pl'k. 55 00 @ 65 00 Cherry B'ds & Plank 80 00 @ 90 00 Oak and Ash... 60 00 @ 65 00 Maple and Birch... 35 00 @ 40 00 Black Walnut... 100 00 @ 120 00	Spelter —Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1. 50 $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 100 D.
STAVES —White oak, pipe, ext'a, $\frac{1}{2}$ M... 600 00 do pipe, heavy... 625 00 do pipe, light... 600 00 do pipe, cul's... 120 00 @ 180 00 do hhd, extra... 250 00 do hhd, heavy... 220 00 do hhd, light... 120 00 do hhd, cul's... 100 00 do bbl, extra... 175 00 do bbl, heavy... 140 00 do bbl, light... 110 00 do bbl, cul's... 60 00 Red oak, hhd, h'vy... 180 00 do hhd, light... 90 00	Spices .—See special report.
HEADING —White oak, hhd... 150 00 Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood—Duty free. Mahogany St. Domingo, scotches, $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 25 @ 30	Steel —Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D or under, 24 cents; over 7 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D and not above 11, 3 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ D; and 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val. (Store prices). English, cast, $\frac{1}{2}$ D... 18 @ 23 German, red... 11 @ 16 American, spring... 12 @ 15 Amer. e.m. cast... 19 @ 20 English, spring... 10 1/2 @ 14 English b'ister... 11 @ 20 English machinery... 18 @ 16
Teas .—See special report.	Tin —Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 25 per cent, ad val.
Petroleum —Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon. Crude, 40c @ 47 grn. g. bbl. 16 @ 20 Naphtha, refined... 12 @ 27 Naphtha, refined... 12 @ 27 Residuum... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. 4 50 @ 5 00	Banks... $\frac{1}{2}$ D (gold) 25 @ 25 Straits... (gold) 22 @ 25 English... (gold) 16 @ 24 Plates, char. I.C. $\frac{1}{2}$ box 12 50 @ 18 00 do L. C. Coke... 10 00 @ 12 00 do Terne Charcoal 11 50 @ 12 25 do Terne Coke... 9 25 @ 9 50
Plaster Paris —Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val. Blue Nova Scotia $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 3 @ 4 50 White Nova Scotia $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 5 00 @ 5 50 Calcined, eas'ern $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl... 12 00 @ 2 40 Calcined city mill's... 12 @ 2 50	Tobacco .—See special report.
Provisions —Duty: beef and pork, 1 cent; jams, bacon, and lard, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ D. Beef, plain mess $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. 12 00 @ 20 00 do extra mess... 19 00 @ 23 00 Pork, mess, new... 25 00 @ 28 25 do mess Old... 31 00 @ 32 00	Wines and Liquors —Liquors—Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$8 per gallon, other liquors, \$2.50. WINES—Duty: value net over 50 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon, 20 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon and 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad valorem; over \$5 and not over 100, 50 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon and 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad valorem; over \$1 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon, \$1 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon and 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.
Tallow —Duty: 1 cent $\frac{1}{2}$ D. American, prime, country and city $\frac{1}{2}$ D... 11 @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	Freights — To LIVERPOOL: $\frac{1}{2}$ d. a. Cotton... $\frac{1}{2}$ D ... @ ... Flour... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... Petroleum... ... @ ... Heavy goods... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 10 00 @ 5 00 Oil... ... @ ... Corn, b'k & bags $\frac{1}{2}$ D 10 00 @ 5 00 Wheat, bulk and bags... ... @ ... Beef... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton... @ ... Pork... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... To LONDON: Heavy goods... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 16 0 @ 17 6 Oil... ... @ 25 0 Flour... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... Petroleum... ... @ ... Heavy goods... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 10 0 @ 5 00 Oil... ... @ ... Corn, b'k & bags $\frac{1}{2}$ D 10 00 @ 5 00 Wheat, bulk and bags... ... @ ... Beef... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton... @ ... Pork... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... To GLASGOW (By Steam): Flour... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... Wheat... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... Corn, bulk and bags... ... @ ... Petroleum (as'l) $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... Heavy goods... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 20 0 @ 10 0 Oil... ... @ ... Beef... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton... @ ... Pork... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. ... @ ... To HAVRE: $\frac{1}{2}$ d. a. Cotton... $\frac{1}{2}$ D ... @ ... Beef and pork, $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. 1 00 @ 1 00 Measurement, g'ds... $\frac{1}{2}$ ton 10 0 @ 5 00 Petroleum... ... @ ... Lard, tallow, cut m't etc... $\frac{1}{2}$ D 5 6 @ 6 0 Ashes, potash pearl... 8 @ 10

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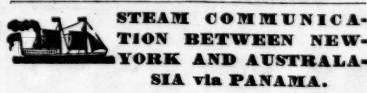
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Of all sizes and capacity, ranging from 60 to 1,000 bushels per hour; built of Iron, and warranted to shell clean in any condition of grain, and clean the corn in superior condition for the Mill or Market.

Over 500 in Daily Use.

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